Package 'sampbias'

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Type Package

Title Evaluating Geographic Sampling Bias in Biological Collections

Version 2.0.0

Description Evaluating the biasing impact of geographic features such as air-

ports, cities, roads, rivers in datasets of coordinates based biological collection datasets, by Bayesian estimation of the parameters of a Poisson process. Enables also spatial visualization of sampling bias and includes a set of convenience functions for publication level plotting. Also available as 'shiny' app. The reference for the methodology is: Zizka et al. (2020) <doi:10.1111/ecog.05102>.

Language en-gb

License GPL-3

URL https://github.com/azizka/sampbias

BugReports https://github.com/azizka/sampbias/issues

Depends R(>= 3.5.0)

Imports cowplot, dplyr, forcats, ggplot2, graphics, magrittr, methods, rlang, tidyr, viridis, terra, sf, rnaturalearth

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area_example

Example Dataset for a Custom Study Area

Description

An example of the format needed to provide custom areas for calculate_bias

Usage

area_example

Format

An object of class sf (inherits from data.frame) with 2 rows and 1 columns.

Examples

data(area_example)

borneo

Description

The outline of Borneo, as example data for the user-defined study area option of calculate_bias. From https://www.naturalearthdata.com.

Usage

borneo

Format

An object of class sf (inherits from data.frame) with 1 rows and 3 columns.

Examples

data(borneo)

calculate_bias Evaluating Sampling Bias in Species Distribution Data

Description

The major function of the package, calculating the bias effect of sampling bias due to geographic structures, such as the vicinity to cities, airports, rivers and roads. Results are projected to space, and can be compared numerically.

Usage

```
calculate_bias(
    x,
    gaz = NULL,
    res = 1,
    buffer = NULL,
    restrict_sample = NULL,
    terrestrial = TRUE,
    inp_raster = NULL,
    mcmc_rescale_distances = 1000,
    mcmc_iterations = 1e+05,
    mcmc_burnin = 20000,
    mcmc_outfile = NULL,
    prior_q = c(1, 0.01),
```

```
prior_w = c(1, 1),
plot_raster = FALSE,
verbose = FALSE,
run_null_model = FALSE,
use_hyperprior = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

x	an object of the class data.frame, with one species occurrence record per line, and at least three columns, named 'species', 'decimalLongitude', and 'decimalLatitude'.
gaz	a list of geographic gazetteers as SpatVector or sf. If NULL, a set of de- fault gazetteers, representing large scale occurrence of airports, cities, rivers, and roads is used. See Details.
res	numerical. The raster resolution for the distance calculation to the geographic features and the data visualization, in decimal degrees. The default is to one degree, but higher resolution will be desirable for most analyses. res together with the extent of the input data determine computation time and memory requirements.
buffer	numerical. The size of the geographic buffer around the extent of ras for the dis- tance calculations in degrees, to account for geographic structures neighbouring the study area (such as a road right outside the study area). Should be a multiple of res. Default is to res * 10. See Details.
restrict_sample	
	a SpatVector object. If provided the area for the bias test will be restricted to raster cells within these polygons (and the extent of the sampled points in x). Make sure to use adequate values for res. Default = NULL.
terrestrial	logical. If TRUE, the empirical distribution (and the output maps) are restricted to terrestrial areas. Uses the rnaturalearth:::ne_countries to define what is terrestrial. Default = TRUE.
inp_raster	an object of class SpatRaster. A template raster for the counts and distance cal- culation. Can be used to provide a special resolution, or for different coordinate reference systems. See vignette.
<pre>mcmc_rescale_di</pre>	stances
	numerical. rescaling factor for the distance calculation
<pre>mcmc_iterations</pre>	
	numerical. the number of iterations for the MCMC, by default 100,000
<pre>mcmc_burnin</pre>	numerical. the burn-in for the MCMC, default is to 20,000
<pre>mcmc_outfile</pre>	character string. the path on where to write the results of the MCMC, optional.
prior_q	the gamma prior for the sampling rate \$q\$, which represents the expected num- ber of occurrences per cell in the absence of biases. In the format c(shape,rate).
prior_w	the gamma prior for the steepness of the Poisson rate decline, such that w approximating 0 results in a null model of uniform sampling rate q across cells. In the format c(shape,rate).

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calculate_bias

plot_raster	logical. If TRUE, a plot of the occurrence raster is shown for diagnostic purposes. Default = FALSE
verbose	logical. If TRUE, progress is reported. Default = FALSE.
run_null_model	logical. Run a null model with bias weights set to zero.
use_hyperprior	logical. If TRUE a hyperprior on the bias weights is used for regularization to avoid over-parametrization.

Details

The default gazetteers delivered with the package are simplified from http://www.naturalearthdata.com/downloads/. They include major features, and for small scale analyses custom gazetteers should be used.

For computational convenience, the gazetteers are cropped to the extent of the point occurrence data sets. To account for the fact, that, relevant structures might lay directly outside this extent, but still influencing the distribution of samples in the study area, the buffer option, gives the area, around the extent that should be included in the distance calculation.

Visit https://github.com/azizka/sampbias/wiki for more information on distance calculation and the algorithm behind sampbias.

Value

An object of the S3-class 'sampbias', which is a list including the following objects:

summa	A list of summary statistics for the sampbias analyses, including the total num- ber of occurrence points in x, the total number of species in x, the extent of the output rasters as well as the settings for res, binsize, and convexhull used in the analyses.
occurrences	a SpatRaster indicating occurrence records per grid cell, with resolution res.
species	a SpatRaster with indicating the number of species per grid cell, with resolution res.
biasmaps	a list of SpatRaster, with the same length as gaz. Each element is the spatial projection of the bias effect for a sources of bias in gaz. The last raster in the list is the average over all bias sources.
biastable	a data.frame, with the estimated bias effect for each bias source in gaz, at the distances specified by biasdist.

Note

Check https://github.com/azizka/sampbias/wiki for a tutorial on sampbias.

See Also

summary.sampbias is.sampbias plot.sampbias

Examples

dis_rast

Distance Rasters from a List of Geographic Gazetteers

Description

Creates a list of distances rasters based on a list of geographic gazetteers, as SpatVector objects, and a template SpatRaster, indicating the desired extent and resolution.

Usage

dis_rast(gaz, ras, buffer = NULL)

Arguments

gaz	an object of the class list, including one or more geographic gazetteers of the class ${\tt SpatVector}.$
ras	an object of the class ${\tt SpatRaster}.$ Defining the extent and resolution of the distances rasters.
buffer	numerical. The size of the geographic buffer around the extent of ras for the distance calculations in degrees, to account for geographic structures neighbouring the study area (such as a road right outside the study area) Default is to the resolution of ras.

Value

a list of SpatRaster objects of the same length as gaz. The values in each raster correspond to the planar geographic distance to the next feature in gaz, given the resolution of ras

Note

Check https://github.com/azizka/sampbias/wiki for a tutorial on sampbias.

ea_raster

See Also

calculate_bias

Examples

ea_raster Equal Area Raster

Description

An example for an global equal area raster (in Behrmann projection) for the format needed for a custom grid provided to calculate_bias.

Usage

ea_raster

Format

An object of class PackedSpatRaster of length 1.

Examples

```
data(ea_raster)
ea_raster <- terra::unwrap(ea_raster)</pre>
```

ecoregion_example

Description

An example of the format needed to provide custom areas for calculate_bias based on a publicly available set of global ecoregions.

Usage

```
ecoregion_example
```

Format

An object of class sf (inherits from data.frame) with 7 rows and 22 columns.

Source

https://www.worldwildlife.org/publications/terrestrial-ecoregions-of-the-world

Examples

data(ecoregion_example)

is.sampbias

Is Method for Class sampbias

Description

Check class of sampbias objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sampbias'
is(object, class2 = "sampbias")
```

Arguments

object	an object of the class sampbias
class2	the names of the class to which is relations are to be examined defined, or (more
	efficiently) the class definition objects for the classes.

map_bias

Details

With two arguments, tests whether object can be treated as from class2. With one argument, returns all the super-classes of this object's class.

Value

The function returns a logical indicating whether the object is a is of the class sampbias.

Examples

map_bias

Mapping Projected Bias Effects

Description

A plotting function to visualize the effect of accessibility bias caused by different biasing factors in space.

Usage

map_bias(x, gaz = NULL, sealine = TRUE, type = "sampling_rate")

Arguments

	a material as concrete by project bios
х	a raster stack as generate by project_bias
gaz	a list of SpatialObjects, to be printed on the maps. Should be the same objects provided to calculate_bias when creating the Object. If gaz is not supplied, the sampbias package standard gazetteers are used.
sealine	logical. Should the coastline be added to the plots? Default is to TRUE.
type	character vector. One of c("sampling_rate", "log_sampling_rate", "diff_to_max"). If "sampling_rate". the plot shows the raw projected sampling rate depending on the biasing factors, if "log_sampling_rate", the plot shows the log10 transformed sampling rate, and if "diff_to_max", the relative deviation of sampling rate from the maximum rate as calculated using calculate_bias and projected using project_bias. For instance, a value of -25 indicates a drop of 25 (e.g. in a road on river flowing through the city airport).

Value

A series of R plots based on ggplot2.

See Also

calculate_bias, project_bias

Examples

```
map_bias(proj)
```

plot.sampbias

Plotting the Posterior Estimates of the Bias Weights

Description

Plotting method for class sampbias, generating a box-whiskers-plot showing the bias weights for all biasing factors indicating the effect strength for each gazetteer provided to calculate_bias.

Usage

S3 method for class 'sampbias'
plot(x, ...)

Arguments

Х	an object of the class sampbias.
	Additional arguments passed to summary.

Value

A plot

See Also

calculate_bias, summary.sampbias

project_bias

Examples

Projecting Bias Effects in Space

Description

Uses the the estimated bias weights from a sampbias object to project the bias through space, using the same raster as used for the distance calculation.#'

Usage

project_bias(x, factors = NULL)

Arguments

х	an object of the class sampbias.
factors	a character vector indicating which biasing factors to project

Value

A raster stack, with the same length as the number of biasing factors used in calculate_bias. The names indicate the factors included for each layer.

See Also

calculate_bias, summary.sampbias

Examples

```
out <- calculate_bias(x = occ, terrestrial = TRUE)
proj <- project_bias(out)</pre>
```

summary.sampbias Summary Method for Class sampbias

Description

Summary method for objects of the class sampbias.

Usage

S3 method for class 'sampbias'
summary(object, ...)

Arguments

object	An object of the class sampbias
	Additional arguments passed to summary.

Value

Summary printed to screen.

See Also

calculate_bias is.sampbias plot.sampbias

Examples

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