Package 'paws.application.integration'

March 14, 2025

Title 'Amazon Web Services' Application Integration Services

Version 0.9.0

Description Interface to 'Amazon Web Services' application integration services, including 'Simple Queue Service' ('SQS') message queue, 'Simple Notification Service' ('SNS') publish/subscribe messaging, and more <https://aws.amazon.com/>.

License Apache License (>= 2.0)

URL https://github.com/paws-r/paws,

https://paws-r.r-universe.dev/paws.application.integration

BugReports https://github.com/paws-r/paws/issues

Imports paws.common (>= 0.8.0)

Suggests testthat

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Collate 'eventbridge service.R' 'eventbridge interfaces.R' 'eventbridge_operations.R' 'eventbridgepipes_service.R' 'eventbridgepipes_interfaces.R' 'eventbridgepipes_operations.R' 'eventbridgescheduler_service.R' 'eventbridgescheduler_interfaces.R' 'eventbridgescheduler_operations.R' 'locationservice_service.R' 'locationservice_interfaces.R' 'locationservice_operations.R' 'mq_service.R' 'mq_interfaces.R' 'mq_operations.R' 'mwaa_service.R' 'mwaa_interfaces.R' 'mwaa_operations.R' 'reexports_paws.common.R' 'resourceexplorer_service.R' 'resourceexplorer_interfaces.R' 'resourceexplorer_operations.R' 'schemas service.R' 'schemas interfaces.R' 'schemas_operations.R' 'sfn_service.R' 'sfn_interfaces.R' 'sfn operations.R' 'sns service.R' 'sns interfaces.R' 'sns_operations.R' 'sqs_service.R' 'sqs_interfaces.R' 'sqs_operations.R' 'swf_service.R' 'swf_interfaces.R' 'swf operations.R'

NeedsCompilation no

Author David Kretch [aut], Adam Banker [aut], Dyfan Jones [cre], Amazon.com, Inc. [cph]

Maintainer Dyfan Jones <dyfan.r.jones@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2025-03-14 12:20:02 UTC

Contents

eventbridge	2
eventbridgepipes	6
eventbridgescheduler	8
locationservice	
mq	14
mwaa	17
resourceexplorer	
schemas	
sfn	26
sns	
sqs	
swf	35
	39

Index

eventbridge

Amazon EventBridge

Description

Amazon EventBridge helps you to respond to state changes in your Amazon Web Services resources. When your resources change state, they automatically send events to an event stream. You can create rules that match selected events in the stream and route them to targets to take action. You can also use rules to take action on a predetermined schedule. For example, you can configure rules to:

- Automatically invoke an Lambda function to update DNS entries when an event notifies you that Amazon EC2 instance enters the running state.
- Direct specific API records from CloudTrail to an Amazon Kinesis data stream for detailed analysis of potential security or availability risks.
- Periodically invoke a built-in target to create a snapshot of an Amazon EBS volume.

For more information about the features of Amazon EventBridge, see the Amazon EventBridge User Guide.

eventbridge

Usage

```
eventbridge(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

Arguments

8	
config	Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
	• credentials:
	– creds:
	* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	<pre>* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key</pre>
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	– anonymous : Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	• close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	• sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or
	<pre>legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html</pre>
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	- secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	- session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

eventbridge

Service syntax

```
svc <- eventbridge(</pre>
  config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
       session_token = "string"
     ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
 ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
 ),
 endpoint = "string",
 region = "string"
)
```

Operations

activate_event_source	Activates a partner event source that has been deactivated
cancel_replay	Cancels the specified replay
create_api_destination	Creates an API destination, which is an HTTP invocation endpoint configured as a targ
create_archive	Creates an archive of events with the specified settings
create_connection	Creates a connection
create_endpoint	Creates a global endpoint
create_event_bus	Creates a new event bus within your account
create_partner_event_source	Called by an SaaS partner to create a partner event source
deactivate_event_source	You can use this operation to temporarily stop receiving events from the specified partn
deauthorize_connection	Removes all authorization parameters from the connection
delete_api_destination	Deletes the specified API destination
delete_archive	Deletes the specified archive
delete_connection	Deletes a connection

4

eventbridge

delete_endpoint Delete an existing global endpoint delete_event_bus Deletes the specified custom event bus or partner event bus This operation is used by SaaS partners to delete a partner event source delete_partner_event_source Deletes the specified rule delete_rule describe_api_destination Retrieves details about an API destination describe_archive Retrieves details about an archive describe_connection Retrieves details about a connection describe_endpoint Get the information about an existing global endpoint describe_event_bus Displays details about an event bus in your account describe_event_source This operation lists details about a partner event source that is shared with your account describe_partner_event_source An SaaS partner can use this operation to list details about a partner event source that the describe_replay Retrieves details about a replay describe_rule Describes the specified rule Disables the specified rule disable_rule enable_rule Enables the specified rule list_api_destinations Retrieves a list of API destination in the account in the current Region list_archives Lists your archives Retrieves a list of connections from the account list_connections list_endpoints List the global endpoints associated with this account Lists all the event buses in your account, including the default event bus, custom event bus list_event_buses list_event_sources You can use this to see all the partner event sources that have been shared with your An list_partner_event_source_accounts An SaaS partner can use this operation to display the Amazon Web Services account ID An SaaS partner can use this operation to list all the partner event source names that the list_partner_event_sources list_replays Lists your replays Lists the rules for the specified target list_rule_names_by_target list rules Lists your Amazon EventBridge rules list_tags_for_resource Displays the tags associated with an EventBridge resource list_targets_by_rule Lists the targets assigned to the specified rule Sends custom events to Amazon EventBridge so that they can be matched to rules put_events This is used by SaaS partners to write events to a customer's partner event bus put_partner_events Running PutPermission permits the specified Amazon Web Services account or Amazo put_permission put_rule Creates or updates the specified rule Adds the specified targets to the specified rule, or updates the targets if they are already put_targets Revokes the permission of another Amazon Web Services account to be able to put even remove_permission Removes the specified targets from the specified rule remove_targets Starts the specified replay start_replay tag_resource Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified EventBridge resource Tests whether the specified event pattern matches the provided event test_event_pattern Removes one or more tags from the specified EventBridge resource untag_resource Updates an API destination update_api_destination update_archive Updates the specified archive update_connection Updates settings for a connection update_endpoint Update an existing endpoint update_event_bus Updates the specified event bus

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridge()
svc$activate_event_source(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

eventbridgepipes Amazon EventBridge Pipes

Description

Amazon EventBridge Pipes connects event sources to targets. Pipes reduces the need for specialized knowledge and integration code when developing event driven architectures. This helps ensures consistency across your company's applications. With Pipes, the target can be any available EventBridge target. To set up a pipe, you select the event source, add optional event filtering, define optional enrichment, and select the target for the event data.

Usage

```
eventbridgepipes(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- credentials:
 - creds:
 - * access_key_id: AWS access key ID
 - * secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
 - * session_token: AWS temporary session token
 - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
 - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.

6

	 s3_force_path_style: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY. sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	 session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- eventbridgepipes(</pre>
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
   ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
```

```
),
profile = "string",
anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
)
```

Operations

create_pipe	Create a pipe
delete_pipe	Delete an existing pipe
describe_pipe	Get the information about an existing pipe
list_pipes	Get the pipes associated with this account
list_tags_for_resource	Displays the tags associated with a pipe
start_pipe	Start an existing pipe
stop_pipe	Stop an existing pipe
tag_resource	Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified pipe
untag_resource	Removes one or more tags from the specified pipes
update_pipe	Update an existing pipe

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridgepipes()
svc$create_pipe(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

eventbridgescheduler Amazon EventBridge Scheduler

Description

Amazon EventBridge Scheduler is a serverless scheduler that allows you to create, run, and manage tasks from one central, managed service. EventBridge Scheduler delivers your tasks reliably, with built-in mechanisms that adjust your schedules based on the availability of downstream targets. The following reference lists the available API actions, and data types for EventBridge Scheduler.

8

eventbridgescheduler

Usage

```
eventbridgescheduler(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

Arguments

8	
config	Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
	• credentials:
	– creds:
	* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	– anonymous : Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	• close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	- session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- eventbridgescheduler(</pre>
  config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
 ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
 ),
 endpoint = "string",
 region = "string"
)
```

Operations

create_schedule	Creates the specified schedule
create_schedule_group	Creates the specified schedule group
delete_schedule	Deletes the specified schedule
delete_schedule_group	Deletes the specified schedule group
get_schedule	Retrieves the specified schedule
get_schedule_group	Retrieves the specified schedule group
list_schedule_groups	Returns a paginated list of your schedule groups
list_schedules	Returns a paginated list of your EventBridge Scheduler schedules
list_tags_for_resource	Lists the tags associated with the Scheduler resource
tag_resource	Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified EventBridge Scheduler resource
untag_resource	Removes one or more tags from the specified EventBridge Scheduler schedule group
update_schedule	Updates the specified schedule

10

locationservice

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- eventbridgescheduler()
svc$create_schedule(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

locationservice Amazon Location Service

Description

"Suite of geospatial services including Maps, Places, Routes, Tracking, and Geofencing"

Usage

```
locationservice(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

Arguments

```
config
```

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

• credentials:

- creds:
 - * access_key_id: AWS access key ID
 - * secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
 - * session_token: AWS temporary session token
- **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3_force_path_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.

locationservice

	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	 session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- locationservice(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
```

locationservice

```
anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
```

Operations

)

associate_tracker_consumer batch_delete_device_position_history batch_delete_geofence batch_evaluate_geofences batch_get_device_position batch_put_geofence batch_update_device_position calculate_route calculate_route_matrix create_geofence_collection create_key create_map create_place_index create_route_calculator create_tracker delete_geofence_collection delete_key delete_map delete_place_index delete_route_calculator delete_tracker describe_geofence_collection describe_key describe_map describe_place_index describe_route_calculator describe_tracker disassociate_tracker_consumer forecast_geofence_events get_device_position get_device_position_history get_geofence get_map_glyphs get_map_sprites get_map_style_descriptor get_map_tile get_place list_device_positions list_geofence_collections list_geofences

Creates an association between a geofence collection and a tracker resource Deletes the position history of one or more devices from a tracker resource Deletes a batch of geofences from a geofence collection Evaluates device positions against the geofence geometries from a given geofence col Lists the latest device positions for requested devices A batch request for storing geofence geometries into a given geofence collection, or u Uploads position update data for one or more devices to a tracker resource (up to 10 c Calculates a route given the following required parameters: DeparturePosition and De Calculates a route matrix given the following required parameters: DeparturePosition Creates a geofence collection, which manages and stores geofences Creates an API key resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which lets you g Creates a map resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which provides map t Creates a place index resource in your Amazon Web Services account Creates a route calculator resource in your Amazon Web Services account Creates a tracker resource in your Amazon Web Services account, which lets you retr Deletes a geofence collection from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes the specified API key Deletes a map resource from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes a place index resource from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes a route calculator resource from your Amazon Web Services account Deletes a tracker resource from your Amazon Web Services account Retrieves the geofence collection details Retrieves the API key resource details Retrieves the map resource details Retrieves the place index resource details Retrieves the route calculator resource details Retrieves the tracker resource details Removes the association between a tracker resource and a geofence collection Evaluates device positions against geofence geometries from a given geofence collect Retrieves a device's most recent position according to its sample time Retrieves the device position history from a tracker resource within a specified range Retrieves the geofence details from a geofence collection Retrieves glyphs used to display labels on a map Retrieves the sprite sheet corresponding to a map resource Retrieves the map style descriptor from a map resource Retrieves a vector data tile from the map resource Finds a place by its unique ID A batch request to retrieve all device positions Lists geofence collections in your Amazon Web Services account Lists geofences stored in a given geofence collection

list_keys	Lists API key resources in your Amazon Web Services account
list_maps	Lists map resources in your Amazon Web Services account
list_place_indexes	Lists place index resources in your Amazon Web Services account
list_route_calculators	Lists route calculator resources in your Amazon Web Services account
list_tags_for_resource	Returns a list of tags that are applied to the specified Amazon Location resource
list_tracker_consumers	Lists geofence collections currently associated to the given tracker resource
list_trackers	Lists tracker resources in your Amazon Web Services account
put_geofence	Stores a geofence geometry in a given geofence collection, or updates the geometry of
search_place_index_for_position	Reverse geocodes a given coordinate and returns a legible address
search_place_index_for_suggestions	Generates suggestions for addresses and points of interest based on partial or misspel
search_place_index_for_text	Geocodes free-form text, such as an address, name, city, or region to allow you to sea
tag_resource	Assigns one or more tags (key-value pairs) to the specified Amazon Location Service
untag_resource	Removes one or more tags from the specified Amazon Location resource
update_geofence_collection	Updates the specified properties of a given geofence collection
update_key	Updates the specified properties of a given API key resource
update_map	Updates the specified properties of a given map resource
update_place_index	Updates the specified properties of a given place index resource
update_route_calculator	Updates the specified properties for a given route calculator resource
update_tracker	Updates the specified properties of a given tracker resource
verify_device_position	Verifies the integrity of the device's position by determining if it was reported behind

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- locationservice()
svc$associate_tracker_consumer(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

mq

AmazonMQ

Description

Amazon MQ is a managed message broker service for Apache ActiveMQ and RabbitMQ that makes it easy to set up and operate message brokers in the cloud. A message broker allows software applications and components to communicate using various programming languages, operating systems, and formal messaging protocols.

Usage

```
mq(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

Arguments

guinents	
config	Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
	• credentials:
	– creds:
	* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	– anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	- session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- mq(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",</pre>
```

```
secret_access_key = "string",
       session_token = "string"
     ),
     profile = "string",
     anonymous = "logical"
   ),
   endpoint = "string",
   region = "string",
   close_connection = "logical",
   timeout = "numeric",
   s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
 ),
 credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
 ),
 endpoint = "string",
 region = "string"
)
```

Operations

create_broker	Creates a broker
create_configuration	Creates a new configuration for the specified configuration name
create_tags	Add a tag to a resource
create_user	Creates an ActiveMQ user
delete_broker	Deletes a broker
delete_tags	Removes a tag from a resource
delete_user	Deletes an ActiveMQ user
describe_broker	Returns information about the specified broker
describe_broker_engine_types	Describe available engine types and versions
describe_broker_instance_options	Describe available broker instance options
describe_configuration	Returns information about the specified configuration
describe_configuration_revision	Returns the specified configuration revision for the specified configuration
describe_user	Returns information about an ActiveMQ user
list_brokers	Returns a list of all brokers
list_configuration_revisions	Returns a list of all revisions for the specified configuration
list_configurations	Returns a list of all configurations
list_tags	Lists tags for a resource
list_users	Returns a list of all ActiveMQ users
promote	Promotes a data replication replica broker to the primary broker role
reboot_broker	Reboots a broker

mwaa

update_broker	Adds a pending configuration change to a broker
update_configuration	Updates the specified configuration
update_user	Updates the information for an ActiveMQ user

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- mq()
svc$create_broker(
   Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

mwaa

AmazonMWAA

Description

Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow

This section contains the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) API reference documentation. For more information, see What is Amazon MWAA?.

Endpoints

- api.airflow.{region}.amazonaws.com This endpoint is used for environment management.
 - create_environment
 - delete_environment
 - get_environment
 - list_environments
 - list_tags_for_resource
 - tag_resource
 - untag_resource
 - update_environment
- env.airflow.{region}.amazonaws.com This endpoint is used to operate the Airflow environment.
 - create_cli_token
 - create_web_login_token
 - invoke_rest_api

Regions

For a list of supported regions, see Amazon MWAA endpoints and quotas in the Amazon Web Services General Reference.

Usage

mwaa(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)

Arguments

config	Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
	credentials:
	– creds:
	* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	– anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint : The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	- session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

mwaa

Service syntax

```
svc <- mwaa(</pre>
  config = list(
   credentials = list(
     creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
     ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
   sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
 ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
 ),
 endpoint = "string",
 region = "string"
)
```

Operations

create_cli_token	Creates a CLI token for the Airflow CLI
create_environment	Creates an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA) environment
create_web_login_token	Creates a web login token for the Airflow Web UI
delete_environment	Deletes an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (Amazon MWAA) environment
get_environment	Describes an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment
invoke_rest_api	Invokes the Apache Airflow REST API on the webserver with the specified inputs
list_environments	Lists the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environments
list_tags_for_resource	Lists the key-value tag pairs associated to the Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (M
publish_metrics	Internal only
tag_resource	Associates key-value tag pairs to your Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA)
untag_resource	Removes key-value tag pairs associated to your Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow
update_environment	Updates an Amazon Managed Workflows for Apache Airflow (MWAA) environment

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- mwaa()
svc$create_cli_token(
  Foo = 123
)
## End(Not run)
```

resourceexplorer

AWS Resource Explorer

Description

Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer is a resource search and discovery service. By using Resource Explorer, you can explore your resources using an internet search engine-like experience. Examples of resources include Amazon Relational Database Service (Amazon RDS) instances, Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3) buckets, or Amazon DynamoDB tables. You can search for your resources using resource metadata like names, tags, and IDs. Resource Explorer can search across all of the Amazon Web Services Regions in your account in which you turn the service on, to simplify your cross-Region workloads.

Resource Explorer scans the resources in each of the Amazon Web Services Regions in your Amazon Web Services account in which you turn on Resource Explorer. Resource Explorer creates and maintains an index in each Region, with the details of that Region's resources.

You can search across all of the indexed Regions in your account by designating one of your Amazon Web Services Regions to contain the aggregator index for the account. When you promote a local index in a Region to become the aggregator index for the account, Resource Explorer automatically replicates the index information from all local indexes in the other Regions to the aggregator index. Therefore, the Region with the aggregator index has a copy of all resource information for all Regions in the account where you turned on Resource Explorer. As a result, views in the aggregator index Region include resources from all of the indexed Regions in your account.

For more information about Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer, including how to enable and configure the service, see the Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer User Guide.

Usage

```
resourceexplorer(
  config = list(),
  credentials = list(),
  endpoint = NULL,
  region = NULL
)
```

20

Arguments

config Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region. • credentials: - creds: * access_key_id: AWS access key ID * secret_access_key: AWS secret access key * session_token: AWS temporary session token - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used. - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials. • endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client. • region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client. • close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections. • timeout: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds. • s3_force_path_style: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY. • sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter • creds: - access key id: AWS access key ID - secret_access_key: AWS secret access key - session_token: AWS temporary session token • profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used. • anonymous: Set anonymous credentials. Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client. endpoint region Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc\$operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- resourceexplorer(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
```

```
secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string";
    anonymous = "logical"
  ),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string",
  close_connection = "logical",
  timeout = "numeric",
  s3_force_path_style = "logical",
  sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
),
credentials = list(
  creds = list(
    access_key_id = "string",
    secret_access_key = "string",
    session_token = "string"
  ),
  profile = "string",
  anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
```

Operations

)

associate_default_view batch_get_view create_index create_view delete_index delete_view disassociate_default_view get_account_level_service_configuration get_default_view get index get_managed_view get_view list_indexes list_indexes_for_members list_managed_views list resources list_supported_resource_types list_tags_for_resource list_views search

Sets the specified view as the default for the Amazon Web Services Region in which Retrieves details about a list of views

Turns on Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer in the Amazon Web Services I Creates a view that users can query by using the Search operation

Deletes the specified index and turns off Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer Deletes the specified view

After you call this operation, the affected Amazon Web Services Region no longer Retrieves the status of your account's Amazon Web Services service access, and va Retrieves the Amazon Resource Name (ARN) of the view that is the default for the Retrieves details about the Amazon Web Services Resource Explorer index in the a Retrieves details of the specified Amazon Web Services-managed view Retrieves details of the specified view

Retrieves a list of all of the indexes in Amazon Web Services Regions that are curr Retrieves a list of a member's indexes in all Amazon Web Services Regions that an Lists the Amazon resource names (ARNs) of the Amazon Web Services-managed Returns a list of resources and their details that match the specified criteria

Retrieves a list of all resource types currently supported by Amazon Web Services Lists the tags that are attached to the specified resource

Lists the Amazon resource names (ARNs) of the views available in the Amazon W Searches for resources and displays details about all resources that match the specie

schemas

tag_resource	Adds one or more tag key and value pairs to an Amazon Web Services Resource E
untag_resource	Removes one or more tag key and value pairs from an Amazon Web Services Reso
update_index_type	Changes the type of the index from one of the following types to the other
update_view	Modifies some of the details of a view

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- resourceexplorer()
svc$associate_default_view(
  Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

schemas

Schemas

Description

Amazon EventBridge Schema Registry

Usage

```
schemas(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

Arguments

config	Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
	• credentials:
	– creds:
	* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	- profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint : The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	• close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.

	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	 session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- schemas(</pre>
 config = list(
   credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
   ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
```

schemas

```
),
  profile = "string",
  anonymous = "logical"
),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

Operations

create_discoverer	Creates a discoverer
create_registry	Creates a registry
create_schema	Creates a schema definition
delete_discoverer	Deletes a discoverer
delete_registry	Deletes a Registry
delete_resource_policy	Delete the resource-based policy attached to the specified registry
delete_schema	Delete a schema definition
delete_schema_version	Delete the schema version definition
describe_code_binding	Describe the code binding URI
describe_discoverer	Describes the discoverer
describe_registry	Describes the registry
describe_schema	Retrieve the schema definition
export_schema	Export schema
get_code_binding_source	Get the code binding source URI
get_discovered_schema	Get the discovered schema that was generated based on sampled events
get_resource_policy	Retrieves the resource-based policy attached to a given registry
list_discoverers	List the discoverers
list_registries	List the registries
list_schemas	List the schemas
list_schema_versions	Provides a list of the schema versions and related information
list_tags_for_resource	Get tags for resource
put_code_binding	Put code binding URI
put_resource_policy	The name of the policy
search_schemas	Search the schemas
start_discoverer	Starts the discoverer
stop_discoverer	Stops the discoverer
tag_resource	Add tags to a resource
untag_resource	Removes tags from a resource
update_discoverer	Updates the discoverer
update_registry	Updates a registry
update_schema	Updates the schema definition

Examples

Not run:
svc <- schemas()</pre>

```
svc$create_discoverer(
 Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

sfn

AWS Step Functions

Description

Step Functions

Step Functions coordinates the components of distributed applications and microservices using visual workflows.

You can use Step Functions to build applications from individual components, each of which performs a discrete function, or *task*, allowing you to scale and change applications quickly. Step Functions provides a console that helps visualize the components of your application as a series of steps. Step Functions automatically triggers and tracks each step, and retries steps when there are errors, so your application executes predictably and in the right order every time. Step Functions logs the state of each step, so you can quickly diagnose and debug any issues.

Step Functions manages operations and underlying infrastructure to ensure your application is available at any scale. You can run tasks on Amazon Web Services, your own servers, or any system that has access to Amazon Web Services. You can access and use Step Functions using the console, the Amazon Web Services SDKs, or an HTTP API. For more information about Step Functions, see the Step Functions Developer Guide.

If you use the Step Functions API actions using Amazon Web Services SDK integrations, make sure the API actions are in camel case and parameter names are in Pascal case. For example, you could use Step Functions API action startSyncExecution and specify its parameter as StateMachineArn.

Usage

```
sfn(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

credentials:

- creds:
 - * access_key_id: AWS access key ID
 - * secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
 - * session_token: AWS temporary session token
- profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
- anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.

sfn

	• endpoint : The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	• close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
credentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	 session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- sfn(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
```

```
),
credentials = list(
    creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
    ),
    profile = "string",
    anonymous = "logical"
    ),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
)
```

Operations

Creates an activity create_activity Creates a state machine create_state_machine create_state_machine_alias Creates an alias for a state machine that points to one or two versions of the same sta delete_activity Deletes an activity delete_state_machine Deletes a state machine delete_state_machine_alias Deletes a state machine alias delete_state_machine_version Deletes a state machine version describe_activity Describes an activity describe_execution Provides information about a state machine execution, such as the state machine asso describe_map_run Provides information about a Map Run's configuration, progress, and results describe state machine Provides information about a state machine's definition, its IAM role Amazon Resou describe_state_machine_alias Returns details about a state machine alias describe_state_machine_for_execution Provides information about a state machine's definition, its execution role ARN, and get_activity_task Used by workers to retrieve a task (with the specified activity ARN) which has been Returns the history of the specified execution as a list of events get_execution_history list_activities Lists the existing activities list_executions Lists all executions of a state machine or a Map Run Lists all Map Runs that were started by a given state machine execution list_map_runs list_state_machine_aliases Lists aliases for a specified state machine ARN list_state_machines Lists the existing state machines list_state_machine_versions Lists versions for the specified state machine Amazon Resource Name (ARN) list_tags_for_resource List tags for a given resource publish_state_machine_version Creates a version from the current revision of a state machine redrive_execution Restarts unsuccessful executions of Standard workflows that didn't complete success send_task_failure Used by activity workers, Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally Task send_task_heartbeat Used by activity workers and Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally T send_task_success Used by activity workers, Task states using the callback pattern, and optionally Task Starts a state machine execution start_execution Starts a Synchronous Express state machine execution start_sync_execution stop_execution Stops an execution Add a tag to a Step Functions resource tag_resource test_state Accepts the definition of a single state and executes it

```
28
```

untag_resource	Remove a tag from a Step Functions resource
update_map_run	Updates an in-progress Map Run's configuration to include changes to the settings the
update_state_machine	Updates an existing state machine by modifying its definition, roleArn, loggingConf
update_state_machine_alias	Updates the configuration of an existing state machine alias by modifying its descrip
validate_state_machine_definition	Validates the syntax of a state machine definition specified in Amazon States Langua

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- sfn()
svc$create_activity(
  Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

sns

Amazon Simple Notification Service

Description

Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) is a web service that enables you to build distributed web-enabled applications. Applications can use Amazon SNS to easily push real-time notification messages to interested subscribers over multiple delivery protocols. For more information about this product see the Amazon SNS product page. For detailed information about Amazon SNS features and their associated API calls, see the Amazon SNS Developer Guide.

For information on the permissions you need to use this API, see Identity and access management in Amazon SNS in the *Amazon SNS Developer Guide*.

We also provide SDKs that enable you to access Amazon SNS from your preferred programming language. The SDKs contain functionality that automatically takes care of tasks such as: crypto-graphically signing your service requests, retrying requests, and handling error responses. For a list of available SDKs, go to Tools for Amazon Web Services.

Usage

sns(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)

Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

• credentials:

- creds:

* access_key_id: AWS access key ID

sns

	* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	* session_token: AWS temporary session token
	 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	– anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
	• endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
	• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
	close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
	• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
	• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
	 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
redentials	Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
	• creds:
	– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
	– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
	- session_token: AWS temporary session token
	• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
	• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
endpoint	Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
region	Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- sns(
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
        creds = list(
            access_key_id = "string",
            secret_access_key = "string",
            session_token = "string"
        ),
        profile = "string",
        anonymous = "logical"
      ),
      endpoint = "string",
```

```
region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
   creds = list(
     access_key_id = "string",
     secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
  ),
  endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

Operations

add_permission check_if_phone_number_is_opted_out confirm_subscription create_platform_application create_platform_endpoint create_sms_sandbox_phone_number create_topic delete_endpoint delete_platform_application delete_sms_sandbox_phone_number delete_topic get_data_protection_policy get_endpoint_attributes get_platform_application_attributes get_sms_attributes get_sms_sandbox_account_status get_subscription_attributes get_topic_attributes list_endpoints_by_platform_application list_origination_numbers list_phone_numbers_opted_out list_platform_applications list_sms_sandbox_phone_numbers list_subscriptions list_subscriptions_by_topic list_tags_for_resource list_topics

Adds a statement to a topic's access control policy, granting access for the specified Accepts a phone number and indicates whether the phone holder has opted out of re Verifies an endpoint owner's intent to receive messages by validating the token sent Creates a platform application object for one of the supported push notification serv Creates an endpoint for a device and mobile app on one of the supported push notifi Adds a destination phone number to an Amazon Web Services account in the SMS Creates a topic to which notifications can be published

Deletes the endpoint for a device and mobile app from Amazon SNS

Deletes a platform application object for one of the supported push notification serv Deletes an Amazon Web Services account's verified or pending phone number from Deletes a topic and all its subscriptions

Retrieves the specified inline DataProtectionPolicy document that is stored in the sp Retrieves the endpoint attributes for a device on one of the supported push notificat Retrieves the attributes of the platform application object for the supported push no Returns the settings for sending SMS messages from your Amazon Web Services a Retrieves the SMS sandbox status for the calling Amazon Web Services account in Returns all of the properties of a subscription

Returns all of the properties of a topic

Lists the endpoints and endpoint attributes for devices in a supported push notification Lists the calling Amazon Web Services account's dedicated origination numbers and Returns a list of phone numbers that are opted out, meaning you cannot send SMS and Lists the platform application objects for the supported push notification services, such as the calling Amazon Web Services account's current verified and pending desting the requester's subscriptions.

Returns a list of the subscriptions to a specific topic

List all tags added to the specified Amazon SNS topic

Returns a list of the requester's topics

opt_in_phone_number	Use this request to opt in a phone number that is opted out, which enables you to re
publish	Sends a message to an Amazon SNS topic, a text message (SMS message) directly
publish_batch	Publishes up to ten messages to the specified topic
put_data_protection_policy	Adds or updates an inline policy document that is stored in the specified Amazon S
remove_permission	Removes a statement from a topic's access control policy
set_endpoint_attributes	Sets the attributes for an endpoint for a device on one of the supported push notifica
set_platform_application_attributes	Sets the attributes of the platform application object for the supported push notifical
set_sms_attributes	Use this request to set the default settings for sending SMS messages and receiving
set_subscription_attributes	Allows a subscription owner to set an attribute of the subscription to a new value
set_topic_attributes	Allows a topic owner to set an attribute of the topic to a new value
subscribe	Subscribes an endpoint to an Amazon SNS topic
tag_resource	Add tags to the specified Amazon SNS topic
unsubscribe	Deletes a subscription
untag_resource	Remove tags from the specified Amazon SNS topic
verify_sms_sandbox_phone_number	Verifies a destination phone number with a one-time password (OTP) for the calling

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- sns()
svc$add_permission(
  Foo = 123
)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

sqs

Amazon Simple Queue Service

Description

Welcome to the Amazon SQS API Reference.

Amazon SQS is a reliable, highly-scalable hosted queue for storing messages as they travel between applications or microservices. Amazon SQS moves data between distributed application components and helps you decouple these components.

For information on the permissions you need to use this API, see Identity and access management in the *Amazon SQS Developer Guide*.

You can use Amazon Web Services SDKs to access Amazon SQS using your favorite programming language. The SDKs perform tasks such as the following automatically:

- Cryptographically sign your service requests
- Retry requests
- Handle error responses

sqs

Additional information

- Amazon SQS Product Page
- Amazon SQS Developer Guide
 - Making API Requests
 - Amazon SQS Message Attributes
 - Amazon SQS Dead-Letter Queues
- Amazon SQS in the Command Line Interface
- Amazon Web Services General Reference
 - Regions and Endpoints

Usage

sqs(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)

Arguments

config

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.

- credentials:
 - creds:
 - * access_key_id: AWS access key ID
 - * secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
 - * session_token: AWS temporary session token
 - profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
 - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
- close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
- **timeout**: The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when attempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
- **s3_force_path_style**: Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
- sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
- credentials Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
 - creds:
 - access_key_id: AWS access key ID
 - secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
 - session_token: AWS temporary session token
 - **profile**: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
 - anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
- endpoint Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
- region Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like svc operation(...), where svc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- sqs(</pre>
  config = list(
    credentials = list(
      creds = list(
        access_key_id = "string",
        secret_access_key = "string",
        session_token = "string"
      ),
      profile = "string",
      anonymous = "logical"
    ),
    endpoint = "string",
    region = "string",
    close_connection = "logical",
    timeout = "numeric",
    s3_force_path_style = "logical",
    sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
  ),
  credentials = list(
    creds = list(
      access_key_id = "string",
      secret_access_key = "string",
      session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string",
   anonymous = "logical"
  ),
 endpoint = "string",
  region = "string"
)
```

Operations

add_permission	Adds a permission to a queue for a specific principal
cancel_message_move_task	Cancels a specified message movement task
change_message_visibility	Changes the visibility timeout of a specified message in a queue to a new value
change_message_visibility_batch	Changes the visibility timeout of multiple messages
create_queue	Creates a new standard or FIFO queue
delete_message	Deletes the specified message from the specified queue
delete_message_batch	Deletes up to ten messages from the specified queue
delete_queue	Deletes the queue specified by the QueueUrl, regardless of the queue's contents

swf

get_queue_attributes	Gets attributes for the specified queue
get_queue_url	The GetQueueUrl API returns the URL of an existing Amazon SQS queue
list_dead_letter_source_queues	Returns a list of your queues that have the RedrivePolicy queue attribute configured with a
list_message_move_tasks	Gets the most recent message movement tasks (up to 10) under a specific source queue
list_queues	Returns a list of your queues in the current region
list_queue_tags	List all cost allocation tags added to the specified Amazon SQS queue
purge_queue	Deletes available messages in a queue (including in-flight messages) specified by the Que
receive_message	Retrieves one or more messages (up to 10), from the specified queue
remove_permission	Revokes any permissions in the queue policy that matches the specified Label parameter
send_message	Delivers a message to the specified queue
send_message_batch	You can use SendMessageBatch to send up to 10 messages to the specified queue by assig
set_queue_attributes	Sets the value of one or more queue attributes, like a policy
start_message_move_task	Starts an asynchronous task to move messages from a specified source queue to a specifie
tag_queue	Add cost allocation tags to the specified Amazon SQS queue
untag_queue	Remove cost allocation tags from the specified Amazon SQS queue

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- sqs()
svc$add_permission(
  Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

swf

Amazon Simple Workflow Service

Description

The Amazon Simple Workflow Service (Amazon SWF) makes it easy to build applications that use Amazon's cloud to coordinate work across distributed components. In Amazon SWF, a *task* represents a logical unit of work that is performed by a component of your workflow. Coordinating tasks in a workflow involves managing intertask dependencies, scheduling, and concurrency in accordance with the logical flow of the application.

Amazon SWF gives you full control over implementing tasks and coordinating them without worrying about underlying complexities such as tracking their progress and maintaining their state.

This documentation serves as reference only. For a broader overview of the Amazon SWF programming model, see the *Amazon SWF Developer Guide*.

Usage

```
swf(config = list(), credentials = list(), endpoint = NULL, region = NULL)
```

35

Arguments

Optional configuration of credentials, endpoint, and/or region.
credentials:
– creds:
* access_key_id: AWS access key ID
* secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
* session_token: AWS temporary session token
 profile: The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
– anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
• endpoint: The complete URL to use for the constructed client.
• region: The AWS Region used in instantiating the client.
• close_connection: Immediately close all HTTP connections.
• timeout : The time in seconds till a timeout exception is thrown when at- tempting to make a connection. The default is 60 seconds.
• s3_force_path_style : Set this to true to force the request to use path-style addressing, i.e. http://s3.amazonaws.com/BUCKET/KEY.
 sts_regional_endpoint: Set sts regional endpoint resolver to regional or legacy https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sdkref/latest/guide/feature-sts-regionalized-e html
Optional credentials shorthand for the config parameter
• creds:
– access_key_id: AWS access key ID
– secret_access_key: AWS secret access key
- session_token: AWS temporary session token
• profile : The name of a profile to use. If not given, then the default profile is used.
• anonymous: Set anonymous credentials.
Optional shorthand for complete URL to use for the constructed client.
Optional shorthand for AWS Region used in instantiating the client.

Value

A client for the service. You can call the service's operations using syntax like vc operation(...), where vc is the name you've assigned to the client. The available operations are listed in the Operations section.

Service syntax

```
svc <- swf(
    config = list(
        credentials = list(
            creds = list(
                access_key_id = "string",</pre>
```

```
secret_access_key = "string",
     session_token = "string"
   ),
   profile = "string";
   anonymous = "logical"
 ),
 endpoint = "string",
 region = "string",
  close_connection = "logical",
  timeout = "numeric",
  s3_force_path_style = "logical",
  sts_regional_endpoint = "string"
),
credentials = list(
 creds = list(
   access_key_id = "string",
    secret_access_key = "string",
    session_token = "string"
 ),
 profile = "string",
 anonymous = "logical"
),
endpoint = "string",
region = "string"
```

Operations

)

count_closed_workflow_executions count_open_workflow_executions count_pending_activity_tasks count_pending_decision_tasks delete_activity_type delete_workflow_type deprecate_activity_type deprecate_domain deprecate_workflow_type describe_activity_type describe_domain describe_workflow_execution describe_workflow_type get_workflow_execution_history list_activity_types list_closed_workflow_executions list domains list_open_workflow_executions list_tags_for_resource list_workflow_types

Returns the number of closed workflow executions within the given domain that meet t Returns the number of open workflow executions within the given domain that meet th Returns the estimated number of activity tasks in the specified task list Returns the estimated number of decision tasks in the specified task list Deletes the specified activity type Deletes the specified workflow type Deprecates the specified activity type Deprecates the specified domain Deprecates the specified workflow type Returns information about the specified activity type Returns information about the specified domain, including description and status Returns information about the specified workflow execution including its type and som Returns information about the specified workflow type Returns the history of the specified workflow execution Returns information about all activities registered in the specified domain that match the Returns a list of closed workflow executions in the specified domain that meet the filter Returns the list of domains registered in the account Returns a list of open workflow executions in the specified domain that meet the filterin List tags for a given domain Returns information about workflow types in the specified domain

swf

poll_for_activity_task Used by workers to get an ActivityTask from the specified activity taskList poll_for_decision_task Used by deciders to get a DecisionTask from the specified decision taskList record_activity_task_heartbeat Used by activity workers to report to the service that the ActivityTask represented by the register_activity_type Registers a new activity type along with its configuration settings in the specified doma register_domain Registers a new domain register_workflow_type Registers a new workflow type and its configuration settings in the specified domain request_cancel_workflow_execution Records a WorkflowExecutionCancelRequested event in the currently running workflo respond_activity_task_canceled Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken wa respond_activity_task_completed Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken co respond_activity_task_failed Used by workers to tell the service that the ActivityTask identified by the taskToken ha respond_decision_task_completed Used by deciders to tell the service that the DecisionTask identified by the taskToken h signal_workflow_execution Records a WorkflowExecutionSignaled event in the workflow execution history and cred start_workflow_execution Starts an execution of the workflow type in the specified domain using the provided wo Add a tag to a Amazon SWF domain tag_resource terminate_workflow_execution Records a WorkflowExecutionTerminated event and forces closure of the workflow exe undeprecate_activity_type Undeprecates a previously deprecated activity type undeprecate_domain Undeprecates a previously deprecated domain undeprecate_workflow_type Undeprecates a previously deprecated workflow type Remove a tag from a Amazon SWF domain untag_resource

Examples

```
## Not run:
svc <- swf()
svc$count_closed_workflow_executions(
  Foo = 123
)
```

End(Not run)

Index

activate_event_source, 4 add_permission, 31, 34 associate_default_view, 22 associate_tracker_consumer, 13 batch_delete_device_position_history, 13 batch_delete_geofence, 13 batch_evaluate_geofences, 13 batch_get_device_position, 13 batch_get_view, 22 batch_put_geofence, 13 batch_update_device_position, 13 calculate_route, 13 calculate_route_matrix, 13 cancel_message_move_task, 34 cancel_replay, 4 change_message_visibility, 34 change_message_visibility_batch, 34 check_if_phone_number_is_opted_out, 31 confirm_subscription, 31 count_closed_workflow_executions, 37 count_open_workflow_executions, 37 count_pending_activity_tasks, 37 count_pending_decision_tasks, 37 create_activity, 28 create_api_destination, 4 create_archive, 4 create_broker, 16 create_cli_token, 17, 19 create_configuration, 16 create_connection, 4 create_discoverer, 25 create_endpoint, 4 create_environment, 17, 19 create_event_bus, 4

create_geofence_collection, 13

create_index, 22

create_key, 13

create_map, 13 create_partner_event_source, 4 create_pipe, 8 create_place_index, 13 create_platform_application, 31 create_platform_endpoint, 31 create_queue, 34 create_registry, 25 create_route_calculator, 13 create_schedule, 10 create_schedule_group, 10 create_schema, 25 create_sms_sandbox_phone_number, 31 create_state_machine, 28 create_state_machine_alias, 28 create_tags, 16 create_topic, 31 create_tracker, 13 create_user, 16 create_view, 22 create_web_login_token, 17, 19 deactivate_event_source, 4

```
deauthorize_connection, 4
delete_activity, 28
delete_activity_type, 37
delete_api_destination, 4
delete_archive, 4
delete_broker, 16
delete_connection, 4
delete_discoverer, 25
delete_endpoint, 5, 31
delete_environment, 17, 19
delete_event_bus, 5
delete_geofence_collection, 13
delete_index, 22
delete_key, 13
delete_map, 13
delete_message, 34
delete_message_batch, 34
```

delete_partner_event_source, 5 delete_pipe, 8 delete_place_index, 13 delete_platform_application, 31 delete_queue, 34 delete_registry, 25 delete_resource_policy, 25 delete_route_calculator, 13 delete_rule, 5 delete_schedule, 10 delete_schedule_group, 10 delete_schema, 25 delete_schema_version, 25 delete_sms_sandbox_phone_number, 31 delete_state_machine, 28 delete_state_machine_alias, 28 delete_state_machine_version, 28 delete_tags, 16 delete_topic, 31 delete_tracker, 13 delete user. 16 delete_view, 22 delete_workflow_type, 37 deprecate_activity_type, 37 deprecate_domain, 37 deprecate_workflow_type, 37 describe_activity, 28 describe_activity_type, 37 describe_api_destination, 5 describe_archive, 5 describe_broker, 16 describe_broker_engine_types, 16 describe_broker_instance_options, 16 describe_code_binding, 25 describe_configuration, 16 describe_configuration_revision, 16 describe_connection, 5 describe_discoverer, 25 describe_domain, 37 describe_endpoint, 5 describe_event_bus, 5 describe_event_source, 5 describe_execution, 28 describe_geofence_collection, 13 describe_key, 13 describe_map, 13 describe_map_run, 28 describe_partner_event_source, 5

describe_pipe, 8 describe_place_index, 13 describe_registry, 25 describe_replay, 5 describe_route_calculator, 13 describe_rule, 5 describe_schema, 25 describe_state_machine, 28 describe_state_machine_alias, 28 describe_state_machine_for_execution, 28 describe_tracker, 13 describe_user, 16 describe_workflow_execution, 37 describe_workflow_type, 37 disable_rule, 5 disassociate_default_view, 22 disassociate_tracker_consumer, 13 enable_rule, 5 eventbridge, 2 eventbridgepipes, 6 eventbridgescheduler, 8 export_schema, 25 forecast_geofence_events, 13 get_account_level_service_configuration, 22 get_activity_task, 28 get_code_binding_source, 25 get_data_protection_policy, 31 get_default_view, 22 get_device_position, 13 get_device_position_history, 13 get_discovered_schema, 25 get_endpoint_attributes, 31 get_environment, 17, 19 get_execution_history, 28 get_geofence, 13 get_index, 22 get_managed_view, 22 get_map_glyphs, 13 get_map_sprites, 13 get_map_style_descriptor, 13 get_map_tile, 13 get_place, 13 get_platform_application_attributes,

31

40

INDEX

```
get_queue_attributes, 35
get_queue_url, 35
get_resource_policy, 25
get_schedule, 10
get_schedule_group, 10
get_sms_attributes, 31
get_sms_sandbox_account_status, 31
get_subscription_attributes, 31
get_topic_attributes, 31
get_view, 22
get_workflow_execution_history, 37
invoke_rest_api, 17, 19
list_activities, 28
list_activity_types, 37
list_api_destinations, 5
list_archives, 5
list_brokers, 16
list_closed_workflow_executions, 37
list_configuration_revisions, 16
list_configurations, 16
list_connections, 5
list_dead_letter_source_queues, 35
list_device_positions, 13
list_discoverers, 25
list_domains, 37
list_endpoints, 5
list_endpoints_by_platform_application,
        31
list_environments, 17, 19
list_event_buses, 5
list_event_sources, 5
list_executions, 28
list_geofence_collections, 13
list_geofences, 13
list_indexes, 22
list_indexes_for_members, 22
list_keys, 14
list_managed_views, 22
list_map_runs, 28
list_maps, 14
list_message_move_tasks, 35
list_open_workflow_executions, 37
list_origination_numbers, 31
list_partner_event_source_accounts, 5
list_partner_event_sources, 5
list_phone_numbers_opted_out, 31
list_pipes, 8
```

list_place_indexes, 14 list_platform_applications, 31 list_queue_tags, 35 list_queues, 35 list_registries, 25 list_replays, 5 list_resources, 22 list_route_calculators, 14 list_rule_names_by_target, 5 list_rules, 5 list_schedule_groups, 10 list_schedules, 10 list_schema_versions, 25 list_schemas, 25 list_sms_sandbox_phone_numbers, 31 list_state_machine_aliases, 28 list_state_machine_versions, 28 list_state_machines, 28 list_subscriptions, 31 list_subscriptions_by_topic, 31 list_supported_resource_types, 22 list_tags, 16 list_tags_for_resource, 5, 8, 10, 14, 17, 19, 22, 25, 28, 31, 37 list_targets_by_rule, 5 list_topics, 31 list_tracker_consumers, 14 list_trackers, 14 list_users, 16 list_views, 22 list_workflow_types, 37 locationservice, 11

mq, 14

```
mwaa, 17
```

opt_in_phone_number, 32 poll_for_activity_task, 38 poll_for_decision_task, 38 promote, 16 publish, 32 publish_batch, 32 publish_metrics, 19 publish_state_machine_version, 28 purge_queue, 35 put_code_binding, 25 put_data_protection_policy, 32 put_events, 5

```
put_geofence, 14
put_partner_events, 5
put_permission, 5
put_resource_policy, 25
put_rule, 5
put_targets, 5
reboot_broker, 16
receive_message, 35
record_activity_task_heartbeat, 38
redrive_execution, 28
register_activity_type, 38
register_domain, 38
register_workflow_type, 38
remove_permission, 5, 32, 35
remove_targets, 5
request_cancel_workflow_execution, 38
resourceexplorer, 20
respond_activity_task_canceled, 38
respond_activity_task_completed, 38
respond_activity_task_failed, 38
respond_decision_task_completed, 38
schemas, 23
search, 22
search_place_index_for_position, 14
search_place_index_for_suggestions, 14
search_place_index_for_text, 14
search_schemas, 25
send_message, 35
send_message_batch, 35
send_task_failure, 28
send_task_heartbeat, 28
send_task_success, 28
set_endpoint_attributes, 32
set_platform_application_attributes,
        32
set_queue_attributes, 35
set_sms_attributes, 32
set_subscription_attributes, 32
set_topic_attributes, 32
sfn, 26
signal_workflow_execution, 38
sns, 29
sqs, 32
start_discoverer, 25
start_execution, 28
start_message_move_task, 35
start_pipe, 8
```

```
start_replay, 5
start_sync_execution, 28
start_workflow_execution, 38
stop_discoverer, 25
stop_execution, 28
stop_pipe, 8
subscribe, 32
swf, 35
tag_queue, 35
tag_resource, 5, 8, 10, 14, 17, 19, 23, 25, 28,
        32.38
terminate_workflow_execution, 38
test_event_pattern, 5
test_state, 28
undeprecate_activity_type, 38
undeprecate_domain, 38
undeprecate_workflow_type, 38
unsubscribe, 32
untag_queue, 35
untag_resource, 5, 8, 10, 14, 17, 19, 23, 25,
        29, 32, 38
update_api_destination, 5
update_archive, 5
update_broker, 17
update_configuration, 17
update_connection, 5
update_discoverer, 25
update_endpoint, 5
update_environment, 17, 19
update_event_bus, 5
update_geofence_collection, 14
update_index_type, 23
update_key, 14
update_map, 14
update_map_run, 29
update_pipe, 8
update_place_index, 14
update_registry, 25
update_route_calculator, 14
update_schedule, 10
update_schema, 25
update_state_machine, 29
update_state_machine_alias, 29
update_tracker, 14
update_user, 17
update_view, 23
```

42

INDEX

validate_state_machine_definition, 29
verify_device_position, 14
verify_sms_sandbox_phone_number, 32