Package 'pkglite'

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Title Compact Package Representations

Version 0.2.4

Description A tool, grammar, and standard to represent and exchange R package source code as text files. Converts one or more source packages to a text file and restores the package structures from the file.

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URL https://merck.github.io/pkglite/, https://github.com/Merck/pkglite

BugReports https://github.com/Merck/pkglite/issues

Encoding UTF-8

VignetteBuilder knitr

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Suggests covr, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

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NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

`collate` *Evaluate a list of file specifications*

Description

Evaluate a list of file specifications and bind the results as a file collection.

Usage

```
collate(pkg = ".", ...)
```

Arguments

`pkg`	Path to the package directory.
`...`	One or more file specification objects.

Value

A file collection object containing the package name, file paths, and file format types.

Specification

- Get package metadata, for example, the package name.
- Flatten the input list of file specification(s).
- Evaluate the file specification(s) under the pkg directory.
- Remove duplicated files from all evaluation results and store the file path and format information in a data frame.
- Return the package metadata and the data frame in a list.

Examples

```
system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default())
```

`ext_binary` *Common file extensions (binary)*

Description

Common file extensions (binary)

Usage

```
ext_binary(flat = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`flat`	Flatten the list and return a vector?

Value

A list or vector of standard binary file extensions.

Specification

- Return a named list of common binary file extensions in R packages.

Examples

```
ext_binary()
```

ext_text *Common file extensions (text)*

Description

Common file extensions (text)

Usage

```
ext_text(flat = FALSE)
```

Arguments

flat	Flatten the list and return a vector?

Value

A list or vector of standard text file extensions.

Specification

- Return a named list of common text file extensions in R packages.

Examples

```
ext_text()
```

file_auto *File specification (automatic guess)*

Description

Lists all files under a folder recursively and guesses the file format type (text or binary) based on the file extension.

Usage

```
file_auto(path)
```

Arguments

path	The directory's relative path (relative to the package root), for example, "inst/".

Value

A list of file specifications.

Specification

- Use `file_spec()` to cover all text files by their file extensions under the relative `path` of the package, recursively.
- Use `file_spec()` to cover all binary files by their file extensions under the relative `path` of the package, recursively.
- Return the combination of the two file specifications in a list.

Examples

```
file_auto("inst/")
```

`file_default` *File specification (default combination)*

Description

A default combination of common file specifications.

Usage

```
file_default()
```

Value

A list of file specifications.

Specification

- Use file specification template functions to generate and return a list of file specifications that cover a default set of the common naming patterns of files in source R packages.

Examples

```
file_default()
```

file_ectd *File specification (eCTD submission)*

Description

A combination of file specifications for eCTD submissions.

Usage

```
file_ectd()
```

Value

A list of file specifications.

Specification

- Use file specification template functions to generate and return a list of file specifications that cover the a set of the common naming patterns of files in source R packages for eCTD submissions.

Examples

```
file_ectd()
```

file_name_patterns *Common File name patterns*

Description

Common File name patterns

Usage

```
pattern_file_root_core()

pattern_file_root_all()

pattern_file_src()

pattern_file_sanitize()
```

Value

A vector of file name patterns.

Specification

- Return a vector of filename patterns for matching files.

`file_spec` *Create a file specification*

Description

Specify which files to include

Usage

```
file_spec(
  path,
  pattern = NULL,
  format = c("binary", "text"),
  recursive = TRUE,
  ignore_case = TRUE,
  all_files = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

`path`	Path relative to the package root), for example, `"inst/"`.
`pattern`	Regular expression for matching the file names.
`format`	File format type, one of `"binary"` or `"text"`.
`recursive`	List files in the sub-directories?
`ignore_case`	Should pattern-matching be case-insensitive?
`all_files`	List all files including the invisible ones?

Details

Most of the parameters are passed through `list.files()`.

Value

A file specification object.

Specification

- Define a list of parameters that can be passed to `list.files()`.
- Store the parameters in a named list.
- Assign class `file_spec` to the list.
- Return the `file_spec` object.

Examples

```
file_spec(
  "R/",
  pattern = "\\.R$", format = "text",
  recursive = FALSE, ignore_case = TRUE, all_files = FALSE
)
```

`file_spec_templates` *File specification templates*

Description

- `file_root_core()` - core files under the package root
- `file_root_all()` - all files under the package root
- `file_r()` - files under `R/`
- `file_man()` - files under `man/`
- `file_src()` - files under `src/`
- `file_vignettes()` - files under `vignettes/`
- `file_data()` - files under `data/`
- `file_tests()` - files under `tests/`

Usage

```
file_root_core()

file_root_all()

file_r()

file_man()

file_src()

file_vignettes()

file_data()

file_tests()
```

Value

A file specification or a list of file specifications.

Specification

- Use `file_spec()` to generate and return a file specification or a list of file specifications that cover the common naming patterns of files under directories in source R packages.

is_file_collection *Is this a file collection object?*

Description

Is this a file collection object?

Usage

```
is_file_collection(object)
```

Arguments

object	Any R object.

Value

Logical. TRUE if it is a file collection object, FALSE otherwise.

Specification

- Check if the object has the class file_collection.

Examples

```
system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  is_file_collection()
```

is_file_spec *Is this a file specification object?*

Description

Is this a file specification object?

Usage

```
is_file_spec(object)
```

Arguments

object	Any R object

Value

Logical. TRUE if it is a file specification object, FALSE otherwise.

Specification

- Check if the input object class contains `file_spec`.

Examples

```
file_spec(
  "R/",
  pattern = "\\.R$", format = "text",
  recursive = FALSE, ignore_case = TRUE, all_files = FALSE
) %>%
  is_file_spec()
```

`merge.file_collection` *Merge file collections*

Description

Merge file collections

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'file_collection'
merge(x, y, ...)
```

Arguments

`x`	File collection.
`y`	Another file collection.
`...`	Additional file collections.

Value

Merged file collection.

Specification

- Capture the file collection objects and store in a list.
- Check if all objects are file collection objects.
- Check if the file collections are for the same package.
- Bind the data frames from the file collections together and remove duplicated rows.
- Create a new file collection object with the merged data frame.

Examples

```
pkg <- system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite")
fc1 <- pkg %>% collate(file_root_core())
fc2 <- pkg %>% collate(file_r(), file_man())
merge(fc1, fc2)
```

pack *Pack packages into a text file*

Description

Pack packages into a text file

Usage

```
pack(..., output, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`...`	One or more file collection objects generated by `collate()`.
`output`	Path to the output text file. If empty, will create a txt file using the lower-cased package name in the current working directory. For multiple packages, will use `"pkglite.txt"`.
`quiet`	Suppress printing of progress?

Value

The output file path.

Specification

- Get the package metadata, for example, package names, from the input file collection(s).
- If unspecified, generate a default output file name by the number of packages.
- Read each file in each package as DCF blocks.
- Add header and write to the output file.

Examples

```
# pack two packages
pkg1 <- system.file("examples/pkg1", package = "pkglite")
pkg2 <- system.file("examples/pkg2", package = "pkglite")

fc1 <- pkg1 %>% collate(file_default())
fc2 <- pkg2 %>% collate(file_default())

txt <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")
pack(fc1, fc2, output = txt, quiet = TRUE)

txt %>%
  readLines() %>%
  head() %>%
  cat(sep = "\n")
txt %>%
  readLines() %>%
  length()
```

print.file_collection *Print a file collection*

Description

Print a file collection

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'file_collection'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class file_collection.
...	Additional parameters for print() (not used).

Value

The input file_collection object.

Specification

- Print the metadata and the data frame in a file collection object.

Examples

```
fc <- system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default())
fc
```

print.file_spec *Print a file specification*

Description

Print a file specification

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'file_spec'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An object of class file_spec.
...	Additional parameters for print() (not used).

Value

The input `file_spec` object.

Specification

- Print the elements in the file specification object with cli.

Examples

```
fs <- file_spec(
  "R/",
  pattern = "\\.R$", format = "text",
  recursive = FALSE, ignore_case = TRUE, all_files = FALSE
)
fs
```

---

prune *Remove files from a file collection*

Description

Remove files from a file collection

Usage

```
prune(x, path)

## S3 method for class 'file_collection'
prune(x, path)
```

Arguments

`x`	File collection.
`path`	Character vector. Relative paths of the files to remove.

Value

Pruned file collection.

Specification

- Remove the rows from the data frame whose relative paths match the given paths exactly.
- Create a new file collection object with the pruned data frame.

Examples

```
system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  prune(path = c("NEWS.md", "man/figures/logo.png"))
```

`remove_content` *Remove content lines from a pkglite file*

Description

Remove content lines from a pkglite file

Usage

```
remove_content(input, x, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`input`	Path to the text file.
`x`	A character vector. Exactly matched lines in the file content will be removed.
`quiet`	Suppress printing of progress?

Value

The input file path.

Specification

- Read the input file as a character vector.
- Identify the line numbers that belong to the Content field by the indentation.
- Extract these lines and remove the two heading whitespaces and store as a vector.
- Find the elements that match the values in the input vector `x`.
- Remove the matching elements.
- Write the file back with the matching elements removed.
- If there are any matching elements and `quiet = FALSE`, print the line numbers being removed.

Examples

```
pkg <- system.file("examples/pkg1", package = "pkglite")
txt <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")

pkg %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  pack(output = txt, quiet = TRUE) %>%
  remove_content(c("## New Features", "## Improvements"), quiet = TRUE)
```

sanitize *Sanitize file collection*

Description

Remove commonly excluded files from a file collection.

Usage

```
sanitize(x)

## S3 method for class 'file_collection'
sanitize(x)
```

Arguments

x	File collection.

Value

Sanitized file collection.

Specification

- Remove the files whose names match certain patterns from the file collection and return a sanitized file collection.

Examples

```
system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  sanitize()
```

sanitize_file_collection *Sanitize file collection (deprecated)*

Description

Remove commonly excluded files from a file collection.

Usage

```
sanitize_file_collection(x)
```

Arguments

x	File collection.

Value

Sanitized file collection.

Specification

- Remove the files whose names match certain patterns from the file collection and return a sanitized file collection.

Examples

```
system.file("examples/pkg1/", package = "pkglite") %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  sanitize()
```

---

unpack *Unpack packages from a text file*

Description

Unpack packages from a text file

Usage

```
unpack(input, output = ".", install = FALSE, quiet = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

input	Path to the text file.
output	Path to the output directory. Each package is placed under a subdirectory named after the package name. Default is the current working directory.
install	Try install the unpacked package(s)?
quiet	Suppress printing of progress?
...	Additional parameters for `remotes::install_local()`.

Details

If `install = TRUE`, the packages will be installed by the order of appearance in the `input` file. When internal dependencies exist between these packages, make sure they are packed in the order where the low-level dependencies appear first.

Value

The output directory path.

Specification

- Read input file.
- Construct output file paths.
- Write all files in all packages to their destination in the order of their appearance in the input file.
- Install the unpacked packages if `install = TRUE`.

Examples

```
# pack two packages
pkg1 <- system.file("examples/pkg1", package = "pkglite")
pkg2 <- system.file("examples/pkg2", package = "pkglite")

fc1 <- pkg1 %>% collate(file_default())
fc2 <- pkg2 %>% collate(file_default())

txt <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")
pack(fc1, fc2, output = txt, quiet = TRUE)

# unpack the two packages
out <- file.path(tempdir(), "twopkgs")
txt %>% unpack(output = out, quiet = TRUE)

out %>%
  file.path("pkg1") %>%
  list.files()
out %>%
  file.path("pkg2") %>%
  list.files()
```

---

verify_ascii *Check if a file contains only ASCII characters*

Description

Check if a file contains only ASCII characters

Usage

```
verify_ascii(input, quiet = FALSE)
```

Arguments

`input`	Path to the text file.
`quiet`	Print the elements containing non-ASCII characters?

Value

Logical. TRUE if the file only contains ASCII characters, FALSE otherwise.

Specification

- Read the file and check for non-ASCII characters in its content.
- If there are non-ASCII characters, return FALSE, otherwise TRUE.
- If quiet = FALSE and there are non-ASCII characters, print the corresponding line numbers and the non-ASCII characters.

Examples

```
pkg <- system.file("examples/pkg1", package = "pkglite")
txt <- tempfile(fileext = ".txt")

pkg %>%
  collate(file_default()) %>%
  pack(output = txt, quiet = TRUE) %>%
  verify_ascii()
```

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