

Package ‘romic’

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Type Package

Title R for High-Dimensional Omic Data

Version 1.1.3

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Description Represents high-dimensional data as tables of features, samples and measurements, and a design list for tracking the meaning of individual variables. Using this format, filtering, normalization, and other transformations of a dataset can be carried out in a flexible manner. ‘romic’ takes advantage of these transformations to create interactive ‘shiny’ apps for exploratory data analysis such as an interactive heatmap.

Depends R (>= 3.2.3)

biocViews

Imports checkmate, cli, dplyr, ggplot2, glue, purrr, readr, reshape2, rlang, shiny (>= 1.5.0), stringr, tibble, tidyverse (>= 1.0.0)

Suggests knitr, impute, lazyeval, plotly, rmarkdown, usethis, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

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<i>add_pcs</i>	<i>Add PCA Loadings</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Add Principal Components Analysis Loadings to a tidy or triple omics dataset.

Usage

```
add_pcs(  
  tomic,  
  value_var = NULL,  
  center_rows = TRUE,  
  npcs = NULL,  
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples",  
  label_percent_varex = TRUE,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>
<code>center_rows</code>	center rows before performing PCA

npes number of principal component loadings to add to samples (default is number of samples)

missing_val_method
Approach to remove missing values:
drop_features Drop features with missing values
drop_samples Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features
impute Impute missing values

label_percent_varex
If true then PCs will be labelled by the percent of variability they explain.

verbose extra reporting messages

Value

A `tomic` object with principal components added to samples.

Examples

```
add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npes = 5)
```

Description

Using shiny comb through datasets by iterating between plotting steps, and lassoing steps to select points of interest.

Usage

```
app_flow(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  # library(reactlog)  
  # reactlog_enable()  
  app_flow(brauer_2008_triple)  
  # shiny::reactlogShow()  
}
```

app_heatmap

Interactive Heatmap

Description

Generate a shiny interactive heatmap that allows for on demand filtering, ordering and faceting by variables of interest.

Usage

```
app_heatmap(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_heatmap(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

app_pcs*PC Plot*

Description

Generate a Shiny interactive scatter plot which allows visualization of features, measurements, and samples (with principal components added).

Usage

```
app_pcs(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  app_pcs(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

brauer_2008*Brauer 2008*

Description

An RNA expression (microarray) dataset looking at how yeast gene expression changes as nutrient sources and nutrient richness changes.

[brauer_2008](#) formatted as a tidy_omic object

[brauer_2008](#) formatted as a triple_omic object

Usage

```
brauer_2008
```

```
brauer_2008_tidy
```

```
brauer_2008_triple
```

Format

A tibble with 18,000 rows and 8 columns:

name Common gene name

BP Gene ontology biological process of the gene

MF Gene ontology molecular function of the gene

sample Sample name

nutrient Which nutrient limits growth (Glucose, Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Sulfur, Uracil, Leucine)

DR Dilution rate of the culture - basically how fast the cells are growing

expression Expression level of the gene, log2 observation relative to a replicate of G0.3

An object of class `tidy_omic` (inherits from `tomic`, `general`) of length 2.

An object of class `triple_omic` (inherits from `tomic`, `general`) of length 4.

Details

This version of the dataset contains only 500 genes randomly selected from the ~6K genes in the complete dataset.

Source

<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/17959824/>

center_tomic

Center T Omic*

Description

Center each measurement by subtracting the mean.

Usage

```
center_tomic(tomic, measurement_vars = "all")
```

Arguments

`tomic` Either a `tidy_omic` or `triple_omic` object

`measurement_vars`

measurement variables to center

Value

A `tomic` object where one or more measurements have been centered on a feature-by-feature basis.

Examples

```
center_tomic(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

`check_tidy_omic` *Check Tidy Omic*

Description

Check a tidy omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the `tidy_omic/tomic` specification.

Usage

```
check_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class <code>tidy_omic</code> produced by create_tidy_omic
<code>fast_check</code>	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a <code>tomic</code> object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

`check_tomic` *Check T*Omic*

Description

Check a tidy or triple 'omic object for common pathologies, such as a mismatch between data and schema and non-uniqueness of primary keys.

Usage

```
check_tomic(tomic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>fast_check</code>	if TRUE then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a <code>tomic</code> object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

Examples

```
check_tomic(brauer_2008_triple)
```

check_triple_omic *Check Triple Omic*

Description

Check a triple omic dataset for consistency between the data and design and validate that the dataset follows the `triple_omic/tomic` specification.

Usage

```
check_triple_omic(triple_omic, fast_check = TRUE)
```

Arguments

- `triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
`fast_check` if `TRUE` then skip some checks which are slow and that are generally only needed when a `tomic` object is first created.

Value

0 invisibly

convert_wide_to_tidy_omic
 Convert Wide to Tidy Omic

Description

Convert a wide dataset of species' abundances (gene product, metabolites, lipids, ...) into a `triple_omic` dataset (one observation per row)

Usage

```
convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(  
    wide_df,  
    feature_pk,  
    feature_vars = NULL,  
    sample_var = "sample",  
    measurement_var = "abundance",  
    omic_type_tag = "general",  
    verbose = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>wide_df</code>	a data.frame (or tibble) containing 1+ columns of feature attributes and many columns of samples
<code>feature_pk</code>	A unique identifier for features
<code>feature_vars</code>	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
<code>sample_var</code>	variable name to use for samples
<code>measurement_var</code>	variable name to use for measurements
<code>omic_type_tag</code>	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general
<code>verbose</code>	extra reporting messages

Value

A tidy_omic object as produced by `create_tidy_omic`.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

wide_measurements <- brauer_2008_triple[["measurements"]] %>%
  tidyr::spread(sample, expression)

wide_df <- brauer_2008_triple[["features"]] %>%
  left_join(wide_measurements, by = "name")

convert_wide_to_tidy_omic(wide_df,
  feature_pk = "name",
  feature_vars = c("BP", "MF", "systematic_name")
)
```

`create_tidy_omic` *Create Tidy Omic*

Description

A tidy omics object contains a formatted dataset and a summary of the experimental design.

Usage

```
create_tidy_omic(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  feature_vars = NULL,
```

```

  sample_pk,
  sample_vars = NULL,
  omic_type_tag = "general",
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

Arguments

df	a data.frame (or tibble) containing some combination of feature, sample and observation-level variables
feature_pk	A unique identifier for features
feature_vars	a character vector of additional feature-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
sample_pk	A unique identifier for samples
sample_vars	a character vector of additional sample-level variables (or NULL if there are no additional variables)
omic_type_tag	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general
verbose	extra reporting messages

Value

An S3 tidy_omic/tomic object built on a list:

data A tibble with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)

design A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:

- feature_pk** variable specifying a unique feature
- sample_pk** variable specifying a unique sample
- features** tibble of feature attributes
- samples** tibble of sample attributes
- measurements** tibble of measurement attributes

Examples

```

library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(

```

```

sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
raw_tidy_omic <- triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)$data

create_tidy_omic(raw_tidy_omic,
  feature_pk = "feature_id",
  feature_vars = "feature_group", sample_pk = "sample_id",
  sample_vars = "sample_group"
)

```

create_triple_omic *Create Triple Omic*

Description

A triple omics class contains three data.frames, one for features, one for samples, and one for abundances. This is a good format when there is a large amount of meta data associated with features or samples.

Usage

```

create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df,
  feature_df = NULL,
  sample_df = NULL,
  feature_pk,
  sample_pk,
  omic_type_tag = "general"
)

```

Arguments

<code>measurement_df</code>	A data.frame (or tibble) of measurements - one row for each combination of feature and sample
<code>feature_df</code>	A data.frame (or tibble) of features - one row per feature
<code>sample_df</code>	A data.frame (or tibble) of samples - one row per sample
<code>feature_pk</code>	A unique identifier for features
<code>sample_pk</code>	A unique identifier for samples
<code>omic_type_tag</code>	an optional subtype of omic data: metabolomics, lipidomics, proteomics, genomics, general

Details

for now primary keys are unique (rather than allowing for a multi-index)

Value

An S3 `triple_omic/tomic` object built on a list:

features A tibble of feature meta-data (one row per feature)

samples A tibble of sample meta-data (one row per sample)

measurements A tibble with one row per measurement (i.e., features x samples)

design A list which organized the dataset's meta-data:

feature_pk variable specifying a unique feature

sample_pk variable specifying a unique sample

features tibble of feature attributes

samples tibble of sample attributes

measurements tibble of measurement attributes

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyrr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
```

`downsample_heatmap` *Downsample Heatmap*

Description

Combine rows to speed up rendering of large heatmaps

Usage

```
downsample_heatmap(
  tidy_data,
  value_var,
  design,
  max_display_features = 1000,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>tidy_data</code>	The data frame from a <code>tidy_omic</code> object containing ordered feature and sample primary keys defined by <code>ordered_featureId</code> and <code>ordered_sampleId</code> .
<code>value_var</code>	which variable in "measurements" to use for quantification.
<code>design</code>	a list summarizing the design of the tidy dataset
<code>max_display_features</code>	aggregate and downsample distinct feature to this number to speed up heatmap rendering.
<code>verbose</code>	extra reporting messages

Value

`tidy_data` with rows collapsed if the number of distinct features is greater than `max_display_features`

`export_tomic_as_tidy` *Export T*Omic in Tidy Format*

Description

Export a data table including all fields from features, samples and measurements.

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_tidy(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name
verbose	extra reporting messages

Value

Export one table which is one row per peak, which includes all feature and sample attributes.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  export_tomic_as_tidy(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")  
}
```

```
export_tomic_as_triple
```

*Export T*Omic as Triple*

Description

Export features, samples and measurements tables

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_triple(tomic, dir_path, name_preamble, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
dir_path	path to save outputs
name_preamble	start of output file name
verbose	extra reporting messages

Value

Export three tables:

- features: one row per features measured (i.e., a metabolite)
- sample: one row per sample
- measurements: one row per measurement (i.e., one metabolite in one sample)

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  export_tomic_as_triple(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")
}
```

`export_tomic_as_wide` *Export T*Omic as Wide Data*

Description

abundances form a matrix with metabolites as rows and samples as columns. Use transpose to treat samples as rows filename

Usage

```
export_tomic_as_wide(
  tomic,
  dir_path,
  name_preamble,
  value_var = NULL,
  transpose = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>dir_path</code>	path to save outputs
<code>name_preamble</code>	start of output file name
<code>value_var</code>	measurement variable to use for the matrix
<code>transpose</code>	if TRUE then samples will be stored as rows
<code>verbose</code>	extra reporting messages

Value

Export one table which contains metabolites as rows and samples as columns.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  export_tomic_as_wide(brauer_2008_triple, "/tmp", "brauer")
}
```

`filterInput`*Filter Input*

Description

UI components for the filter module.

Usage

```
filterInput(id, filter_table)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>filter_table</code>	table to filter

Value

A shiny UI

`filterServer`*Filter Server*

Description

Server components for the filter module.

Usage

```
filterServer(id, tidy_omic, filter_table)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
<code>filter_table</code>	table to filter

Value

A tidy_omic with some features and/or samples filtered.

`filter_tomic`

Filter T Omics*

Description

Filter a tidy or triple omic to entries of interest.

Usage

```
filter_tomic(
  tomic,
  filter_type,
  filter_table,
  filter_value,
  filter_variable = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>filter_type</code>	category filter <code>filter_variable</code> to categories specified in <code>filter_value</code>
	range filter <code>filter_variable</code> to using the range (i.e., lower and upper limit) provided in <code>filter_value</code>
	apply a quosure as a <code>filter_value</code> to a table of interest
<code>filter_table</code>	table where the filter should be applied
<code>filter_value</code>	values to filter based on
<code>filter_variable</code>	variable to apply the filter to

Value

A `tomic` object where a subset of features, samples or measurements have been filtered.

Examples

```
filter_tomic(
  brauer_2008_triple,
  filter_type = "category",
  filter_table = "features",
  filter_variable = "BP",
  filter_value = c("biological process unknown", "vacuolar acidification")
)

filter_tomic(
  brauer_2008_triple,
  filter_type = "category",
```

```
filter_table = "samples",
filter_variable = "DR",
filter_value = 0.05
)

filter_tomic(
brauer_2008_tidy,
filter_type = "range",
filter_table = "samples",
filter_variable = "DR",
filter_value = c(0, 0.2)
)

filter_tomic(
brauer_2008_triple,
filter_type = "quo",
filter_table = "features",
filter_value = rlang::quo(BP == "biological process unknown")
)
```

format_names_for_plotting

Format Names for Plotting

Description

Wrap long names over multiple lines so that they will look better on plots.

Usage

```
format_names_for_plotting(chars, width = 40, truncate_at = 80)
```

Arguments

chars	a character vector (or a variable that can be converted to one)
width	Positive integer giving target line width (in number of characters). A width less than or equal to 1 will put each word on its own line.
truncate_at	max character length

Value

a reformatted character vector of the same length as the input.

Examples

```
chars <- "Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer
ac arcu semper erat porttitor egestas. Etiam sagittis, sapien at mattis."
format_names_for_plotting(chars)
```

get_design_tbl	<i>Get Design Table</i>
----------------	-------------------------

Description

Get a tabular summary of all variables.

Usage

```
get_design_tbl(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
-------	--

Value

a tibble reflecting the `tomic` object's design.

Examples

```
get_design_tbl(brauer_2008_triple)
```

get_tomic_table	<i>Get Tomic Table</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Extract one of the specific tables from a `tomic` object

Usage

```
get_tomic_table(tomic, table_type)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
table_type	The type of table to extract from the <code>tomic</code> object.
	tidy one row per measurements with feature and sample attributes added. Equivalent to the <code>\$data</code> field of a <code>tidy_omic</code> object
	measurements one row per measurements defined a feature and sample foreign key. Equivalent to the <code>\$measurements</code> field of a <code>triple_omic</code> object
	features one row per feature defined by a feature primary key. Equivalent to the <code>\$features</code> field of a <code>triple_omic</code> object
	samples one row per sample defined by a sample primary key. Equivalent to the <code>\$samples</code> field of a <code>triple_omic</code> object

Value

a tibble matching the `table_type` of the `tomic` object

Examples

```
get_tomic_table(brauer_2008_triple, "samples")
get_tomic_table(brauer_2008_tidy, "features")
```

ggBivOutput

*ggBivariate Output***Description**

UI components for the ggBivariate module.

Usage

```
ggBivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

Value

A shiny UI

ggBivServer

*ggBivariate Server***Description**

Server components for the ggBivariate module.

Usage

```
ggBivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>plot_table</code>	table containing the data to be plotted
<code>return_brushed_points</code>	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a `tomic_table` if `return_brushed_points` is TRUE, and 0 otherwise

`ggplotOutput`

ggplot Output

Description

UI components for the `ggplot` module.

Usage

```
ggplotOutput(  
  id,  
  default_data_type = "samples",  
  default_plot_type = "univariate"  
)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>default_data_type</code>	Default data type selection
<code>default_plot_type</code>	Default plot type selection

Value

A shiny UI

`ggplotServer`

ggplot Server

Description

Server components for the `ggplot` module.

Usage

```
ggplotServer(id, tomic, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a `tibble` of selected observations if `return_brushed_points` is TRUE. Otherwise, returns NULL.

ggUnivOutput *ggUnivariate Output*

Description

UI components for the ggUnivariate module.

Usage

```
ggUnivOutput(id, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

A shiny UI

ggUnivServer *ggUnivariate Server*

Description

Server components for the ggUnivariate module

Usage

```
ggUnivServer(id, tomic, plot_table, return_brushed_points = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted
return_brushed_points	Return values selected on the plot

Value

a tomic_table if return_brushed_points is TRUE, and 0 otherwise.

hclust_order	<i>Hierarchical clustering order</i>
---------------------	--------------------------------------

Description

Format and hierarchically cluster a data.frame. If hclust could not normally be produced (usually because no samples are in common for a feature) pad the matrix with zeros and still calculate the distance

Usage

```
hclust_order(
  df,
  feature_pk,
  sample_pk,
  value_var,
  cluster_dim,
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2"
)
```

Arguments

df	data.frame to cluster
feature_pk	variable uniquely defining a row
sample_pk	variable uniquely defining a sample
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust
cluster_dim	rows, columns, or both
distance_measure	variable to use for computing dis-similarity corr pearson correlation dist euclidean distance
hclust_method	method from stats::hclust to use for clustering

Value

a list containing a hierarchically clustered set of rows and/or columns

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

df <- tidyr::crossing(letters = LETTERS, numbers = 1:10) %>%
  mutate(noise = rnorm(n()))
hclust_order(df, "letters", "numbers", "noise", "rows")
```

impute_missing_values *Impute Missing Values*

Description

Impute missing values using K-nearest neighbors imputation

Usage

```
impute_missing_values(
  tomic,
  impute_var_name = "imputed",
  value_var = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
impute_var_name	variable to create for imputed measurements
value_var	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>
...	additional arguments to pass to <code>impute.knn</code>

Value

A `tomic` object with imputed measurements.

Examples

```
impute_missing_values(brauer_2008_triple)
```

```
infer_tomic_table_type
```

Infer Tomic Table Type

Description

From a tomic_table, choose whether it reflects features, samples or measurements

Usage

```
infer_tomic_table_type(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object

tomic_table A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

features, samples or measurements

```
lassoInput
```

Lasso Input

Description

UI components for the lasso module.

Usage

```
lassoInput(id)
```

Arguments

id An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.

Value

A shiny UI

lassoServer*Lasso Server*

Description

Take a subset of entries from a tomic table (generally selected using the lasso function) and then either filter a tomic object to these entries or tag the entries of interest with a user-specified variable.

Usage

```
lassoServer(id, tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A tomic object amended based on the lasso selection.

organizeInput*Organize Input*

Description

UI components for the organize input module.

Usage

```
organizeInput(id)
```

Arguments

<code>id</code>	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
-----------------	--

Value

A shiny UI

organizeServer

*Organize Servers***Description**

Server components for the organize input module.

Usage

```
organizeServer(id, tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
feature_vars	variables available for arranging features
sample_vars	variables available for arrange samples
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

A t_{omic} with sorted features and/or samples.

plotsaverInput

*Plot Saver Input***Description**

UI components for the plot saver module.

Usage

```
plotsaverInput(id, ui_format = "tall")
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
ui_format	Set UI appearance
	tall stack all UI elements
	wide UI elements are side-by-side

Value

a shiny UI

plotsaverServer	<i>Plot Saver Server</i>
-----------------	--------------------------

Description

Server components for the plot saver module.

Usage

```
plotsaverServer(id, grob, filename = "grob.png")
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
grob	a ggplot2 plot
filename	filename for saving plot. The extension will be respected by ggsave .

Value

None

plot_bivariate	<i>Bivariate Plot</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Create a scatter or boxplot from a tomic dataset.

Usage

```
plot_bivariate(  
  tomic_table,  
  x_var,  
  y_var,  
  color_var = NULL,  
  shape_var = NULL,  
  alpha_var = NULL,  
  size_var = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset
<code>x_var</code>	x-axis variable
<code>y_var</code>	y-axis variable
<code>color_var</code>	coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)
<code>shape_var</code>	shape variable (NULL to suppress shape)
<code>alpha_var</code>	alpha variable or numeric for constant alpha (NULL to suppress alpha)
<code>size_var</code>	size variable or integer/numeric for constant size (NULL to suppress size)

Value

a ggplot2 grob

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pcs(npcs = 5) %>%
  tomic_to("triple_omic")

tomic_table <- brauer_augmented$samples
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "PC1", "PC2", "nutrient", "nutrient", 0.5, 10)
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "PC1", "PC2", NULL)
plot_bivariate(tomic_table, "nutrient", "PC2", "nutrient")
```

plot_heatmap*Plot Heatmap***Description**

Generate a heatmap visualization of a features x samples matrix of measurements.

Usage

```
plot_heatmap(
  tomic,
  feature_var = NULL,
  sample_var = NULL,
  value_var = NULL,
  cluster_dim = "both",
  distance_measure = "dist",
  hclust_method = "ward.D2",
  change_threshold = Inf,
  plot_type = "grob",
  max_display_features = 800,
```

```

    x_label = NULL,
    y_label = NULL,
    colorbar_label = NULL
)

```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>feature_var</code>	variable from "features" to use as a unique feature label.
<code>sample_var</code>	variable from "samples" to use as a unique sample label.
<code>value_var</code>	which variable in "measurements" to use for quantification.
<code>cluster_dim</code>	rows, columns, or both
<code>distance_measure</code>	variable to use for computing dis-similarity corr pearson correlation dist euclidean distance
<code>hclust_method</code>	method from <code>stats::hclust</code> to use for clustering
<code>change_threshold</code>	values with a more extreme absolute change will be thresholded to this value.
<code>plot_type</code>	plotly (for interactivity) or grob (for a static ggplot)
<code>max_display_features</code>	aggregate and downsample distinct feature to this number to speed up heatmap rendering.
<code>x_label</code>	label for x-axis (if <code>NULL</code> then use <code>feature_var</code>)
<code>y_label</code>	label for y-axis (if <code>NULL</code> then use <code>sample_var</code>)
<code>colorbar_label</code>	label for color-bar; default is log2 abundance

Value

a `ggplot2` grob

Examples

```

library(dplyr)

tomic <- brauer_2008_triple %>%
  filter_tomic(
    filter_type = "category",
    filter_table = "features",
    filter_variable = "BP",
    filter_value = c(
      "protein biosynthesis",
      "rRNA processing", "response to stress"
    )
  )

```

```
plot_heatmap(
  tomic = tomic,
  value_var = "expression",
  change_threshold = 5,
  cluster_dim = "rows",
  plot_type = "grob",
  distance_measure = "corr"
)
```

plot_univariate *Univariate Plot*

Description

Create a histogram from a tomic dataset.

Usage

```
plot_univariate(tomic_table, x_var, color_var = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset
<code>x_var</code>	x-axis variable
<code>color_var</code>	coloring variable (NULL to suppress coloring)

Value

A ggplot2 grob

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

brauer_augmented <- brauer_2008_tidy %>%
  add_pcs(npcs = 5) %>%
  tomic_to("triple_omic")

plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$samples, "PC1", "nutrient")
plot_univariate(brauer_augmented$measurements, "expression", NULL)
```

prepare_example_datasets
Prepare Example Datasets

Description

Format example datasets and add them to the package.

Usage

```
prepare_example_datasets(seed = 1234)
```

Arguments

seed a seed value used to reproducibly sample random genes.

Value

None; used for side-effects.

reconcile_triple_omic *Reconcile Triple Omic*

Description

If some samples, feature or measurements have been dropped; update other tables.

Usage

```
reconcile_triple_omic(triple_omic)
```

Arguments

triple_omic an object of class triple_omic produced by [create_triple_omic](#)

Value

a triple_omic object

remove_missing_values *Remove Missing Values*

Description

Account for missing values by dropping features, samples or using imputation.

Usage

```
remove_missing_values(
  tomic,
  value_var = NULL,
  missing_val_method = "drop_samples",
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>
<code>missing_val_method</code>	Approach to remove missing values: drop_features Drop features with missing values drop_samples Drop samples which are missing all features, then drop features impute Impute missing values
<code>verbose</code>	extra reporting messages

Value

A `tomic` object where missing values have been accounted for.

Examples

```
remove_missing_values(brauer_2008_triple)
```

shiny_filter_test *Shiny Filter Test*

Description

Tests the shiny filter module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_filter_test(tidy_omic, filter_table = "features")
```

Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
filter_table	table to filter

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_filter_test(brauer_2008_tidy)  
}
```

shiny_ggbiv_test *Shiny ggBivariate Test*

Description

Test the shiny ggBivariate module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_ggbiv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_ggbiv_test(
    add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),
    plot_table = "samples"
  )
  shiny_ggbiv_test(
    brauer_2008_triple,
    plot_table = "measurements"
  )
}
```

shiny_ggplot_test *Shiny ggplot Test*

Description

Test the shiny ggplot module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_ggplot_test(tomic)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
-------	--

Value

A `shiny` app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_ggplot_test(add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5))
  shiny_ggplot_test(brauer_2008_triple)
}
```

shiny_gguniv_test *Shiny ggUnivariate Test*

Description

Test the shiny ggUnivariate module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_gguniv_test(tomic, plot_table = "samples")
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
plot_table	table containing the data to be plotted

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_gguniv_test(  
    add_pcs(brauer_2008_triple, npcs = 5),  
    plot_table = "samples"  
  )  
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "measurements")  
  shiny_gguniv_test(brauer_2008_triple, plot_table = "features")  
}
```

shiny_lasso_test *Shiny Lasso Test*

Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  tomic <- brauer_2008_triple
  tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")
  shiny_lasso_test(tomic, tomic_table)
}
```

shiny_lasso_test_reactval

Shiny Lasso Test w/ Reactive Values

Description

Tests the shiny lasso module as a stand-alone application when the `tomic` is a `reactiveVal`.

Usage

```
shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>tomic_table</code>	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  tomic <- brauer_2008_triple
  tomic_table <- tomic[["samples"]] %>% dplyr::filter(nutrient == "G")
  shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)

  tomic_table <- tomic[["measurements"]] %>% dplyr::filter(expression < -3)
  shiny_lasso_test_reactval(tomic, tomic_table)
}
```

shiny_organize_test *Shiny Organize Test*

Description

Tests the shiny organization module as stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_organize_test(tidy_omic, feature_vars, sample_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

tidy_omic	an object of class tidy_omic produced by create_tidy_omic
feature_vars	variables available for arranging features
sample_vars	variables available for arrange samples
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  shiny_organize_test(  
    brauer_2008_tidy,  
    feature_vars = c("BP", "MF"),  
    sample_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),  
    value_var = "expression"  
  )  
}
```

shiny_plotsaver_test *Shiny Plot Saver Test*

Description

Test the shiny plotsaver module as a stand-alone application.

Usage

```
shiny_plotsaver_test()
```

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_plotsaver_test()
}
```

shiny_sort_test	<i>Shiny Sort Test</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Test the shiny sorting module as a stand-alone app.

Usage

```
shiny_sort_test(triple_omic, valid_sort_vars, value_var)
```

Arguments

triple_omic	an object of class triple_omic produced by create_triple_omic
valid_sort_vars	variables available for categorical arranging
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

a shiny app

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  shiny_sort_test(brauer_2008_triple,
    valid_sort_vars = c("sample", "nutrient", "DR"),
    value_var = "expression"
  )
}
```

sortInput

Sort Input

Description

UI components for the sort module.

Usage

```
sortInput(id, sort_table)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
sort_table	table to sort

Value

A shiny UI

sortServer

Sort Server

Description

Server components for the sort module.

Usage

```
sortServer(id, tomic, sort_table, valid_sort_vars = NULL, value_var = NULL)
```

Arguments

id	An ID string that corresponds with the ID used to call the module's UI function.
tomic	Either a tidy_omic or triple_omic object
sort_table	samples or features
valid_sort_vars	variables available for categorical arranging
value_var	An abundance value to use with hclust

Value

A sorted tomic object.

`sort_tomic`*Sort Triple Omic*

Description

Sort a dataset's features or samples

Usage

```
sort_tomic(
  tomic,
  sort_type,
  sort_table,
  sort_variables = NULL,
  value_var = NULL
)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>sort_type</code>	<code>hclust</code> Arrange samples by hierarchical clustering of a provided <code>value_var</code> <code>arrange</code> Arrange samples by the factor or alphanumeric ordering of a set of <code>sort_variables</code>
<code>sort_table</code>	samples or features
<code>sort_variables</code>	A set of attributes in <code>sort_table</code> to sort with in <code>arrange</code> .
<code>value_var</code>	An abundance value to use with <code>hclust</code>

Details

`sort_tomic` supports the reordering of features or samples using either hierarchical clustering or based on the levels of other variables. Sorting occurs by turning either the feature or sample primary key into a factor whose levels reflect the sort.

Value

A `tomic` object where feature or sample primary keys have been turned into a factor reflecting how they are sorted.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

sort_tomic(brauer_2008_triple,
  sort_type = "arrange", sort_table = "samples",
  sort_variables = c("nutrient", "DR")
) %>%
```

```
sort_tomic(  
  sort_type = "hclust",  
  sort_table = "features",  
  value_var = "expression"  
)
```

sort_triple_arrange *Sort Triple Arrange*

Description

Sort a `triple_omic` object based on the values of one or more variables.

Usage

```
sort_triple_arrange(triple_omic, sort_table, sort_variables)
```

Arguments

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
`sort_table` samples or features
`sort_variables` A set of attributes in `sort_table` to sort with in `arrange`.

Value

A `triple_omic` with sorted features or samples.

sort_triple_hclust *Sort Triple Hclust*

Description

Sort a `triple_omic` object using hierarchical clustering

Usage

```
sort_triple_hclust(triple_omic, sort_table, value_var)
```

Arguments

`triple_omic` an object of class `triple_omic` produced by [create_triple_omic](#)
`sort_table` samples or features
`value_var` An abundance value to use with `hclust`

Value

A `triple_omic` with clustered features or samples.

`tidy_to_triple` *Tidy omic to triple omic*

Description

Convert a `tidy_omic` object into a `triple_omic` object.

Usage

```
tidy_to_triple(tidy_omic)
```

Arguments

<code>tidy_omic</code>	an object of class <code>tidy_omic</code> produced by create_tidy_omic
------------------------	--

Details

The data table will be converted into features, samples, and measurements tables using the `design` to determine which variables belong in each table. The `design` will be preserved as-is.

Value

A `triple_omic` object as created by [create_triple_omic](#)

Examples

```
tidy_to_triple(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

`tomic_sort_status` *T* Omic Sort Status*

Description

Determine whether features &/or samples have been sorted and stored as `ordered_featureId` and `ordered_sampleId`.

Usage

```
tomic_sort_status(tomic)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
--------------------	--

Value

length 1 character string indicating whether the `tomic` is sorted.

Examples

```
tomic_sort_status(brauer_2008_tidy)
```

```
tomic_to
```

T Omic To*

Description

Takes in any `tomic` representation of a dataset and returns a specific representation.

Usage

```
tomic_to(tomic, to_class)
```

Arguments

<code>tomic</code>	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
<code>to_class</code>	The class to return, either <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code>

Value

`tomic` transformed to `to_class` class (or un-transformed if it started that way).

Examples

```
tomic_to(brauer_2008_tidy, "triple_omic")
```

```
triple_to_tidy
```

Triple Omic to Tidy Omic

Description

Convert a `triple_omic` object into a `tidy_omic` object.

Usage

```
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

Arguments

<code>triple_omic</code>	an object of class <code>triple_omic</code> produced by create_triple_omic
--------------------------	--

Details

Features, samples and measurements will be merged into a single data table, and the design will be preserved as-is.

Value

A tidy_omic object as created by [create_tidy_omic](#).

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

measurement_df <- tidyrr::expand_grid(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5]
) %>%
  dplyr::mutate(value = rnorm(n()))

feature_df <- tibble(
  feature_id = 1:10,
  feature_group = rep(c("a", "b"), each = 5)
)
sample_df <- tibble(
  sample_id = LETTERS[1:5],
  sample_group = c("a", "a", "b", "b", "b")
)

triple_omic <- create_triple_omic(
  measurement_df, feature_df, sample_df,
  "feature_id", "sample_id"
)
triple_to_tidy(triple_omic)
```

try_brushedPoints *Try brushedPoints*

Description

This function wraps brushedPoints in a try statement to catch cases where the brushing is out-of-sync with the df that is selected.

Usage

```
try_brushedPoints(...)
```

Arguments

...	args to pass to brushedPoints
-----	---

Value

a df of brushed points

update_tidy_omic *Update Tidy Omic*

Description

Update a Tidy 'Omics data and schema to reflect newly added fields.

Usage

```
update_tidy_omic(tidy_omic, updated_tidy_data, new_variable_tables = c())
```

Arguments

`tidy_omic` an object of class `tidy_omic` produced by [create_tidy_omic](#)
`updated_tidy_data` a tibble of data to use to update `tidy_omic`.
`new_variable_tables` a named character vector of newly added variables in `updated_tidy_data` (names) and the table features, samples, measurements they apply to (values).

Value

a `tidy_omic` object with an updated schema and/or data.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)

tidy_omic <- brauer_2008_tidy
updated_tidy_data <- tidy_omic$data %>%
  mutate(new_sample_var = "foo") %>%
  select(-DR)
new_variable_tables <- c("new_sample_var" = "samples")
```

update_tomic	<i>Update T* Omic</i>
--------------	-----------------------

Description

Provide an updated features, samples or measurements table to a `tomic`.

Usage

```
update_tomic(tomic, tomic_table)
```

Arguments

tomic	Either a <code>tidy_omic</code> or <code>triple_omic</code> object
tomic_table	A table taken from a tidy (i.e., augmented measurements) or triple omic dataset

Value

A `tomic` object with updated features, samples or measurements.

Examples

```
library(dplyr)
updated_features <- brauer_2008_triple$features %>%
  dplyr::filter(BP == "biological process unknown") %>%
  dplyr::mutate(chromosome = purrr::map_int(systematic_name, function(x) {
    which(LETTERS == stringr::str_match(x, "Y([A-Z])")[2])
  }))
update_tomic(brauer_2008_triple, updated_features)
```

var_partial_match	<i>Var Partial Match</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Partial string matching of a provided variable to the variables available in a table

Usage

```
var_partial_match(x, df)
```

Arguments

x	a variable name or regex match to a variable name
df	a data.frame or tibble

Value

a single variable from df

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