## Package 'ssrm.logmer'

October 14, 2022

Title Sample Size Determination for Longitudinal Designs with Binary Outcome

Version 0.1

**Description** Provides the necessary sample size for a longitudinal study with binary outcome in order to attain a pre-specified power while strictly maintaining the Type I error rate. Kapur K, Bhaumik R, Tang XC, Hur K, Reda DJ, Bhaumik D (2014) <doi:10.1002/sim.6203>.

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0)

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Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

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Imports statmod, stats, sfsmisc

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

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**Repository** CRAN

Date/Publication 2018-02-14 19:18:30 UTC

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ssrm.logmer

#### Description

Provides the necessary sample size for a longitudinal study with binary outcome in order to attain a pre-specified power while strictly maintaining the Type I error rate. The sample size computation requires the user to define a column of design matrix relating to the slope of time as a monotonic function of time, such as linear, log, sqrt etc., along with the respective beta parameters. The underlying model is assumed to be a two-level logistic mixed-effects regression model with random intercept and/or slope of time to account for within-subject correlations and between-subject variability. Gaussian quadrature is used to compute the marginal likelihood integrals and to evaluate Fisher Information matrix.

#### Usage

ssrm.logmer(nt = NULL, Xd = NULL, betap = NULL, var.ri = NULL, var.rs = NULL, cov.is = NULL, ratio = NULL, xi1 = NULL, xi2 = NULL, ...)

#### Arguments

nt	number of time-points.
Xd	design column for the slope of time (monotonic function of time).
betap	vector of beta parameters (b0=Intercept, b1=slope of time for control, b3=group difference at time 0 between treatment and control groups, b4=main parameter of interest which captures difference between the slope parameters of treatment and control groups).
var.ri	variance of random intercept.
var.rs	variance of random slope.
cov.is	covariance of intercept and slope.
ratio	proportion of subjects in the control group out of the total sample.
xi1	attrition vector of the control group. The elements of attrition vector should sum to 1.
xi2	attrition vector of the treatment group. The elements of attrition vector should sum to 1.
	optional arguments alpha, power, tail, num.quad.

#### Details

Attrition vector: This package allows for the specification of different attrition vectors for the control and treatment group. The element of attrition vector should sum to 1.

#### ssrm.logmer

#### Value

results

#### References

Kapur K, Bhaumik R, Charlene Tang X, Hur K, Reda DJ, Bhaumik DK (2014) <doi:10.1002/sim.6203>. Sample size determination for longitudinal designs with binary response. Stat Med 33(22):3781-3800.

#### Examples

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