

Package ‘rintcal’

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Type Package

Title Radiocarbon Calibration Curves

Version 1.3.0

Maintainer Maarten Blaauw <maarten.blaauw@qub.ac.uk>

Description The IntCal20 radiocarbon calibration curves (Reimer et al. 2020 <[doi:10.1017/RDC.2020.68](https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.68)>) are provided as a data package, together with previous IntCal curves (IntCal13, IntCal09, IntCal04, IntCal98), other curves (e.g., NOTCal04 [van der Plicht et al. 2004], Arnold & Libby 1951) and post-bomb curves. Also provided are functions to copy the curves into memory, and to read, query and plot the data underlying the IntCal20 curves.

License GPL (>= 2)

RoxxygenNote 7.3.2

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, utf8

VignetteBuilder knitr

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation no

Imports data.table, jsonlite

Language en-GB

Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

LazyData true

Author Maarten Blaauw [aut, cre] (ORCID: <<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-5680-1515>>), Christopher Bronk Ramsey [ctb] (ORCID: <<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8641-9309>>)

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ccurve	<i>Copy a calibration curve</i>
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Description

Copy one of the calibration curves into memory.

Usage

```
ccurve(
  cc = 1,
  postbomb = FALSE,
  cc.dir = NULL,
  resample = 0,
  glue = FALSE,
  as.F = FALSE,
  as.pMC = FALSE,
  as.D = FALSE,
  decimals = 8
)
```

Arguments

cc	Calibration curve for 14C dates: cc=1 for IntCal20 (northern hemisphere terrestrial), cc=2 for Marine20 (marine), cc=3 for SHCal20 (southern hemisphere terrestrial). Alternatively, one can also write, e.g., "IntCal20", "Marine13". One can also make a custom-built calibration curve, e.g. using <code>mix.ccycles()</code> , and load this using cc=4. In this case, it is recommended to place the custom calibration curve in its own directory, using <code>cc.dir</code> (see below).
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postbomb	Use postbomb=TRUE to get a postbomb calibration curve (default postbomb=FALSE). For monthly data, type e.g. ccurve("sh1-2_monthly")
cc.dir	Directory of the calibration curves. Defaults to where the package's files are stored (system.file), but can be set to, e.g., cc.dir="ccurves".
resample	The IntCal curves come at a range of 'bin sizes'; every year from 0 to 5 kcal BP, then every 5 yr until 15 kcal BP, then every 10 yr until 25 kcal BP, and every 20 year thereafter. The curves can be resampled to constant bin sizes, e.g. resample=5. Defaults to FALSE.
glue	If a postbomb curve is requested, it can be 'glued' to the pre-bomb curve. This feature is currently disabled - please use glue.ccures instead
as.F	Return the F values, calculated from the C14 ages (columns 2 and 3). Defaults to as.F=FALSE.
as.pMC	Return the pMC values, calculated from the C14 ages (columns 2 and 3). Defaults to as.pMC=FALSE.
as.D	If loading a curve that contains 2 additional columns containing the D14C values, then these can be returned instead of the curve's C14 ages and errors. Defaults to as.D=FALSE.
decimals	Number of decimals to report when as.F=TRUE. Defaults to 8.

Details

Copy the radiocarbon calibration curve defined by cc into memory.

Value

The calibration curve (invisible).

References

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- Hammer and Levin 2017, "Monthly mean atmospheric D14CO₂ at Jungfraujoch and Schauinsland from 1986 to 2016", heiDATA: Heidelberg Research Data Repository V2 doi:10.11588/data/10100
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Reimer et al. 2020 The IntCal20 Northern Hemisphere radiocarbon age calibration curve (0-55 cal kBP). Radiocarbon 62, 725-757, doi:[10.1017/RDC.2020.41](https://doi.org/10.1017/RDC.2020.41)

Stuiver et al. 1998 INTCAL98 radiocarbon age calibration, 24,000-0 cal BP. Radiocarbon 40, 1041-1083, doi:[10.1017/S0033822200019123](https://doi.org/10.1017/S0033822200019123)

van der Plicht et al. 2004. NotCal04—Comparison/Calibration ^{14}C Records 26–50 Cal Kyr BP. Radiocarbon 46, 1225-1238, doi:[10.1017/S0033822200033117](https://doi.org/10.1017/S0033822200033117)

Examples

```
intcal20 <- ccurve(1)
marine20 <- ccurve(2)
shcal20 <- ccurve(3)
marine98 <- ccurve("Marine98")
pb.sh3 <- ccurve("sh3")
```

copyCalibrationCurve *Copy a calibration curve*

Description

Copy one of the calibration curves into memory. Renamed to ccurve, and copyCalibrationCurve will become obsolete

Usage

```
copyCalibrationCurve(cc = 1, postbomb = FALSE)
```

Arguments

cc	Calibration curve for ^{14}C dates: cc=1 for IntCal20 (northern hemisphere terrestrial), cc=2 for Marine20 (marine), cc=3 for SHCal20 (southern hemisphere terrestrial). Alternatively, one can also write, e.g., "IntCal20", "Marine13".
postbomb	Use postbomb=TRUE to get a postbomb calibration curve (default postbomb=FALSE).

Details

Copy the radiocarbon calibration curve defined by cc into memory.

Value

The calibration curve (invisible).

glue.ccurves

*Glue calibration curves***Description**

Produce a custom curve by merging two calibration curves, e.g. a prebomb and a postbomb one for dates which straddle both curves.

Usage

```
glue.ccurves(
  prebomb = "IntCal20",
  postbomb = "NH1",
  thisprebombcurve = c(),
  thispostbombcurve = c(),
  as.F = FALSE,
  as.pMC = FALSE,
  as.D = FALSE,
  cc.dir = c(),
  decimals = 8
)
```

Arguments

prebomb	The prebomb curve. Defaults to "IntCal20"
postbomb	The postbomb curve. Defaults to "NH1" (Hua et al. 2013)
thisprebombcurve	As an alternative to using existing curves, a tailor-made curve can be provided for the prebomb curve (as three columns: cal BP, C14 age, error)
thispostbombcurve	As an alternative to using existing curves, a tailor-made curve can be provided for the postbomb curve (as three columns: cal BP, C14 age, error)
as.F	The glued curve can be returned as F14C values instead of the default C14. Make sure that if as.F=TRUE and you are using thisprebombcurve and/or thispostbombcurve, that these curves are in F14C space already.
as.pMC	The curves can be returned as pMC values instead of the default C14. Make sure that if as.pMC=TRUE and you are using thiscurve1 and/or thiscurve2, that these curves are in pMC space already.
as.D	The curves can be returned as D14C values instead of the default C14. Make sure that if as.D=TRUE and you are using thiscurve1 and/or thiscurve2, that these curves are in D14C space already.
cc.dir	Directory of the calibration curves. Defaults to where the package's files are stored (system.file), but can be set to, e.g., cc.dir="ccurves".
decimals	Number of decimals to report when as.F=TRUE. Defaults to 5.

Value

The custom-made curve (invisibly)

Examples

```
my.cc <- glue.ccurves()
```

intcal

IntCal20 json file

Description

The IntCal20 calibration curves and their underpinning data. This is based on a json file produced by Prof. Christopher Bronk Ramsey, University of Oxford.

Usage

```
intcal
```

Format

‘intcal’ A list with six main entries:

json_application IntChron project name

records a list with 139 entries for each IntCal dataset

project_series_list a list with 5 entries: IntCal20, Marine20, SHCal20, a list of the underlying datasets, and a GICC vs IntCal20 comparison

parameters an empty list

bibliography a list with 141 bibliography entries

options a list of 17 options (not used)

Source

<<https://intchron.org/archive/IntCal/IntCal20/index.json>>

intcal.data *plot the IntCal20 data*

Description

plot the C14 ages underpinning the IntCal20/Marine20/SHCal20 calibration curves

Usage

```
intcal.data(  
  cal1,  
  cal2,  
  cc1 = "IntCal20",  
  cc2 = NA,  
  calcurve.data = "IntCal20",  
  select.sets = c(),  
  realm = "C14",  
  BCAD = FALSE,  
  cal.lab = NA,  
  cal.rev = FALSE,  
  c14.lab = NA,  
  c14.lim = NA,  
  c14.rev = FALSE,  
  ka = FALSE,  
  cc1.col = rgb(0, 0, 1, 0.5),  
  cc1.fill = rgb(0, 0, 1, 0.2),  
  cc2.col = rgb(0, 0.5, 0, 0.5),  
  cc2.fill = rgb(0, 0.5, 0, 0.2),  
  data.cols = c(),  
  data.pch = c(1, 2, 5, 6, 15:19),  
  pch.cex = 0.5,  
  legend.loc = "topleft",  
  legend.ncol = 2,  
  legend.cex = 0.7,  
  cc.legend = "bottomright",  
  bty = "l",  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

cal1	First calendar year for the plot
cal2	Last calendar year for the plot
cc1	Name of the calibration curve. Can be "IntCal20", "Marine20", "SHCal20", or for the previous curves "IntCal13", "Marine13" or "SHCal13".

<code>cc2</code>	Optional second calibration curve to plot. Can be "IntCal20", "Marine20", "SHCal20", or for the previous curves "IntCal13", "Marine13" or "SHCal13". Defaults to nothing, NA.
<code>calcurve.data</code>	Which dataset to use. Defaults to <code>calcurve.data="IntCal20"</code> , but can also be <code>calcurve.data="SHCal20"</code> . Note that Marine20 is based on IntCal20 and a marine carbon cycle model.
<code>select.sets</code>	Which datasets to plot. Defaults to all datasets within the selected period.
<code>realm</code>	Which 'realm' of radiocarbon to use. Defaults to <code>realm="C14"</code> but can also be set to <code>realm="F14C"</code> , <code>realm="pMC"</code> or <code>realm="D14C"</code> . Can be shorted to, respectively, "C", "F", "P" or "D" (or their lower-case equivalents).
<code>BCAD</code>	The calendar scale of graphs and age output-files is in cal BP (calendar or calibrated years before the present, where the present is AD 1950) by default, but can be changed to BC/AD using <code>BCAD=TRUE</code> .
<code>cal.lab</code>	The labels for the calendar axis (default <code>age.lab="cal BP"</code> or "BC/AD" if <code>BCAD=TRUE</code>), or to <code>age.lab="kcal BP"</code> etc. if <code>ka=TRUE</code> .
<code>cal.rev</code>	Reverse the calendar axis.
<code>c14.lab</code>	Label for the C-14 axis. Defaults to 14C BP (or 14C kBP if <code>ka=TRUE</code>).
<code>c14.lim</code>	Axis limits for the C-14 axis. Calculated automatically by default.
<code>c14.rev</code>	Reverse the C-14 axis.
<code>ka</code>	Use kcal BP (and C14 kBp).
<code>cc1.col</code>	Colour of the calibration curve (outline).
<code>cc1.fill</code>	Colour of the calibration curve (fill).
<code>cc2.col</code>	Colour of the calibration curve (outline), if activated (default <code>cc2=NA</code>).
<code>cc2.fill</code>	Colour of the calibration curve (fill), if activated (default <code>cc2=NA</code>).
<code>data.cols</code>	colours of the data points. Defaults to R's colours 1 to 8 (black, red, green, darkblue, lightblue, purple, orange, and grey)
<code>data.pch</code>	Symbols of the data points. Defaults to R's symbols 1, 2, 5, 6, and 15 to 19 (open circle, open upward triangle, open diamond, open downward triangle, closed square, closed circle, closed upward triangle, closed diamond)
<code>pch.cex</code>	Size of the data symbols. Defaults to 0.5.
<code>legend.loc</code>	Location of the data legend. Defaults to topleft. Set to NA for no plotting.
<code>legend.ncol</code>	Number of columns of the data legend.
<code>legend.cex</code>	Size of the legend. Defaults to 0.7.
<code>cc.legend</code>	Location of the legend for the calibration curve(s).
<code>bty</code>	Box type around the plot. Defaults to "l"-shaped.
<code>...</code>	Any additional optional plotting parameters.

Details

These datasets were downloaded from Intcal.org. All data have both uncertainties in C14 age and on the calendar scale. For trees this is the sample thickness (e.g., 10 years or 1 year). The name of each dataset starts with a lower-case letter which indicates their nature (t = tree-rings, l = lake sediment, c = coral, m = marine sediment, s = speleothem), followed by either the radiocarbon laboratory's placename or the lastname of the main author. Most of the tree-ring datasets are dated at calendar year precision; tSeattle (references 1-2), tBelfast (3-5), tWaikato (4-7), tGroningen (8-10), tHeidelberg (11-14), tPretoria (16), tIrvine (17-20), tGalimberti (21), tMannheim (22-25), tAix (26-27), tAarhus (22, 28-30), tManningKromer (31-32), tVienna (33-34), tTokyo (35-39), tArizona (40), tMiyake (41), tPearson (22, 41-45), and tZurich (22-23, 25, 41, 43, 46-49). Horizontal error bars for these series indicate the numbers of rings in the samples (e.g., 10 tree-rings; 1-yr samples do not have error bars). Additionally, there are some floating tree-ring datasets with imprecisely known calendar ages; tAdolphy (50) and tTurney (51-52). For these and the following datasets, horizontal error bars indicate their 1 sd calendar age uncertainties. Beside trees, other datasets include lake sediment (lSuirgestu, 53-54), corals (cBard 55-56, cFairbanks 57, cCutler 58 and cDurand 61, marine sediment (mCariaco 59-60, 62-63, mBard 64-65) and speleothems (sSouthon 66-67, sHoffman 68, sBeck 69). The southern hemisphere calibration curve SHCal20 is mostly modelled on IntCal20, but it contains datasets from the southern hemisphere; tPretoria (70), tWaikato (72-75), tBelfast (76-67), tSydney (78-80), tLivermore (81), tArizona, tIrvineWaikato and tZurich (82-83).

Value

A plot of the IntCal curve and the underlying data, as well as (invisibly) the data themselves

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Examples

```
intcal.data(100, 200)
intcal.data(40e3, 55e3, ka=TRUE)
# plot Suigetsu and Cariaco data only
dat <- intcal.data(20e3, 25e3)
unique(dat$set) # ordered against their appearance in the plot's legend
dat <- intcal.data(20e3, 25e3, select.sets=c(109, 120), data.cols=c(1,2))
```

```
intcal.data.frames      Extract from the intcal file
```

Description

Extract items from the intcal json file.

Usage

```
intcal.data.frames(obj, ...)
```

Arguments

obj	Name of the object
...	Additional options can be provided, see examples

Examples

```
intcal <- intcal.read.data()
# all datasets from the Southern Hemisphere:
sh.data <- intcal.data.frames(intcal, intcal_set_type='SH')
head(sh.data)
Irish.oaks <- intcal.data.frames(intcal, intcal_set=3)
head(Irish.oaks[[2]]$data)
```

```
intcal.extract.record  Extract an IntCal20 record
```

Description

Extract one of the 140 records contributing to the IntCal20 calibration curves

Usage

```
intcal.extract.record(i)
```

Arguments

i	The IntCal record, in the order as they appear in the IntCal20 json file (140 entries). Must be a single integer between 1 and 140.
---	---

Value

The most relevant information for each record (where available, the record and site names, intcal series and division number, country, longitude, latitude, taxon, dois of publications, notes, calendar information (e.g., dendrochronology) and radiocarbon data)

Examples

```
record_1 <- intcal.extract.record(1)
```

intcal.plot.record *Plot an IntCal20 record*

Description

Plot the calendar and radiocarbon data of an IntCal20 record

Usage

```
intcal.plot.record(
  i,
  col = rgb(0, 0, 1, 0.5),
  pch = 19,
  pch.cex = 0.3,
  lwd = 1,
  lty = 1,
  cal.lim = c(),
  C14.lim = c(),
  add = FALSE,
  cal.lab = c(),
  C14.lab = c(),
  ka = FALSE,
  as.F = FALSE,
  as.pMC = FALSE,
  draw.z = TRUE,
  draw.calsigma = TRUE,
  grid = FALSE,
  grid.lty = 2,
  grid.col = rgb(0, 0, 0, 0.5),
  draw.cc = 1,
  cc.col = rgb(0, 0.5, 0, 0.5),
  legend.loc = "topleft",
  legend.cex = 0.5
)
```

Arguments

i	The IntCal record, in the order as they appear in the IntCal20 json file (140 entries). Must be a single integer between 1 and 140.
col	Colour of the symbols. Defaults to semi-transparent blue, col=rgb(0,0,1,.5).
pch	Symbol of the dates. Defaults to a filled circle, pch=20.
pch.cex	Size of the symbol. Defaults to 0.3.
lwd	Line width of the error bars. Defaults to 1.

<code>lty</code>	Line type of the error bars. Defaults to continuous, 1.
<code>cal.lim</code>	Limits of the horizontal/calender scale. Calculated automatically by default.
<code>C14.lim</code>	Limits of the C-14 scale. Calculated automatically by default
<code>add</code>	Make a new plot (default, <code>add=FALSE</code>). The alternative is to add to an existing plot.
<code>cal.lab</code>	Label of the calendar axis. Defaults to 'cal BP' or 'kcal BP'.
<code>C14.lab</code>	Label of the C-14 axis. Defaults to '14C BP' or '14C kBp'
<code>ka</code>	Whether or not to use ka (thousands of years). Defaults to FALSE (i.e., cal BP).
<code>as.F</code>	Return the F values, calculated from the C14 ages (columns 2 and 3). Defaults to <code>as.F=FALSE</code> .
<code>as.pMC</code>	Return the pMC values, calculated from the C14 ages (columns 2 and 3). Defaults to <code>as.pMC=FALSE</code> .
<code>draw.z</code>	Whether or not to plot the spread in calendar years of blocks of (mostly) tree rings. This is for tree-ring datasets where individual dates were taken on blocks of rings covering e.g. 10 or 20 years.
<code>draw.calsigma</code>	Whether or not to plot the calendar age uncertainties where available.
<code>grid</code>	Whether or not to add a grid to the plot.
<code>grid.lty</code>	Line type of the grid.
<code>grid.col</code>	Colour of the grid.
<code>draw.cc</code>	Whether or not to also plot the calibration curve. Defaults to plotting the IntCal20 calibration curve, but can also be set to 2 (Marine20), 3 (SHCal20), or NA (none).
<code>cc.col</code>	Colour of the calibration curve. Defaults to semi-transparent darkgreen, <code>cc.col=rgb(0,.5,0,.5)</code> .
<code>legend.loc</code>	Location of the legend. Defaults to top right. Set to NA if you don't want to plot the legend.
<code>legend.cex</code>	Relative size of the font of the legend. Defaults to 0.5.

Value

A plot of the calendar and radiocarbon ages, indicating uncertainties (error bars) and age blocks (e.g., for trees where blocks of >1 rings were dated) where relevant.

See Also

[intcal.extract.record](#)

Examples

```
record_1 <- intcal.plot.record(1)
record_10 <- intcal.plot.record(10, add=TRUE, col=rgb(1,0,0,.5), legend.loc="bottomright")
```

`intcal.read.data` *Read data underlying the IntCal curves.*

Description

Download the json file that contains the IntCal20 radiocarbon calibration curves and the contributing data series.

Usage

```
intcal.read.data(from.intchron.org = FALSE, from.jsonfile = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>from.intchron.org</code>	Download the IntCal20 json file the intchron.org server. Defaults to FALSE, and then the data will be loaded from within the rintcal package
<code>from.jsonfile</code>	The name and location of the json file (if used). Defaults to FALSE, and then the data will be loaded from within the rintcal package

Details

The intcal curves consist of the IntCal20, SHCal20 and Marine20 calibration curves. The details of these curves can be loaded, as well as the underlying data such as tree-ring records.

Examples

```
intcal <- intcal.read.data()
```

`intcal.write.data` *Write intcal data to a file.*

Description

Write the intcal.json file that comes with the rintcal packages to somewhere local. This can be useful if you want to avoid repeatedly downloading the json file from intchron.org.

Usage

```
intcal.write.data(data, fname)
```

Arguments

<code>data</code>	intcal variable as obtained from intcal.read.data()
<code>fname</code>	Name of the file to be written

Examples

```
intcal <- intcal.read.data()
myintcal <- tempfile()
intcal.write.data(intcal, myintcal)
```

list.ccycles	<i>List the calibration curves</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

Description

List the file names of the calibration curves available within the rintcal package.

Usage

```
list.ccycles()
```

Value

A list of the available calibration curves

mix.ccycles	<i>Build a custom-made, mixed calibration curve.</i>
-------------	--

Description

If two curves need to be ‘mixed’ to calibrate, e.g. for dates of mixed terrestrial and marine carbon sources, then this function can be used. The curve will be returned invisibly, or saved in a temporary directory together with the main calibration curves. This temporary directory then has to be specified in further commands, e.g. for rbacon: Bacon(, cc.dir=tmpdr) (see examples). It is advisable to make your own curves folder and have cc.dir point to that folder.

Usage

```
mix.ccycles(
  proportion = 0.5,
  cc1 = "IntCal20",
  cc2 = "Marine20",
  postbomb1 = FALSE,
  postbomb2 = FALSE,
  as.F = FALSE,
  as.pMC = FALSE,
  name = "mixed.14C",
  cc.dir = c(),
  thiscurve1 = c(),
  thiscurve2 = c(),
```

```

    save = FALSE,
    offset = cbind(0, 0),
    round = c(),
    sep = " ",
    decimals = 8
)

```

Arguments

proportion	Proportion of the first calibration curve required. e.g., change to proportion=0.7 if cc1 should contribute 70% (and cc2 30%) to the mixed curve.
cc1	The first calibration curve to be mixed. Defaults to the northern hemisphere terrestrial curve IntCal20.
cc2	The second calibration curve to be mixed. Defaults to the marine curve IntCal20.
postbomb1	Option to provide a postbomb curve for the first curve (defaults to FALSE).
postbomb2	Option to provide a postbomb curve for the second curve (defaults to FALSE).
as.F	The curves can be returned as F14C values instead of the default C14. Make sure that if as.F=TRUE and you are using thiscurve1 and/or thiscurve2, that these curves are in F14C space already.
as.pMC	The curves can be returned as pMC values instead of the default C14. Make sure that if as.pMC=TRUE and you are using thiscurve1 and/or thiscurve2, that these curves are in pMC space already.
name	Name of the new calibration curve.
cc.dir	Name of the directory where to save the file. Since R does not allow automatic saving of files, this points to a temporary directory by default. Adapt to your own folder, e.g., cc.dir="~/ccurves" or in your current working directory, cc.dir=".".
thiscurve1	As an alternative to using curves that come with the package, a tailor-made curve can be provided for the first curve (as three columns: cal BP, C14 age, error).
thiscurve2	As an alternative to using curves that come with the package, a tailor-made curve can be provided for the second curve (as three columns: cal BP, C14 age, error).
save	Save the curve in the folder specified by dir. Defaults to FALSE.
offset	Any offset and error to be applied to cc2 (default 0 +- 0). Entered as two columns (possibly of just one row), e.g. offset=cbind(100, 0)
round	The entries can be rounded to a specified amount of decimals. Defaults to no rounding.
sep	Separator between fields (tab by default, "\t")
decimals	Number of decimals to report when as.F=TRUE. Defaults to 8.

Details

The proportional contribution of each of both calibration curves has to be set.

Value

A file containing the custom-made calibration curve, based on calibration curves cc1 and cc2.

Examples

```
tmpdir <- tempdir()
new.ccdir(tmpdir)
mix.ccurves(cc.dir=tmpdir)
# now assume the offset is constant but its uncertainty increases over time:
cc <- ccurve()
offset <- cbind(rep(100, nrow(cc)), seq(0, 1e3, length=nrow(cc)))
# clean up:
unlink(tmpdir)
```

new.ccdir

Make directory and fill with calibration curves

Description

Make an alternative ‘curves’ directory and fill it with the calibration curves.

Usage

```
new.ccdir(cc.dir)
```

Arguments

cc.dir Name and location of the new directory. For example, this could be a folder called ‘ccurves’, living within the current working directory, `cc.dir=". ./ccurves"`.

Details

Copies all calibration curves within the ‘rintcal’ package to the new directory.

Value

A message informing the user the name of the folder into which the calibration curves have been copied.

Examples

```
new.ccdir(tempdir())
```

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