

# Package ‘rWishart’

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**Title** Random Wishart Matrix Generation

**Version** 0.1.2

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**Description** An expansion of R's 'stats' random wishart matrix generation.

This package allows the user to generate singular, Uhlig and Harald (1994) [⟨doi:10.1214/aoS/1176325375⟩](https://doi.org/10.1214/aos/1176325375), and pseudo wishart, Diaz-Garcia, et al.(1997) [⟨doi:10.1006/jmva.1997.1689⟩](https://doi.org/10.1006/jmva.1997.1689), matrices. In addition the user can generate wishart matrices with fractional degrees of freedom, Adhikari (2008) [⟨doi:10.1061/\(ASCE\)0733-9399\(2008\)134:12\(1029\)⟩](https://doi.org/10.1061/(ASCE)0733-9399(2008)134:12(1029)), commonly used in volatility modeling. Users can also use this package to create random covariance matrices.

**Depends** R (>= 3.3)

**Imports** Matrix, MASS, stats, lazyeval

**License** GPL-2

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 6.1.1

**Suggests** covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

**URL** <https://rwishart.bearstatistics.com>

**NeedsCompilation** no

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**Repository** CRAN

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**rFractionalWishart**      *Random Fractional Wishart Matrix*

**Description**

Generate n random matrices, distributed according to the Wishart distribution with parameters Sigma and df, W\_p(Sigma, df).

**Usage**

```
rFractionalWishart(n, df, Sigma, covariance = FALSE,
                     simplify = "array")
```

**Arguments**

n	integer: the number of replications.
df	numeric parameter, “degrees of freedom”.
Sigma	positive definite ( $p \times p$ ) “scale” matrix, the matrix parameter of the distribution.
covariance	logical on whether a covariance matrix should be generated
simplify	logical or character string; should the result be simplified to a vector, matrix or higher dimensional array if possible? For sapply it must be named and not abbreviated. The default value, TRUE, returns a vector or matrix if appropriate, whereas if simplify = "array" the result may be an array of “rank” (=length(dim(.))) one higher than the result of FUN(X[[i]]).

**Details**

If  $X_1, \dots, X_m$  is a sample of m independent multivariate Gaussians with mean vector 0, and covariance matrix Sigma, the distribution of  $M = X'X$  is  $W_p(\Sigma, m)$ .

**Value**

A numeric array of dimension  $p \times p \times n$ , where each array is a positive semidefinite matrix, a realization of the Wishart distribution  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$

**References**

Adhikari, S. (2008). Wishart random matrices in probabilistic structural mechanics. Journal of engineering mechanics, 134(12), doi: [10.1061/\(ASCE\)07339399\(2008\)134:12\(1029\)](https://doi.org/10.1061/(ASCE)07339399(2008)134:12(1029)).

**Examples**

```
rFractionalWishart(2, 22.5, diag(1, 20))
```

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**rNonsingularWishart**    *Random Nonsingular Wishart Matrix*

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## Description

Generate n random matrices, distributed according to the Wishart distribution with parameters Sigma and df, W\_p(Sigma, df).

## Usage

```
rNonsingularWishart(n, df, Sigma, covariance = FALSE,
                      simplify = "array")
```

## Arguments

n	integer: the number of replications.
df	numeric parameter, “degrees of freedom”.
Sigma	positive definite ( $p \times p$ ) “scale” matrix, the matrix parameter of the distribution.
covariance	logical on whether a covariance matrix should be generated
simplify	logical or character string; should the result be simplified to a vector, matrix or higher dimensional array if possible? For sapply it must be named and not abbreviated. The default value, TRUE, returns a vector or matrix if appropriate, whereas if simplify = "array" the result may be an <a href="#">array</a> of “rank” (=length(dim(.))) one higher than the result of FUN(X[[i]]).

## Details

If X\_1, ..., X\_m is a sample of m independent multivariate Gaussians with mean vector 0, and covariance matrix Sigma, the distribution of M = X'X is W\_p(Sigma, m).

## Value

A numeric array of dimension  $p \times p \times n$ , where each array is a positive semidefinite matrix, a realization of the Wishart distribution W\_p(Sigma, df)

## Examples

```
rNonsingularWishart(2, 20, diag(1, 5))
```

**rPsuedoWishart**      *Random Psuedo Wishart Matrix*

## Description

Generate  $n$  random matrices, distributed according to the Wishart distribution with parameters  $\Sigma$  and  $df$ ,  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$ .

## Usage

```
rPsuedoWishart(n, df, Sigma, covariance = FALSE, simplify = "array")
```

## Arguments

<code>n</code>	integer: the number of replications.
<code>df</code>	numeric parameter, “degrees of freedom”.
<code>Sigma</code>	positive definite ( $p \times p$ ) “scale” matrix, the matrix parameter of the distribution.
<code>covariance</code>	logical on whether a covariance matrix should be generated
<code>simplify</code>	logical or character string; should the result be simplified to a vector, matrix or higher dimensional array if possible? For <code>sapply</code> it must be named and not abbreviated. The default value, <code>TRUE</code> , returns a vector or matrix if appropriate, whereas if <code>simplify = "array"</code> the result may be an <code>array</code> of “rank” ( $=\text{length}(\text{dim}(\cdot))$ ) one higher than the result of <code>FUN(X[[i]])</code> .

## Details

If  $X_1, \dots, X_m$  is a sample of  $m$  independent multivariate Gaussians with mean vector  $0$ , and covariance matrix  $\Sigma$ , the distribution of  $M = X'X$  is  $W_p(\Sigma, m)$ .

## Value

A numeric array of dimension  $p * p * n$ , where each array is a positive semidefinite matrix, a realization of the Wishart distribution  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$

## References

Diaz-Garcia, Jose A, Ramon Gutierrez Jaimez, and Kanti V Mardia. 1997. “Wishart and Pseudo-Wishart Distributions and Some Applications to Shape Theory.” Journal of Multivariate Analysis 63 (1): 73–87. doi:10.1006/jmva.1997.1689.

## Examples

```
rPsuedoWishart(2, 5, diag(1, 20))
```

<code>rSingularWishart</code>	<i>Random Singular Wishart Matrix</i>
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## Description

Generate  $n$  random matrices, distributed according to the Wishart distribution with parameters  $\Sigma$  and  $df$ ,  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$ .

## Usage

```
rSingularWishart(n, df, Sigma, covariance = FALSE, simplify = "array")
```

## Arguments

<code>n</code>	integer: the number of replications.
<code>df</code>	numeric parameter, “degrees of freedom”.
<code>Sigma</code>	positive definite ( $p \times p$ ) “scale” matrix, the matrix parameter of the distribution.
<code>covariance</code>	logical on whether a covariance matrix should be generated
<code>simplify</code>	logical or character string; should the result be simplified to a vector, matrix or higher dimensional array if possible? For <code>sapply</code> it must be named and not abbreviated. The default value, <code>TRUE</code> , returns a vector or matrix if appropriate, whereas if <code>simplify = "array"</code> the result may be an <a href="#">array</a> of “rank” ( $=\text{length}(\dim(\cdot))$ ) one higher than the result of <code>FUN(X[[i]])</code> .

## Details

If  $X_1, \dots, X_m$  is a sample of  $m$  independent multivariate Gaussians with mean vector 0, and covariance matrix  $\Sigma$ , the distribution of  $M = X'X$  is  $W_p(\Sigma, m)$ .

## Value

A numeric array of dimension  $p \times p \times n$ , where each array is a positive semidefinite matrix, a realization of the Wishart distribution  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$

## References

Uhlig, Harald. 1994. “On Singular Wishart and Singular Multivariate Beta Distributions.” *The Annals of Statistics* 22 (1): 395–405. doi:10.1214/aos/1176325375.

## Examples

```
rSingularWishart(2, 5, diag(1, 20))
```

**rWishart***Random Wishart Matrix Generation***Description**

An expansion of R's 'stats' random wishart matrix generation. This package allows the user to generate singular, Uhlig and Harald (1994) <doi:10.1214/aos/1176325375>, and pseudo wishart, Diaz-Garcia, et al.(1997) <doi:10.1006/jmva.1997.1689>, matrices. In addition the user can generate wishart matrices with fractional degrees of freedom, Adhikari (2008) <doi:10.1061/(ASCE)0733-9399(2008)134:12(1029)>, commonly used in volatility modeling. Users can also use this package to create random covariance matrices.

Generate n random matrices, distributed according to the Wishart distribution with parameters Sigma and df, W\_p(Sigma, df).

**Usage**

```
rWishart(n, df, Sigma, covariance = FALSE, simplify = "array")
```

**Arguments**

n	integer: the number of replications.
df	numeric parameter, “degrees of freedom”.
Sigma	positive definite ( $p \times p$ ) “scale” matrix, the matrix parameter of the distribution.
covariance	logical on whether a covariance matrix should be generated
simplify	logical or character string; should the result be simplified to a vector, matrix or higher dimensional array if possible? For sapply it must be named and not abbreviated. The default value, TRUE, returns a vector or matrix if appropriate, whereas if simplify = "array" the result may be an <a href="#">array</a> of “rank” (=length(dim(.))) one higher than the result of FUN(X[[i]]).

**Details**

If  $X_1, \dots, X_m$  is a sample of m independent multivariate Gaussians with mean vector 0, and covariance matrix Sigma, the distribution of  $M = X'X$  is  $W_p(\Sigma, m)$ .

**Value**

A numeric array of dimension  $p \times p \times n$ , where each array is a positive semidefinite matrix, a realization of the Wishart distribution  $W_p(\Sigma, df)$

**Examples**

```
rWishart(2, 5, diag(1, 20))
```

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wishartTest	<i>Test if Matrix is a Wishart Matrix</i>
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## Description

Given a random Wishart matrix, B, from W\_p(Sigma, df) and independent random vector a, then  $(a' B a) / (a' \Sigma a)$  is chi-squared with df degrees of freedom.

## Usage

```
wishartTest(WishMat, Sigma, vec = NULL)
```

## Arguments

WishMat	random Wishart Matrix from W_p(Sigma, df)
Sigma	Covariance matrix for W_p(Sigma, df)
vec	independent random vector

## Value

A chi-squared random variable with df degrees of freedom.

## Examples

```
wishartTest(rWishart(1, 5, diag(1, 20), simplify = FALSE)[[1]], diag(1, 20))
```

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