

# Package ‘repsd’

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**Title** Root Expected Proportion Squared Difference for Detecting DIF

**Version** 1.0.1

**Description** Root Expected Proportion Squared Difference (REPSD) is a nonparametric differential item functioning (DIF) method that (a) allows practitioners to explore for DIF related to small, fine-grained focal groups of examinees, and (b) compares the focal group directly to the composite group that will be used to develop the reported test score scale. Using your provided response matrix with a column that identifies focal group membership, this package provides the REPSD values, a simulated null distribution of possible REPSD values, and the simulated p-values identifying items possibly displaying DIF without requiring enormous sample sizes.

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**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.3

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0), progress

**Suggests** colorDF, testthat (>= 3.0.0)

**LazyData** true

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**NeedsCompilation** no

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<b>estimate_impact</b>	<i>Estimate the effect size difference between focal and composite group abilities</i>
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## Description

Estimate the effect size difference between focal and composite group abilities

## Usage

```
estimate_impact(responses = timmsData, focal_column = 21, focal_id = 1)
```

## Arguments

- `responses`      The `data.frame` of responses, including the `focal_column`.
- `focal_column`    The numeric location of the focal column.
- `focal_id`        The numeric, character, or logical value that identifies the focal group.

## Value

A numeric estimate of the impact as the effect size  $D$ , e.g., the standardized mean theta difference between the focal group and the composite (total) group abilities. This estimate is rounded to 3 decimal places.

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<b>null_repsd</b>	<i>null_repsd</i>
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## Description

`null_repsd`

**Usage**

```
null_repsd(  
  item_count = 20,  
  focal_sample = 88,  
  focal_prop = 0.09,  
  numStrata = 4,  
  impact = estimate_impact(),  
  item_params_a = timmsDiscrim,  
  item_params_b = timmsDiffic,  
  anchorItems = NULL,  
  iterations = 10000,  
  verbose = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

item_count	numeric. How many items?
focal_sample	numeric. How large is the focal sample?
focal_prop	numeric, between 0 and 1 (exclusive). What is the proportion of the focal sample compared to the rest of the data?
numStrata	numeric. How many strata for matching should be used?
impact	numeric. What is the expected, standardized mean difference between the focal group's mean theta and the composite group's mean theta (i.e., standardized focal mean - composite mean). See details for further explanation.
item_params_a	numeric vector. What are the discrimination parameters of the items in the data set?
item_params_b	numeric vector. What are the difficulty parameters of the items in the data set?
anchorItems	either NULL or a vector of the anchorItems names or numeric column locations. If NULL, all items are used for calculating the total test score for stratifying individuals. If a vector, the specified items are used to calculate the total test score for stratifying individuals.
iterations	numeric. How many iterations for the function to run? Defaults to 10000.
verbose	logical. If TRUE (default), prints a progress::progress_bar() in the console to allow tracking of the state of the distribution generation.

**Value**

An item\_count x iterations data.frame with simulated repsd values for each item.

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<code>plot_repsd</code>	<i>REPSD Null vs Observed Histogram</i>
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## Description

REPSD Null vs Observed Histogram

## Usage

```
plot_repsd(repsd_values, null_values, pvalues, which_item, bins = 30)
```

## Arguments

<code>repsd_values</code>	A numerical vector of repsd values, the output of <code>repsd()\$repsd_each_item</code> .
<code>null_values</code>	A matrix of the repsd null distribution, the output of <code>null_repsd()</code> .
<code>pvalues</code>	A numerical vector of the repds p-values, the output of <code>repsd_pval()\$p.value</code>
<code>which_item</code>	A numerical indicator of the specific item to plot.
<code>bins</code>	A numerical indicator on the number of bins to output in the histogram.

## Value

A plot of the REPSD null distribution for the indicated item with the observed REPSD value as a red line and the observed p-value

## Examples

```
example_repsd <-
  repsd()
example_null <-
  null_repsd(iterations = 100)
example_pvals <-
  repsd_pval(
    repsd_pval(
      alpha = .05,
      null_dist = example_null,
      items_repsd = example_repsd$repsd_each_item
    )
  )
# Only one plot
plot_repsd(repsd_values = example_repsd$repsd_each_item,
            null_values = example_null,
            pvalues = example_pvals$p.value,
            which_item = 18,
            bins = 10)
# Multiple plots on the same plot
oldpar <- par()
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
for (i in c(1,8,16,18)) {
  plot_repsd(
    repsd_values = example_repsd$repsd_each_item,
```

```
    null_values = example_null,
    pvalues = example_pvals$p.value,
    which_item = 18,
    bins = 10
  )
}
par(mfrow = oldpar$mfrow)
```

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repsd	<i>repsd</i>
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## Description

repsd

## Usage

```
repsd(
  responses = timmsData,
  focalColumn = 21,
  focalGroupID = 1,
  anchorItems = NULL,
  numStrata = 4
)
```

## Arguments

responses	data.frame, matrix, or similar object which includes the item responses and the focal group ID column.
focalColumn	numeric or character. The location or name of the column that holds the focal group data.
focalGroupID	numeric or character. The value that identifies the focal group.
anchorItems	either NULL or a vector of the anchorItems names or numeric column locations. If NULL, all items are used for calculating the total test score for stratifying individuals. If a vector, the specified items are used to calculate the total test score for stratifying individuals.
numStrata	numeric. How many strata for matching should be used?

## Value

Matrix of repsd values for each item.

**repsd\_pval***Calculating p-values for repsd*

## Description

Calculating p-values for repsd

## Usage

```
repsd_pval(
  alpha = 0.05,
  null_dist = null_repsd(),
  items_repsd = repsd()$repsd_each_item,
  responses = timmsData,
  focalColumn = 21,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

<code>alpha</code>	numeric. The alpha level to calculate significance.
<code>null_dist</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> -type object with the null distribution simulation for each item as columns.
<code>items_repsd</code>	A numeric vector of the repsd values for each item.
<code>responses</code>	The <code>data.frame</code> of item responses and the focal column.
<code>focalColumn</code>	The column number for the focal column. Removed from the final data.
<code>verbose</code>	Logical. Do you want to print the results to console (TRUE, default) or return the results invisibly (FALSE)?

## Details

Calculates the p-values for `repsd` for the data set. It can be used as a wrapper function by providing the `null_repsd()` function and the `repsd_each_item` output of the `repsd()` function (each with proper arguments) as the arguments to `null_dist` and `items_repsd`, respectively.

## Value

If the `colorDF` package is installed and accessible, a `colorDF` with the significant items highlighted. Otherwise, a `data.frame`. Both have columns with the `items` names, the `repsd` value, the `p.value`, and the `sig` (`0 = false, 1 = true`) for each item.

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timmsData

*Sample data from TIMMS*

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## Description

Dataset including 977 observations on 20 items and 1 group identifying variable.

## Usage

timmsData

## Format

A data frame with 977 rows and 21 columns:

**MA13011** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13012** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13013** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13015** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13016** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13017** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA13018** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33086** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33225C** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33225E** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33142** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33044** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33179** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33076** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33140** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33007** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33214** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33171** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33039** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**MA33180** 0 (incorrect) or 1 (correct) response on this math item

**middle\_school\_or\_lower\_for\_parents\_highest\_ed** 0 (higher than middle school) or 1 (middle school or lower) indicator for parents' highest education level

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**timmsDiffic**                    *Sample TIMMS item difficulties*

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**Description**

A vector of the 20 item difficulty parameters b for the `timmsData` items.

**Usage**

`timmsDiffic`

**Format**

An object of class `numeric` of length 20.

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**timmsDiscrim**                    *Sample TIMMS item discriminations*

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**Description**

A vector of the 20 item discrimination parameters a for the `timmsData` items.

**Usage**

`timmsDiscrim`

**Format**

An object of class `numeric` of length 20.

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