# Package 'forsearch'

January 7, 2025

Title Diagnostic Analysis Using Forward Search Procedure for Various Models

Version 6.4.0

**Description** Identifies potential data outliers and their impact on estimates and analyses. Tool for evaluation of study credibility. Uses the forward search approach of Atkinson and Riani, ``Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis", 2000,<ISBN: o-387-95017-6> to prepare descriptive statistics of a dataset that is to be analyzed by functions lm {stats}, glm {stats}, nls {stats}, lme {nlme}, or coxph {survival}, or their equivalent in another language. Includes graphics functions to display the descriptive statistics.

**Depends** R (>= 4.3.0)

License GPL (>= 3)

SystemRequirements gmp (>= 4.1)

**Encoding** UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

**Imports** Hmisc(>= 5.2-1), Cairo(>= 1.6-2), formula.tools(>= 1.7.1), ggplot2(>= 3.5.1), nlme(>= 3.1-166), rlang(>= 1.1.4), survival(>= 3.3-3), tibble(>= 3.2.1)

Suggests rmarkdown, knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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**Repository** CRAN

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forsearch-package	Diagnostic Analysis Using Forward Search Procedure for Various Models Diagnostic Analysis Using Forward Search Procedure for Var- ious Models

## forsearch-package

## Description

Identifies potential data outliers and their impact on estimates and analyses. Tool for evaluation of study credibility. Uses the forward search approach of Atkinson and Riani, "Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis", 2000,<ISBN: o-387-95017-6> to prepare descriptive statistics of a dataset that is to be analyzed by functions lm {stats}, glm {stats}, nls {stats}, lme {nlme}, or coxph {survival}, or their equivalent in another language. Includes graphics functions to display the descriptive statistics.

# Details

The DESCRIPTION file:

Package:	forsearch
Title:	Diagnostic Analysis Using Forward Search Procedure for Various Models
Version:	6.4.0
Authors@R:	person("William", "Fairweather", email = "wrf343@flowervalleyconsulting.com", role = c("aut", "cre
Description:	Identifies potential data outliers and their impact on estimates and analyses. Tool for evaluation of stu
Depends:	R (>= 4.3.0)
License:	GPL (>= 3)
LazyData:	TRUE
SystemRequirements:	gmp (>= 4.1)
Encoding:	UTF-8
Roxygen:	list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote:	7.3.2
Imports:	Hmisc(>= 5.2-1), Cairo(>= 1.6-2), formula.tools(>= 1.7.1), ggplot2(>= 3.5.1), nlme(>= 3.1-166), rlar
Suggests:	rmarkdown, knitr
VignetteBuilder:	knitr
Author:	William Fairweather [aut, cre]
Maintainer:	William Fairweather <wrf343@flowervalleyconsulting.com></wrf343@flowervalleyconsulting.com>

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plotdiag.deviances plotdiag.fit3 plotdiag.leverage	Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Deviance Residuals Plot Diagnostic Deviance Statistics Plot Diagnostic Statistics of AIC, BIC, and Log Likelihood Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Leverage
plotdiag.deviances plotdiag.fit3	Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Deviance Residuals Plot Diagnostic Deviance Statistics Plot Diagnostic Statistics of AIC, BIC, and Log Likelihood
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<pre>plotdiag.deviances plotdiag.fit3 plotdiag.leverage plotdiag.loglik plotdiag.lrt plotdiag.params.fixed plotdiag.params.random plotdiag.phihatx plotdiag.residuals</pre>	Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Deviance Residuals Plot Diagnostic Deviance Statistics Plot Diagnostic Statistics of AIC, BIC, and Log Likelihood Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Leverage Plot Diagnostic Statistics of LOGLIK Output of COXPH Function Plot Diagnostic Statistics of Likelihood Ratio Test of COXPH Function Plot Diagnostic Statistics of Fixed Coefficients Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Random Coefficients Plot Diagnostic PhiHat Statistics Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Residuals Or Squared Residuals
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```
aStep1
```

```
Function
variablelist Identify Level(s) to Which Each Factor
Observation Belongs
```

Ensure that data frame has a leading column of observation numbers. Run forsearch\_foo to create a file of diagnostic statistics to be used as input to such plotting functions as plotdiag.residuals, plotdiag.params.fixed, plotdiag.params.random, plotdiag.s2, plotdiag,leverage, and plotdiag.Cook. The file of diagnostic statistics can be voluminous, and the utility function showme displays the output more succinctly. Plotting of statistics for fixed and for random coefficients is limited by graphical restraints in some cases. The function identifyCoeffs provides a set of indexing codes so that plotdiag.params.random can display diagnostics for selected fixed or random model parameters. The function identifyFixedCoeffs does the same for Im models.

#### Author(s)

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#### References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000. Pinheiro, JC and DM Bates. Mixed-Effects Models in S and S-Plus, Springer, New York, 2000.

aStep1	Create Set of Observation Numbers in Step 1 for Linear Model Analy-
	sis

#### Description

Derives the first set of observation numbers for forsearch in linear models

#### Usage

```
aStep1(yesfactor, df1, df1.ls, inner.rank, initial.sample, formulaA,
nofactform, ycol, b.d)
```

## Arguments

yesfactor	Logical. TRUE if there are factors in the X matrix
df1	Data frame being analyzed by forward search.
df1.ls	List, each element of which is a factor subset of df1
inner.rank	Rank of X matrix of lm analysis on entire database
initial.sample	Number of random samples from which to take set of initial observations
formulaA	Fixed parameter formula of lm function

nofactform	2-sided formula excluding factor variables
ycol	Response column number
b.d	Index of point to begin diagnostic listings

## Details

Support function, usually not called independently

## Value

Produces set of observation numbers for Step 1. Accounts for presence of factors in the dataset

#### Note

Presence of Observation column has no effect on outcome

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

aStep2

Update Observation Set in Step 2

## Description

Derives the set of observation numbers for forsearch in Step 2 for linear models

## Usage

## Arguments

yesfactor	True or False for presence of factors
form.A2	Formula for analysis of entire dataset
finalm	See VALUE above. finalm argument is the same but only for Step 1 values
rimbs	List, each element is a matrix of obs numbers and corresponding subset codes
onlyfactor	Logical. TRUE if there are no continuous independent variables in the model
dfa2	Data frame being analyzed by forward search. Presence of Observation column has no effect on output
finalm.ls	List showing finalm separated into factor subsets
ycol	Response column number, including 1 for Observation
mstart	Number of first subset to be defined in Step 2
rnk	Rank of X matrix. For factors, this is rank with factors removed.
b.d	Number at which to begin diagnostic listings

## bStep1

# Details

Support function, usually not called independently

## Value

Vector of integers corresponding to observation numbers

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

bStep1

Create Set of Observation Numbers in Step 1 for Linear Mixed Effects Model Analysis

## Description

Derives the first set of observation numbers for forsearch in linear mixed effects models

# Usage

## Arguments

yesfactor	Logical. TRUE if there are factors in the X matrix
df1	Data frame being analyzed by forward search.
df1.ls	List, each element of which is a factor subset of df1
groups	Vector of Quoted names of group variables
inner.rank	Rank of X matrix of lme analysis on entire database
source	Vector list of subsets provding observations
initial.sample	Number of random samples from which to take set of initial observations
nofactform	2-sided formula without factors
formulaA	Formula for all effects including factors and constructed variables
randform	One-sided random effects formula
inc	Logical. TRUE causes relaxation of ImeControl
ycol	Response column number
b.d	Index of point to begin diagnostic listings

## Details

Support function, usually not called independently

## Value

Produces set of observation numbers for Step 1. Accounts for presence of factors and groups in the dataset

## Note

Presence of Observation column has no effect on outcome

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

bStep2

Update Observation Numbers in Step 2

## Description

Derives the set of Step 2 observation numbers for forsearch in linear mixed effects models

## Usage

bStep2(yf, f2, dfa2, randm2, onlyfactor = FALSE,ms, ycol, initn, inc, finalm, fbg, b.d)

## Arguments

yf	Logical. Indicates presence of factor variables
f2	Fixed parameter formula
dfa2	Complete data set with factor subset identification codes
randm2	Random parameter formula
onlyfactor	TRUE if there are no continuous independent variables in the model
ms	Number of observations beginning Step 2
ycol	Column number of response variable
initn	Vector of number of observations from each group or fixed factor subset to draw for primary stage of step 2
inc	Logical. TRUE causes relaxation of ImeControl
finalm	List of expanding subset observation numbers
fbg	List of observation numbers by factor subgroup
b.d	Indicator of place in code to begin diagnostic printouts

# Details

Support function, usually not called independently

# cStep1

# Value

List of expanding number sets corresponding to observation numbers

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

cStep1	Create Set of Observation Numbers in Step 1 for Cox Proportional
	Hazards Model Analysis

## Description

Derives the first set of observation numbers for forsearch in Cox Proportional Hazards models

## Usage

cStep1(df1, df1.ls, inner.rank, initial.sample, f.e, cphties, ycol, b.d)

## Arguments

df1	Data frame being analyzed by forward search.
df1.ls	List, each element of which is a factor subset of df1
inner.rank	Rank of X matrix of lm analysis on entire database
initial.sample	Number of random samples from which to take set of initial observations
f.e	Right-hand side of formula for Surv function
cphties	Character value of method of handling ties
ycol	Response column number
b.d	Index of point to begin diagnostic listings

## Details

Support function, usually not called independently

## Value

Produces set of observation numbers for Step 1. Accounts for presence of factors in the dataset

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

cStep2

# Description

Derives the set of observation numbers for step 2 for forsearch in Cox proportional hazard models

## Usage

cStep2(fe, finalm, rimbs, dfa2, onlyfactor=FALSE, ycol, cphties,mstart, rnk, b.d)

# Arguments

fe	Right hand side of formula
finalm	List of rows in model at each stage
rimbs	List, each element is a complete matrix of obs numbers and corresponding sub- set codes
dfa2	Complete data frame with factor subset indicator codes
onlyfactor	Logical. TRUE if there are no continuous independent variables
ycol	Response column number
cphties	Character designation of method of handling ties
mstart	Number of observations in first stage of Step 2
rnk	Rank of linear analysis with factor variables removed
b.d	Indicator of starting point for diagnostic listings

## Details

Support function; usually not called independently

## Value

Vector of expanding number sets corresponding to observation numbers

# Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

forsearch\_cph

## Description

Prepares summary statistics at each stage of forward search for subsequent plotting.

#### Usage

```
forsearch_cph(alldata, formula.rhs, nofactform, initial.sample=1000,
     skip.step1=NULL, ties = "efron", maxdisturb=.01, proportion=TRUE,
     unblinded=TRUE, begin.diagnose= 100, verbose=TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

alldata	Data frame whose first 3 columns are Observation, event.time, and status, and whose last columns are independent variables. Factor variables must be defined in advance.
formula.rhs	The right hand side of a formula object (omit tilde '~')
nofactform	Formula, omitting all factor variables
initial.sample	Number of observations in Step 1 of forward search
skip.step1	NULL or a vector of integers for observations to be included in Step 1
ties	Method for handling ties in event time, "efron", "breslow" or "exact"; see survival::coxph
maxdisturb	Amount of maximum disturbance to add to each event time to prevent ties
proportion	Logical. TRUE causes running of survival::cox.zph on each stage
unblinded	TRUE causes printing of presumed analysis structure
begin.diagnose	Numeric. Indicates where in code to begin printing diagnostics. 0 prints all; 100 prints none
verbose	TRUE causes function identifier to display before and after run

## Details

Step 1 requires one additional observation to be included in database to prevent failure of Wald statistic in Step 2 calculation of coxph function

# Value

## LIST

Rows in stage Observation numbers of rows included at each stage Number of model parameters

Number of fixed coefficients in Cox model

Fixed parameter estimates		
	Vector of parameter estimates at each stage	
Wald Test	Vector of Wald tests at each stage	
LogLikelihood	Vector of null and overall coefficients log likelihoods at each stage	
Likelihood ratio test		
	Vector of LRTs at each stage	
Leverage	Matrix of leverage of each observation at each stage	
Call	Call to this function	

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

## Examples

forsearch_glm	Create Statistics of Forward Search in a Generalized Linear Model
	Database

#### Description

Prepares summary statistics at each stage of forward search for subsequent plotting. Forward search is conducted in three steps: Step 1 to identify minimal set of observations to estimate unknown parameters, and Step 2 to add one observation at each stage such that observations in the set are best fitting at that stage. A preliminary step (Step 0) contains code for pre-processing of the data.

## forsearch\_glm

## Usage

```
forsearch_glm(initial.sample=1000, response.cols, indep.cols, family,
  formula=NULL, binomialrhs=NULL, formula.cont.rhs, data,
  estimate.phi = TRUE, wiggle=1, skip.step1=NULL, unblinded=TRUE,
  begin.diagnose=100, verbose=TRUE)
```

# Arguments

initial.sample	Number of random sets of observations in Step 1 of forward search
response.cols	Vector of column numbers (1 or 2) of responses and nonresponses (if binomial)
indep.cols	Column number(s) of independent variables
family	Error distribution and link
formula	Formula relating response to independent variables. Required except for fam- ily=binomial
binomialrhs	Quoted character.Right-hand side of formula. Required for family=binomial
formula.cont.rh	ns
	Quoted character.Right-hand side of formula, omitting factor variables. Re- quired for all families
data	Name of database
estimate.phi	TRUE causes phi to be estimated; FALSE causes phi to be set = $1$
wiggle	Number multiplier to minimize arbitrary exchange of observations in step 2. Default is 1. Used only if independent variables are all factors.
skip.step1	NULL, or vector of observation numbers to include at end of Step 1
unblinded	TRUE allows print of formula of analysis function
begin.diagnose	Numeric. Indicates where in code to begin printing diagnostics. 0 prints all; 100 prints none
verbose	TRUE causes function identifier to display before and after run

## Details

Step 2 is determined by the results of Step 1, which itself is random. So, it is possible to reproduce the entire run by using the skip.step1 argument. Inner subgroups are produced by presence of categorical variables. Current version assumes independent variables are all continuous.

## Value

# LIST

Rows in stage	Observation numbers of rows included at each stage	
Family	Family and link	
Number of model parameters		
	Number of fixed effect parameters	
Fixed parameter estimates		
	Matrix of parameter estimates at each stage	

Residual deviance		
Vector of deviances		
Vector of null deviances		
Vector of values of phi parameter		
Deviance residuals and augments		
Deviance residuals with indication of whether each is included in fit		
Vector of AIC values		
Matrix of leverage of each observation at each stage		
Call to this function		

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Train deaths (Atkinson and Riani, 2000) with Rolling Stock as a factor
Observation<-1:67
11,3,10,4,2,12,12,9,11,1,10,8,6,1,10,6,12,8,4,9,6,12,10,7,2,5,12,5,5,4,3,1,
        9,11,9,7,3,2)
Year <- c (97, 96, 96, 95, 94, 94, 91, 91, 90, 89, 89, 89, 88, 88, 87, 86, 86, 86, 86, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84, 84,
         83,83,82,81,81,80,80,79,79,79,78,78,77,76,76,75,75,75,75,74,74,73,73,73,72,
         72,71,71,71,71,70,69,69,69,69,69,69,69,68,67,67,67,67,67
RollingStock<-c(2,2,3,2,1,1,1,1,2,3,1,1,1,2,1,2,1,3,2,2,1,2,2,3,1,2,1,1,2,3,1,
         RollingStock <- as.factor(RollingStock)</pre>
Traffic<-c(0.436,0.424,0.424,0.426,0.419,0.419,0.439,0.439,0.431,0.436,0.436,
        0.436,0.443,0.443,0.397,0.414,0.414,0.414,0.414,0.389,0.389,0.389,0.389,
        0.389, 0.401, 0.401, 0.372, 0.417, 0.417, 0.43, 0.43, 0.426, 0.426, 0.426, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.43, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0.44, 0
        0.425,0.426,0.426,0.436,0.436,0.436,0.436,0.452,0.452,0.452,0.433,0.433,0.433,
        0.431,0.431,0.444,0.444,0.444,0.444,0.452,0.447,0.447,0.447,0.447,0.447,
         0.447, 0.449, 0.459, 0.459, 0.459, 0.459, 0.459
Deaths<-c(7,1,1,1,5,2,4,2,1,1,2,5,35,1,4,1,2,1,1,3,1,3,13,2,1,1,1,4,1,2,1,5,7,
         1,1,3,2,1,2,1,2,6,1,1,1,10,5,1,1,6,3,1,2,1,2,1,1,6,2,2,4,2,49,1,7,5,9)
train2022 <- data.frame(Observation, Year, RollingStock, Traffic, Deaths)</pre>
test02<-forsearch_glm(initial.sample = 100, response.cols = 5,</pre>
         indep.cols = 2:4, formula=Deaths~Year + RollingStock + Traffic,
         formula.cont.rhs="Year + Traffic",
         family = poisson("log"), data = train2022,
         estimate.phi = TRUE, skip.step1 = NULL,
        unblinded = TRUE, begin.diagnose=100)
```

## End(Not run)

forsearch\_lm

# Description

Prepares summary statistics at each stage of forward search for subsequent plotting. Forward search is conducted in two steps: Step 1 to identify minimal set of observations to estimate unknown parameters, and Step 2 to add one observation at each stage such that observations in the set are best fitting at that stage.

## Usage

# Arguments

formula	Fixed effects formula as described in help(lm). The only permitted operators are +, : , and $*$ . Terms must be found in data or as constructed by I(xxx) where xxx is found in data
nofactform	2-sided formula omitting all factors
data	Name of database
initial.sample	Number of observations in Step 1 of forward search
skip.step1	NULL or a vector of integers for observations to be included in Step 1
unblinded	TRUE causes printing of presumed analysis structure
begin.diagnose	Numeric. Indicates where in code to begin printing diagnostics. 0 prints all; 100 prints none
verbose	TRUE causes function identifier to display before and after run

## Value

#### LIST

Rows in stage	Observation numbers of rows included at each stage	
Standardized residuals		
	Matrix of errors at each stage	
Number of model parameters		
	Rank of model	
Sigma	Estimate of random error at final stage; used to standardize all residuals	
Fixed parameter estimates		
	Vector of parameter estimates at each stage	
s^2	Estimate of random error at each stage	
Leverage	Matrix of leverage of each observation at each stage	

forsearch\_lm

Modified Cook di	stance
	Estimate of sum of squared changes in parameter estimates at each stage
Call	Call to this function

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

#### Examples

```
## Not run:
# Multiple regression
Observation <- 1:16
y <- runif(16)
x1 <- runif(16)
x2 <- runif(16)
x3 <- runif(16)
lmtest1 <- data.frame(Observation,y,x1,x2,x3)</pre>
test1 <- forsearch_lm(formula=y~x1+x2+x3, nofactform=y~x1+x2+x3, data=lmtest1,</pre>
     initial.sample=200,begin.diagnose=100)
# Analysis of variance
Observation <- 1:30
y <- runif(30)
AN1 <- as.factor(c(rep("A1",5),rep("A2",5),rep("A3",5)))</pre>
AN1 <- c(AN1, AN1)
AN2 <- as.factor(c(rep("B1",15),rep("B2",15)))</pre>
lmtest2 <- data.frame(Observation,y,AN1,AN2)</pre>
test2 <- forsearch_lm(formula=y~AN1*AN2, nofactform=y~1, data=lmtest2,</pre>
       initial.sample=200, begin.diagnose=100)
# Analysis of covariance
Observation <- 1:60
y <- runif(60)
AN1 <- as.factor(c(rep("A1",10),rep("A2",10),rep("A3",10)))
AN1 <- c(AN1, AN1)
AN2 <- as.factor(c(rep("B1",30),rep("B2",30)))</pre>
COV <- runif(60)
lmtest3 <- data.frame(Observation,y,AN1,AN2,COV)</pre>
test3 <- forsearch_lm(formula=y~AN1*AN2+COV, nofactform=y~COV, data=lmtest3,</pre>
      initial.sample=200,begin.diagnose=100)
# Polynomial regression
C1 <- 7*runif(60) + 1
y < -4 + C1 - 6*C1^2 + 9*C1^3 + rnorm(60)
Observation <- 1:60
dfpoly <- data.frame(Observation,C1,y)</pre>
test4 <- forsearch_lm(formula = y ~ C1 + I(C1^2) + I(C1^3), data = dfpoly,</pre>
```

#### forsearch\_lme

```
nofactform=y ~ C1 + I(C1^2) + I(C1^3),initial.sample = 200,
begin.diagnose=100)
```

## End(Not run)

```
forsearch_lme
```

Create Statistics Of Forward Search For a Linear Mixed Effects Database

## Description

Prepares summary statistics at each stage of forward search for subsequent plotting. Forward search is conducted in four steps: Step 0 to set up accounting for group structure, Step 1 to identify minimal set of observations to estimate unknown fixed parameters, Step 2 to identify the order of the remaining observations, and a final stage to extract the intermediate statistics based on increasing sample size.

#### Usage

```
forsearch_lme(fixedform, nofactform, alldata, randomform, groupname, randfactnames=NULL,
    initial.sample=1000, skip.step1=NULL, unblinded=TRUE, begin.diagnose = 100,
    incCont=FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

fixedform	2-sided formula for fixed effects
nofactform	2-sided formula for fixed effects, omitting factors
alldata	data frame, first column of which must be "Observation"
randomform	1-sided formula for random effects
groupname	Quoted name of group variable in randomform. Nested grouping not permitted in this version
randfactnames	Vector of quoted names of random factor variables
initial.sample	Number of observations in Step 1 of forward search
skip.step1	NULL or a vector of integers for observations to be included in Step 1
unblinded	TRUE causes printing of presumed analysis structure
begin.diagnose	Numeric indicator of place in coding to begin printing diagnostic information. 0 prints all information, 100 prints none.
incCont	Logical. Currently ignored
verbose	TRUE causes function identifier to display before and after run

#### Details

data will be grouped within the function, regardless of initial layout. Step 2 is determined by the results of Step 1, which itself is random. So, it is possible to reproduce the entire run by using the skip.step1 argument. Variables in the randomform formula must be character variables, but \*not\* factors

# Value

LIST	
Number of observ	vations in Step 1
	Number of observations included in Step 1
Step 1 observati	on numbers
	Observation numbers useful in skipping step 1
Rows by outer sul	bgroup
	List of row numbers, by outer subgroup
Rows by outer-in	iner subgroups
	List of row numbers, by outer-inner subgroup
Rows in stage	Observation numbers of rows included at each stage
Sigma	Estimate of random error at final stage; used to standardize all residuals
Standardized real	siduals
	Matrix of errors at each stage
Fixed parameter	estimates
	Matrix of parameter estimates at each stage
Random paramete	restimates
	Matrix of parameter estimates at each stage
Leverage	Matrix of leverage of each observation at each stage
Modified Cook di	stance
	Estimate of sum of squared changes in parameter estimates at each stage
Dims	Dims from fit of lme function
t statistics	t statistics for each fixed parameter
Fit statistics	AIC, BIC, and log likelihood
Call	Call to this function

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000. Pinheiro, JC and DM Bates. Mixed-Effects Models in S and S-Plus, Springer, New York, 2000. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=nlme

# Examples

```
## Not run:
# Multiple regression in grouped data
Observation <- 1:160
y <- runif(160)
x1 <- runif(160)
x2 <- runif(160)
x3 <- runif(160)</pre>
```

#### forsearch\_nls

```
group <- rep(c("G1","G2"),each=80)</pre>
lmetest1 <- data.frame(Observation,y,x1,x2,x3,group)</pre>
forsearch_lme(fixedform=y~x1+x2+x3, nofactform=y~x1+x2+x3, alldata=lmetest1,
   randomform= ~1|group, groupname="group", initial.sample=200)
# Analysis of variance in grouped data
Observation <- 1:60
y <- runif(60)
AN1 <- as.factor(c(rep("A1",5),rep("A2",5),rep("A3",5)))</pre>
AN1 <- c(AN1,AN1,AN1,AN1)
AN2 <- as.factor(c(rep("B1",15),rep("B2",15)))</pre>
AN2 <- c(AN2, AN2)
group <- rep(c("G1","G2"),each=30)</pre>
lmetest2 <- data.frame(Observation,y,AN1,AN2,group)</pre>
forsearch_lme(fixedform=y~AN1*AN2, nofactform=y~1, alldata=lmetest2,
   randomform= ~1|group, groupname="group",initial.sample=500)
# Analysis of covariance in grouped data
Observation <- 1:120
y <- runif(120)</pre>
AN1 <- as.factor(c(rep("A1",10),rep("A2",10),rep("A3",10),rep("A4",10)))
AN1 <- c(AN1, AN1, AN1)
AN2 <- as.factor(c(rep("B1",5),rep("B2",5)))</pre>
AN2 \leq c(AN2, AN2, AN2, AN2, AN2, AN2)
AN2 <- c(AN2,AN2)
COV <- runif(120)
group <- rep(c("G1","G2"),each=30)</pre>
group <- c(group,group)</pre>
lmetest3 <- data.frame(Observation,y,AN1,AN2,COV,group)</pre>
test3<-forsearch_lme(fixedform=y~AN1*AN2+COV,nofactform=y~COV,alldata=lmetest3,</pre>
        randomform= ~ 1 | group,groupname="group",initial.sample=500,
        begin.diagnose=100)
```

## End(Not run)

forsearch\_nls Create Statistics Of Forward Search in a Nonlinear Model Database

#### Description

Prepares summary statistics at each stage of forward search for subsequent plotting. Forward search is conducted in two steps: Step 1 to identify minimal set of observations to estimate unknown parameters, and Step 2 to add one observation at each stage such that observations in the set are best fitting at that stage.

#### Usage

```
forsearch_nls(nlsform, data, start, algorithm="default",
    nls.control=FALSE, initial.sample=1000, skip.step1=NULL, begin.diagnose=100,
    verbose=TRUE)
```

## Arguments

nlsform	Formula for nls function
data	Name of database. First 2 variables are Observation and Section (both mandatory)
start	LIST of starting values for nls
algorithm	algorithm for nls function
nls.control	Logical. TRUE makes nls controls more liberal
initial.sample	Number of observation sets in Step 1 of forward search
skip.step1	NULL or a vector of integers for observations to be included in Step 1
begin.diagnose	Numeric. Indicates where in code to begin printing diagnostics. 0 prints all; 100 prints none
verbose	TRUE causes function identifier to display before and after run

# Value

## LIST

Rows in stage	Observation numbers of rows included at each stage
Standardized residuals	
	Matrix of errors at each stage
Number of model	parameters
	Same as number of levels of start variable
Sigma	Estimate of random error at final stage; used to standardize all residuals
Fixed parameter	estimates
	Vector of parameter estimates at each stage
s^2	Estimate of random error at each stage
Call	Call to this function

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000. Pinheiro, JC and DM Bates. Mixed Effects Models in S and S-PLUS, Springer, New York, 2000. https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/nlstools/vignettes/vignetteJSS.pdf

# Examples

```
## Not run:
Observation <- 1:70
Section <- rep(c(1,1,1,1,1,2,2,2,2,2), times=7)
Tree <- rep(1:7, each=10)
age <- rep(c(1,3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17,19), times = 7) * 100
circum <- forsearch::logist3(age, a=170, b=7, c=500) + rnorm(70)*0.1</pre>
```

```
test02 <- data.frame(Observation, Section, Tree, age, circum)</pre>
startPru <- list(Asym=170, xmid=7, scal=500)</pre>
formulaPru <- circum ~ I(logist3(x=age, a=Asym, b=xmid, c=scal))</pre>
forsearch_nls(nlsform = formulaPru,
           data=test02, start=startPru, nls.control=TRUE,
           initial.sample = 179, skip.step1=NULL, begin.diagnose=100, verbose=TRUE)
t <- (0:35)/3
V02<- c(377.1111, 333.3333, 352.1429, 328.7500, 369.8750, 394.4000, 352.6667,
       337.3333, 366.4286, 364.0000, 293.8889, 387.0000, 364.8889, 342.2222,
       400.3000, 375.1111 ,320.5556, 385.1667)
V02<- c(V02,527.0714,688.6364,890.8182,1145.1538, 1254.9091, 1327.5000,1463.9000,
       1487.8333 ,1586.6667, 1619.1000, 1494.4167 ,1640.4545, 1643.3750,
       1583.6364, 1610.8000 ,1568.5000, 1464.5833, 1652.8000)
test01 <- data.frame(t,V02)</pre>
Observation <- 1:36
Section <- c(rep(1,20),rep(2,8),rep(3,8))</pre>
test01 <- cbind(Observation, Section, test01)</pre>
pstart <- list(V02rest=400, V02peak = 1600, mu = 1)</pre>
pformula <- as.formula(V02~(t<=5.883)*(V02rest)+</pre>
            (t>5.883)*(V02rest+(V02peak-V02rest)*
            (1-exp(-(t-5.883)*I(1/mu))))
test2 <- forsearch_nls(nlsform=pformula, data = test01,</pre>
           start=pstart, nls.control=FALSE, initial.sample = 300, skip.step1=NULL,
           begin.diagnose=100, verbose=TRUE)
```

## End(Not run)

identifyCoeffs Index To Identify Fixed and Random Coefficients To Appear Together on Plot

#### Description

Runs the defined, grouped linear mixed effects (lme) model. Displays the resulting fixed and random coefficients. Attaches codes for identifying them to the plotting functions of this package.

#### Usage

```
identifyCoeffs(fixed, data, random,
    XmaxIter = 1000, XmsMaxIter = 1000,
    Xtolerance = 0.01, XniterEM = 1000, XmsMaxEval = 400, XmsTol = 1e-05,
    Xopt = "optim", verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

fixed	2-sided formula for fixed effects
data	Name of file (to be) run by forsearch_lme

random	1-sided formula for random effects
XmaxIter	lme control parameter
XmsMaxIter	lme control parameter
Xtolerance	lme control parameter
XniterEM	lme control parameter
XmsMaxEval	lme control parameter
XmsTol	lme control parameter
Xopt	lme control parameter
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

## Details

Plotting functions cannot plot more than a few coefficients on one graph. This function prepares an index of the coefficients so that the user can more easily identify which ones should appear together in a plot.

#### Value

Index of fixed and random coefficients from forsearch\_lme.

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

## Examples

```
info3 <- system.file("extdata","Machines.0.R",package="forsearch");
info3 <- source(info3);
info3 <- info3[[1]];
identifyCoeffs(fixed=score~1, data=info3, random= ~1 | Worker)
```

identifyFixedCoeffs Index To Identify Fixed Coefficients To Appear Together on Plot

#### Description

Runs the defined linear (lm) model. Displays the resulting coefficients. Attaches codes for identifying them to the plotting functions of this package.

#### Usage

```
identifyFixedCoeffs(formula, data, verbose = TRUE)
```

## logist3

#### Arguments

formula	2-sided formula for fixed effects
data	Name of file (to be) run by forsearch_lm
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

# Details

Plotting functions cannot plot more than a few coefficients on one graph. This function prepares an index of the coefficients so that the user can more easily identify which ones should appear together in a plot.

## Value

Index of coefficients from forsearch\_lm.

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

# Examples

```
info3 <- system.file("extdata", "crossdata.R", package="forsearch");
crossdata <- source(info3);
crossdata <- crossdata[[1]];
identifyFixedCoeffs(formula=y~x1*x2, data=crossdata)
```

logist3

Three Parameter Logistic

#### Description

Calculates three parameter logistic function

## Usage

logist3(x, a, b, c)

## Arguments

х	Independent variable
а	First parameter. See details
b	Second parameter
с	Third parameter

#### Details

Calculates y = a/(1 + xx), where xx = exp(-(x - b)/c)

## Value

Numerical output of the function described in details

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

plotdiag.AICX Plot Diagnostic AIC Statistics

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_glm to show change in AIC statistics as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.AICX(forn, maintitle = "Put main title here",
   subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption title here",
   wmf = "Put_plot_file_title_here",
   Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,addline="none",
   verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_glm
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	add a line to the graph; "none", "loess", or "straight"); abbreviation allowed
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

# Value

Process and plot AIC statistics from forsearch\_glm

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

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## plotdiag.allgraphs

#### References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

plotdiag.allgraphs Execute All Plotting Functions For a Select Forsearch Object

## Description

Executes all the plotting functions for a select analytical function such as lm or glm; default omits titles and subtitles and attempts to plot all fixed and random coefficients.

#### Usage

#### Arguments

object	Name of forsearch object file
mt	Maintitle of graph
st	Subtitle of graph
cpt	Caption on the graph
blind.label	TRUE causes 'blind' to be added to graph and to file name for fixed parameters
сс	Fixed variable code numbers of coefficients to be included in graph
ccrand	Random variable code numbers of parameters to be included in graph
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics

## Value

Prints search history and creates graphical files in current subdirectory

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

plotdiag.ANOX2

#### Description

Plot output from forsearch\_xxx to show change in anova p-values as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.ANOX2(forn, anova.rows=NULL, ylab.extend=c("proportionality","variance"),
maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,legend = "Dummy legend name",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_xxx
anova.rows	Row numbers of p values to include together on the plot
ylab.extend	Type of anova table. "proportionality" is a test of proportionality for a coxph analysis; "variance" is a test of null hypothesis of a lm or lme test
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Name of legend
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot anova test p values from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.blind.fixed Plot Diagnostic Statistics of Fixed Coefficients for Blinded Dataset

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_xxx to show change in fixed coefficients as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory. Run on blinded data only.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.blind.fixed(forn, coeff.codenums=NULL, maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,legend = "Dummy legend name",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_xxx
coeff.codenums	Numeric vector of coefficients to include together on the plot. Codes are output by identifyFixedCoeffs (for lm files) or by identifyCoeffs function (for lme files)
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Name of legend
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot fixed coefficient statistics from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.Cook

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme to show change in Modified Cook's distance as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.Cook(forn, maintitle = "Put main title here", subtitle = "Put subtitle here",
caption = "Put caption here", wmf = "Put_plot_file_title_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE, addline = "none", verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of forward search output file
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	Character variable to add a line to the graph; options: "none", "loess", and "straight"; abbreviation allowed
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot Cook distance statistics from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.deviance.residuals

Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Deviance Residuals

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_glm to show change in deviance residuals or augmented deviance residuals, either of which can be squared, as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.deviance.residuals(forn, squared = FALSE, augmented=TRUE, hilos = c(1, 0),
maintitle="Put main title here", subtitle="Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",
wmf= "Put_graph_title_here", Cairo=TRUE,printgraph=TRUE,
legend = "Dummy legend name", verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of forward search output file
squared	TRUE causes residuals to be squared before plotting
augmented	TRUE causes graphing of augmented deviance residuals, see Details
hilos	Number of observations having high and number having low values of residuals to identify. No low values are identified for squared residual plot
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Caption of plot
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Legend title
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Details

We reserve the use of the term 'Deviance residuals' to deviance residuals of the observations that were used to create the model fit, and use the term 'Augmented deviance residuals' to refer to deviance residuals of all available observations. The latter are created by predicting the fit of the model to all observations.

## Value

Process and plot changes in deviance residuals or squared deviance residuals from forsearch\_glm

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

Atkinson, A and M Riani. Robust Diagnostic Regression Analysis, Springer, New York, 2000.

plotdiag.deviances Plot Diagnostic Deviance Statistics

#### Description

Plot output from forsearch\_glm to show change in deviances as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.deviances(forn, devtype, maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",
wmf = "Put_plot_file_title_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,addline="none",
verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_glm
devtype	Type of deviance: "R" or "N" for Residual deviance or Null deviance
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	add a line to the graph; abbreviation allowed; "none", "loess", or "straight"
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot deviances from forsearch\_glm

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lme to show change in AIC, BIC, and log likelihood as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.fit3(forn, maintitle = "Put main title here", subtitle = "Put subtitle here",
caption = "Put caption here", wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
Cairo=TRUE,printgraph=TRUE, legend="Dummy legend name",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_lm
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Legend name
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot trends of AIC, BIC, and log likelihood statistics from forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.leverage Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Leverage

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme to show change in leverage of each observation as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.leverage(forn, hilos = c(1, 0), maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",wmf = "Put_graph_title_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of forward search output file
hilos	Vector with number of highest observations and number of lowest observations on graph to identify
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot Cook distance statistics from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.loglik

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_cph to show change in loglik pairs as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.loglik(forn,
    maintitle= "Put main title here",
    subtitle= "Put subtitle here" ,
    caption="Put caption here",
    wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
    Cairo=TRUE,
    printgraph = TRUE,
    verbose=TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_cph
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot Wald Test statistics from forsearch\_cph

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

```
plotdiag.lrt
```

#### Description

Plot output from forsearch\_cph to show change in likelihood ratio test as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.lrt(forn,
    maintitle= "Put main title here",
    subtitle= "Put subtitle here",
    caption="Put caption here",
    wmf = "Put_graph_filename_here",
    Cairo=TRUE,
    printgraph = TRUE,
    addline=c("none","loess","straight"),
    verbose=TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_cph
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	Add a line to the graph; abbreviation allowed. Default none
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

## Value

Process and plot likelihood ratio test statistics from forsearch\_cph

# Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.params.fixed Plot Diagnostic Statistics of Fixed Coefficients

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_xxx to show change in fixed coefficients as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.params.fixed(forn, coeff.codenums=NULL, maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,legend = "Dummy legend name",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_xxx
coeff.codenums	Numeric vector of coefficients to include together on the plot. Codes are output by identifyFixedCoeffs (for lm files) or by identifyCoeffs function (for lme files)
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Name of legend
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

## Value

Process and plot fixed coefficient statistics from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.params.random

Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Random Coefficients

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lme to show change in root mean squares of random coefficients as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.params.random(forn, coeff.codenums=NULL, asfacets=FALSE, facetdir=c("h","v"),
maintitle = "Put maintitle here", subtitle = "Put subtitle here",
caption = "Put caption here", wmf = "Put_stored_name_here", Cairo=TRUE,
printgraph = TRUE, legend = "Dummy legend name", verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_lme
coeff.codenums	columns of output file to be included in graph
asfacets	TRUE causes printing in facets
facetdir	"v" lays out the facets vertically, "h" lays them out horizontally
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Name of legend
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

## Value

Process and plot RMS of random coefficients from forsearch\_lme

# Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

#### Description

Plot output from forsearch\_glm to show change in phiHat statistics as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.phihatx(forn, maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here",
wmf = "Put_graph_filename_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE, addline="none",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_glm
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
addline	add a line to the graph; abbreviation allowed; "none", "loess", or "straight""
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot phiHat statistics from forsearch\_glm

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.residuals Plot Diagnostic Statistics Of Residuals Or Squared Residuals

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme to show change in residuals or squared residuals as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.residuals(forn, squared = FALSE, hilos = c(1, 0), maintitle, subtitle,
caption, wmf, Cairo=TRUE,printgraph=TRUE,
legend = "Dummy legend name", verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

Name of forward search output file
TRUE causes residuals to be squared before plotting
Number of observations having high and number having low values of residuals to identify. No low values are identified for squared residual plot.
Main title of plot
Subtitle of plot
Caption of plot
File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
Legend title
If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot changes in residuals or squared residuals from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

## References

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lm to show change in residual variation as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.s2(forn, maintitle = "Put main title here", subtitle = "Put subtitle here",
caption = "Put caption here", wmf = "Put_graph_filename_here",
Cairo=TRUE,printgraph=TRUE, addline = c("none","loess","straight"),
verbose = TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_lm
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	add a line to the graph; abbreviation allowed
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot residual variation statistics from forsearch\_lm

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.tstats

## Description

Plot output from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme to show change in t statistics as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

#### Usage

```
plotdiag.tstats(forn, coeff.codenums=NULL, maintitle = "Put main title here",
subtitle = "Put subtitle here", caption="Put caption here", wmf = "Put_stored_name_here",
Cairo=TRUE, printgraph=TRUE,legend = "Dummy legend name",
verbose = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_lm or forsearch_lme
coeff.codenums	Numeric vector of coefficients to include together on the plot. Codes are output by identifyFixedCoeffs (for lm files) or by identifyCoeffs function (for lme files)
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
legend	Name of legend
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Process and plot t statistics of fixed coefficients from forsearch\_lm or forsearch\_lme

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

plotdiag.Wald

#### Description

Plot output from forsearch\_cph to show change in Wald test as the number of observations in the forward search procedure increases. Save plot in folder containing working directory.

## Usage

```
plotdiag.Wald(forn,
maintitle= "Put main title here",
subtitle= "Put subtitle here",
caption="Put caption here",
wmf = "Put_graph_filename_here",
Cairo=TRUE,
printgraph = TRUE,
addline=c("none","loess","straight"),
verbose=TRUE)
```

#### Arguments

forn	Name of output file from forsearch_cph
maintitle	Main title of plot
subtitle	Subtitle of plot
caption	Content of caption
wmf	File name of stored plot; omit ".wmf"
Cairo	TRUE causes use of Cairo graphics
printgraph	TRUE causes graph to print to file and closes device
addline	Add a line to the graph; abbreviation allowed. Default none
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

## Value

Process and plot Wald Test statistics from forsearch\_cph

# Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### References

```
search.history
```

#### Description

The forward search functions output a list of vectors, each of which indicates which observations are in the model at each stage of the search. This function processes that list to create a more easily understood matrix of the observation numbers that are newly entered into the model and any that were temporarily removed from the model over the course of the search.

#### Usage

search.history(list1, verbose = TRUE)

#### Arguments

list1	Name of a forsearch_xxx output file
verbose	If TRUE, indicates beginning and end of function

#### Value

Printout of matrix showing evolution of observations to enter or leave the model during the course of the forward search

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

#### Examples

```
info3 <- system.file("extdata", "crossdata.for1.R", package="forsearch");
info3 <- source(info3);
info3 <- info3[[1]];
search.history(list1=info3, verbose=TRUE)
```

showme

Display Abbreviated Output of FORSEARCH\_xxx Function

#### Description

Output of forsearch\_xxx function can be voluminous. This function displays the output in an abbreviated format. Primarily for programmer use.

#### Usage

showme(x, verbose = TRUE)

## variablelist

#### Arguments

х	Name of forsearch_xxx output file
verbose	If TRUE, indicates the beginning and end of function run

## Value

Abbreviated printout of output of forsearch\_lm function

#### Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

variablelist

Identify Level(s) to Which Each Factor Observation Belongs

## Description

For a data frame with factor variables V1, V2, V3, etc having levels n1, n2, n3, etc, lists the n1\*n2\*n3\*... possible interaction levels and identifies which of the observations of the data frame belong in which of these interaction levels.

#### Usage

```
variablelist(datadf, prank)
```

## Arguments

datadf	Data frame of independent variables in analysis. First column of data frame is
	Observation number
prank	Number of continuous variables among independent variables

## Details

Support function, usually not called independently

## Value

List, each element is a data frame of 2 columns with code indicating the highest possible level of interaction to which each observation can belong

## Author(s)

William R. Fairweather

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