

Package ‘loggit2’

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Title Easy-to-Use, Dependencyless Logger

Description An easy-to-use 'ndjson' (newline-delimited 'JSON') logger.

It provides a set of wrappers for base R's message(), warning(), and stop() functions that maintain identical functionality, but also log the handler message to an 'ndjson' log file.

No change in existing code is necessary to use this package, and only a few additional adjustments are needed to fully utilize its potential.

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Depends R (>= 4.0)

Suggests knitr (>= 1.19), rmarkdown (>= 1.8), testthat (>= 3.0), utils

URL <https://github.com/ME0265/loggit2>, <https://r-loggit.org/>

BugReports <https://github.com/ME0265/loggit2/issues>

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`convert_to_csv` *Write log to csv file*

Description

Creates a csv file from the ndjson log file.

Usage

```
convert_to_csv(
  file,
  logfile = get_logfile(),
  unsanitize = FALSE,
  last_first = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	Path to write csv file to.
<code>logfile</code>	Path to log file to read from.
<code>unsanitize</code>	Should escaped special characters be unescaped?
<code>last_first</code>	Should the last log entry be the first row of the data frame?
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments to pass to <code>utils::write.csv()</code> .

Details

Unescaping of special characters can lead to unexpected results. Use `unsanitize = TRUE` with caution.

Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
convert_to_csv("my_log.csv")  
  
convert_to_csv("my_log.csv", logfile = "my_log.log", last_first = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

debuginfo

Debug Log Handler

Description

This function works like base R's `warning`, but is silent, includes logging of the exception message via `loggit()` and does not allow conditions as input.

Usage

```
debuginfo(..., call. = TRUE, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

...	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or a single condition object.
call.	logical, indicating if the call should become part of the warning message.
.loggit	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by <code>set_log_level()</code> is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to <code>stdout</code> as well?

Details

This function is more than just a wrapper around `loggit()` with a log level of "DEBUG". It has the ability to track the call stack and log it if `call.` is set to TRUE and to automatically translate the input into a message using `.makeMessage()`, like `warning()` does.

Value

No return value.

See Also

Other handlers: `message()`, `stop()`, `stopifnot()`, `warning()`

Examples

```
## Not run:  
debuginfo("This is a completely false condition")  
  
debuginfo("This is a completely false condition", echo = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`get_call_options` *Get Call Options*

Description

Get Call Options

Usage

```
get_call_options()
```

Value

The call options.

`get_echo` *Get echo*

Description

Get echo

Usage

```
get_echo()
```

Value

Logical. Are log messages echoed to `stdout`?

<i>get_logfile</i>	<i>Get Log File</i>
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Description

Return the log file that `loggit()` will write to by default.

Usage

```
get_logfile()
```

Value

The log file path.

Examples

```
get_logfile()
```

<i>get_log_level</i>	<i>Get Log Level</i>
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Description

Get Log Level

Usage

```
get_log_level()
```

Value

The log level.

get_timestamp_format *Get Timestamp Format*

Description

Get timestamp format for use in output logs.

Usage

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

Value

The timestamp format.

Examples

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

loggit *Log messages and R objects*

Description

Log messages and R objects to a **ndjson** log file.

Usage

```
loggit(  
  log_lvl,  
  log_msg,  
  ...,  
  echo = get_echo(),  
  custom_log_lvl = FALSE,  
  logfile = get_logfile(),  
  ignore_log_level = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

log_lvl	Log level. A atomic vector of length one (usually character). Will be coerced to character.
log_msg	Log message. A atomic vector of length one (usually character). Will be coerced to character.
...	Named arguments, each a atomic vector of length one, you wish to log. Will be coerced to character. The names of the arguments are treated as column names in the log.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?
custom_log_lvl	Allow log levels other than "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARN", and "ERROR"?
logfile	Path of log file to write to.
ignore_log_level	Ignore the log level set by <code>set_log_level()</code> ?

Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:
loggit("DEBUG", "This is a message")

loggit("INFO", "This is a message", echo = FALSE)

loggit("CUSTOM", "This is a message of a custom log_lvl", custom_log_lvl = TRUE)

loggit(
  "INFO", "This is a message", but_maybe = "you want more fields?",
  sure = "why not?", like = 2, or = 10, what = "ever"
)
## End(Not run)
```

Description

This function is identical to base R's `message`, but it includes logging of the exception message via `loggit()`.

Usage

```
message(..., domain = NULL, appendLF = TRUE, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

...	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or (for message only) a single condition object.
domain	see gettext . If NA, messages will not be translated, see also the note in stop .
appendLF	logical: should messages given as a character string have a newline appended?
.loggit	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by set_log_level() is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

Invisible NULL.

See Also

Other handlers: [debuginfo\(\)](#), [stop\(\)](#), [stopifnot\(\)](#), [warning\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
message("Don't say such silly things!")

message("Don't say such silly things!", appendLF = FALSE, echo = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

read_logs

Get log as data.frame

Description

Returns a `data.frame` containing all the logs in the provided `ndjson` log file.

Usage

```
read_logs(logfile = get_logfile(), unsanitize = TRUE, last_first = FALSE)
```

Arguments

logfile	Path to log file to read from.
unsanitize	Should escaped special characters be unescaped?
last_first	Should the last log entry be the first row of the data frame?

Details

`read_logs()` returns a `data.frame` with the empty character columns "timestamp", "log_lvl" and "log_msg" if the log file has no entries.

Value

A `data.frame`, with the columns as the fields in the log file.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
read_logs()  
  
read_logs(last_first = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

rotate_logs*Rotate log file*

Description

Truncates the log file to the line count provided as `rotate_lines`.

Usage

```
rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 100000L, logfile = get_logfile())
```

Arguments

`rotate_lines` The number of log entries to keep in the logfile.
`logfile` Log file to truncate.

Value

Invisible NULL.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
rotate_logs()  
  
rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 0L)  
  
rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 1000L, logfile = "my_log.log")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

set_call_options *Set Call Options*

Description

Set Call Options

Usage

```
set_call_options(..., .arg_list, confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

...	Named arguments to set.
.arg_list	A list of named arguments to set.
confirm	Print confirmation message of call options setting?

Details

Call options are as follows:

- log_call: Log the call of an condition?
- full_stack: Log the full stack trace?

Only one of ... or .arg_list can be provided.

Value

Invisible the previous call options.

set_echo *Set echo*

Description

Set echo

Usage

```
set_echo(echo = TRUE, confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

echo	Should log messages be echoed to stdout?
confirm	Print confirmation message of echo setting?

Value

Invisible the previous echo setting.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
set_echo(TRUE)  
set_echo(FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

set_logfile*Set Log File*

Description

Set the log file that loggit will write to by default.

Usage

```
set_logfile(logfile = NULL, confirm = TRUE, create = TRUE)
```

Arguments

logfile	Absolut or relative path to log file. An attempt is made to convert the path into a canonical absolute form using normalizePath() . If NULL will set to <tmpdir>/loggit.log.
confirm	Print confirmation of log file setting?
create	Create the log file if it does not exist?

Details

No logs outside of a temporary directory will be written until this is set explicitly, as per CRAN policy. Therefore, the default behavior is to create a file named loggit.log in your system's temporary directory.

Value

Invisible the previous log file path.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
set_logfile("path/to/logfile.log")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`set_log_level` *Set Log Level*

Description

Set Log Level

Usage

```
set_log_level(level = "DEBUG", confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

level	Log level to set, as a string or integer.
confirm	Print confirmation message of log level?

Details

Log levels are as follows: DEBUG: 4 INFO: 3 WARNING: 2 ERROR: 1 NONE: 0

Value

Invisible the previous log level.

Examples

```
## Not run:
set_log_level("DEBUG")
set_log_level("INFO")

set_log_level(4)
set_log_level(3)

## End(Not run)
```

`set_timestamp_format` *Set Timestamp Format*

Description

Set timestamp format for use in output logs.

Usage

```
set_timestamp_format(ts_format = "%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%z", confirm = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>ts_format</code>	ISO date format.
<code>confirm</code>	Print confirmation message of timestamp format?

Details

This function performs no time format validations, but will echo out the current time in the provided format for manual validation.

This function provides no means of setting a timezone, and instead relies on the host system's time configuration to provide this. This is to enforce consistency across software running on the host.

Value

Invisible the previous timestamp format.

Examples

```
## Not run:
set_timestamp_format("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")

## End(Not run)
```

`stop`

Stop Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's `stop`, but it includes logging of the exception message via `loggit()`.

Usage

```
stop(..., call. = TRUE, domain = NULL, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or a single condition object.
<code>call.</code>	logical, indicating if the call should become part of the error message.
<code>domain</code>	see <code>gettext</code> . If NA, messages will not be translated.
<code>.loggit</code>	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by <code>set_log_level()</code> is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
<code>echo</code>	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

No return value.

See Also

Other handlers: [debuginfo\(\)](#), [message\(\)](#), [stopifnot\(\)](#), [warning\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
stop("This is a completely false condition")

stop("This is a completely false condition", echo = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

stopifnot

Conditional Stop Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's [stopifnot](#), but it includes logging of the exception message via [loggit\(\)](#).

Usage

```
stopifnot(..., exprs, exprObject, local, .loggit = NA, echo = get_echo())
```

Arguments

`..., exprs` any number of R expressions, which should each evaluate to (a logical vector of all) TRUE. Use *either ... or exprs*, the latter typically an unevaluated expression of the form

```
{
  expr1
  expr2
  ....
}
```

Note that e.g., positive numbers are not TRUE, even when they are coerced to TRUE, e.g., inside `if(.)` or in arithmetic computations in R. If names are provided to ..., they will be used in lieu of the default error message.

`exprObject` alternative to `exprs` or ...: an ‘expression-like’ object, typically an [expression](#), but also a [call](#), a [name](#), or atomic constant such as TRUE.

local	(only when <code>exprs</code> is used:) indicates the environment in which the expressions should be evaluated; by default the one from where <code>stopifnot()</code> has been called.
.loggit	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by <code>set_log_level()</code> is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

See Also

Other handlers: [debuginfo\(\)](#), [message\(\)](#), [stop\(\)](#), [warning\(\)](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
stopifnot("This is a completely false condition" = FALSE)

stopifnot(5L == 5L, "This is a completely false condition" = FALSE, echo = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

warning

Warning Log Handler

Description

This function is identical to base R's [warning](#), but it includes logging of the exception message via `loggit()`.

Usage

```
warning(
  ...,
  call. = TRUE,
  immediate. = FALSE,
  noBreaks. = FALSE,
  domain = NULL,
  .loggit = NA,
  echo = get_echo()
)
```

Arguments

...	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or a single condition object.
call.	logical, indicating if the call should become part of the warning message.

<code>immediate.</code>	logical, indicating if the call should be output immediately, even if <code>getOption("warn") <= 0.</code>
<code>noBreaks.</code>	logical, indicating as far as possible the message should be output as a single line when <code>options(warn = 1).</code>
<code>domain</code>	see <code>gettext</code> . If NA, messages will not be translated, see also the note in <code>stop</code> .
<code>.loggit</code>	Should the condition message be added to the log? If NA the log level set by <code>set_log_level()</code> is used to determine if the condition should be logged.
<code>echo</code>	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?

Value

The warning message as `character` string, invisibly.

See Also

Other handlers: `debuginfo()`, `message()`, `stop()`, `stopifnot()`

Examples

```
## Not run:
warning("You may want to review that math")

warning("You may want to review that math", immediate = FALSE, echo = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

`with_loggit`

Log any expressions

Description

Log code without having to explicitly use the `loggit2` handlers. This is particularly useful for code that cannot be customized, e.g. from third-party packages.

Usage

```
with_loggit(
  exp,
  logfile = get_logfile(),
  echo = get_echo(),
  log_level = get_log_level()
)
```

Arguments

exp	An expression to evaluate.
logfile	Path of log file to write to.
echo	Should the log entry (json) be echoed to stdout as well?
log_level	The log level to use.

Details

If loggit2 handlers are already used in the expression, this can lead to conditions being logged twice (in the same or different files).

Value

The result of the expression.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
x <- with_loggit(5L + 5L)  
  
with_loggit(base::message("Test log message"))  
  
with_loggit(base::warning("Test log message"), echo = FALSE, logfile = "my_log.log")  
  
x <- with_loggit({  
  y <- 5L  
  base::message("Test log message")  
  base::warning("Test log message")  
  1L + y  
})  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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