Package 'duckdb'

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Title DBI Package for the DuckDB Database Management System

Version 1.3.2

Description The DuckDB project is an embedded analytical data management system with support for the Structured Query Language (SQL). This package includes all of DuckDB and an R Database Interface (DBI) connector.

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URL https://r.duckdb.org/, https://github.com/duckdb/duckdb-r

BugReports https://github.com/duckdb/duckdb-r/issues

Depends DBI, R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports methods, utils

Suggests adbcdrivermanager, arrow (>= 13.0.0), bit64, callr, clock, DBItest, dbplyr, dplyr, rlang, testthat, tibble, vctrs, withr

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backend-duckdb DuckDB SQL backend for dbplyr

Description

This is a SQL backend for dbplyr tailored to take into account DuckDB's possibilities. This mainly follows the backend for PostgreSQL, but contains more mapped functions.

tbl_file() is an experimental variant of dplyr::tbl() to directly access files on disk. It is safer than dplyr::tbl() because there is no risk of misinterpreting the request, and paths with special characters are supported.

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backend-duckdb

tbl_function() is an experimental variant of dplyr::tbl() to create a lazy table from a tablegenerating function, useful for reading nonstandard CSV files or other data sources. It is safer than dplyr::tbl() because there is no risk of misinterpreting the query. See https://duckdb.org/ docs/data/overview for details on data importing functions.

As an alternative, use dplyr::tbl(src, dplyr::sql("SELECT ... FROM ...")) for custom SQL queries.

tbl_query() is deprecated in favor of tbl_function().

Use simulate_duckdb() with lazy_frame() to see simulated SQL without opening a DuckDB connection.

Usage

```
tbl_file(src, path, ..., cache = FALSE)
```

tbl_function(src, query, ..., cache = FALSE)

```
tbl_query(src, query, ...)
```

simulate_duckdb(...)

Arguments

| src | A duckdb connection object |
|-------|--|
| path | Path to existing Parquet, CSV or JSON file |
| | Any parameters to be forwarded |
| cache | Enable object cache for Parquet files |
| query | SQL code, omitting the FROM clause |

Examples

```
library(dplyr, warn.conflicts = FALSE)
con <- DBI::dbConnect(duckdb(), path = ":memory:")
db <- copy_to(con, data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[2:4]))
db %>%
    filter(a > 1) %>%
    select(b)
path <- tempfile(fileext = ".csv")
write.csv(data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[2:4]))
db_csv <- tbl_file(con, path)
db_csv %>%
    summarize(sum_a = sum(a))
db_csv %>%
    count()
```

DBI::dbDisconnect(con, shutdown = TRUE)

duckdb

Connect to a DuckDB database instance

Description

duckdb() creates or reuses a database instance.

duckdb_shutdown() shuts down a database instance.

Return an adbcdrivermanager::adbc_driver() for use with Arrow Database Connectivity via the adbcdrivermanager package.

dbConnect() connects to a database instance.

dbDisconnect() closes a DuckDB database connection. The associated DuckDB database instance is shut down automatically, it is no longer necessary to set shutdown = TRUE or to call duckdb_shutdown().

Usage

```
duckdb(
  dbdir = DBDIR_MEMORY,
  read_only = FALSE,
 bigint = "numeric",
  config = list(),
  . . .
 environment_scan = FALSE
)
duckdb_shutdown(drv)
duckdb_adbc()
## S4 method for signature 'duckdb_driver'
dbConnect(
  drv.
  dbdir = DBDIR_MEMORY,
  debug = getOption("duckdb.debug", FALSE),
  read_only = FALSE,
  timezone_out = "UTC",
  tz_out_convert = c("with", "force"),
  config = list(),
 bigint = "numeric",
  array = "none"
)
```

S4 method for signature 'duckdb_connection'
dbDisconnect(conn, ..., shutdown = TRUE)

Arguments

| dbdir | Location for database files. Should be a path to an existing directory in the file system. With the default (or ""), all data is kept in RAM. |
|-----------------|--|
| read_only | Set to TRUE for read-only operation. For file-based databases, this is only applied when the database file is opened for the first time. Subsequent connections (via the same drv object or a drv object pointing to the same path) will silently ignore this flag. |
| bigint | How 64-bit integers should be returned. There are two options: "numeric" and "integer64". If "numeric" is selected, bigint integers will be treated as double/numeric. If "integer64" is selected, bigint integers will be set to bit64 encoding. |
| config | Named list with DuckDB configuration flags, see https://duckdb.org/docs/ configuration/overview#configuration-reference for the possible op- tions. These flags are only applied when the database object is instantiated. Subsequent connections will silently ignore these flags. |
| | Reserved for future extensions, must be empty. |
| environment_sca | |
| | Set to TRUE to treat data frames from the calling environment as tables. If a database table with the same name exists, it takes precedence. The default of this setting may change in a future version. |
| drv | Object returned by duckdb() |
| debug | Print additional debug information, such as queries. |
| timezone_out | The time zone returned to R, defaults to "UTC", which is currently the only timezone supported by duckdb. If you want to display datetime values in the local timezone, set to Sys.timezone() or "". |
| tz_out_convert | How to convert timestamp columns to the timezone specified in timezone_out. There are two options: "with", and "force". If "with" is chosen, the times- tamp will be returned as it would appear in the specified time zone. If "force" is chosen, the timestamp will have the same clock time as the timestamp in the database, but with the new time zone. |
| array | How arrays should be returned. There are two options: "none" and "matrix". If "none" is selected, arrays are not returned. Instead an error is generated. If "matrix" is selected, arrays are returned as a column matrix. Each array is one row in the matrix. |
| conn | A duckdb_connection object |
| shutdown | Unused. The database instance is shut down automatically. |
| | |

Value

duckdb() returns an object of class duckdb_driver.

dbDisconnect() and duckdb_shutdown() are called for their side effect.

An object of class "adbc_driver"

dbConnect() returns an object of class duckdb_connection.

Examples

```
library(adbcdrivermanager)
with_adbc(db <- adbc_database_init(duckdb_adbc()), {
   as.data.frame(read_adbc(db, "SELECT 1 as one;"))
})
drv <- duckdb()
con <- dbConnect(drv)
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT 'Hello, world!'")
dbDisconnect(con)
duckdb_shutdown(drv)
# Shorter:
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())
dbGetQuery(con, "SELECT 'Hello, world!'")
dbDisconnect(con, shutdown = TRUE)</pre>
```

duckdb_explain-class DuckDB EXPLAIN query tree

Description

DuckDB EXPLAIN query tree

duckdb_read_csv Reads a CSV file into DuckDB

Description

Directly reads a CSV file into DuckDB, tries to detect and create the correct schema for it. This usually is much faster than reading the data into R and writing it to DuckDB.

duckdb_read_csv

Usage

```
duckdb_read_csv(
  conn,
  name,
  files,
  ...,
  header = TRUE,
 na.strings = "",
  nrow.check = 500,
 delim = ",",
quote = "\"",
  col.names = NULL,
  col.types = NULL,
  lower.case.names = FALSE,
  sep = delim,
  transaction = TRUE,
  temporary = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

| conn | A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect(). | | |
|------------------|---|--|--|
| name | The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered | | |
| files | One or more CSV file names, should all have the same structure though | | |
| | Reserved for future extensions, must be empty. | | |
| header | Whether or not the CSV files have a separate header in the first line | | |
| na.strings | Which strings in the CSV files should be considered to be NULL | | |
| nrow.check | How many rows should be read from the CSV file to figure out data types | | |
| delim | Which field separator should be used | | |
| quote | Which quote character is used for columns in the CSV file | | |
| col.names | Override the detected or generated column names | | |
| col.types | Character vector of column types in the same order as col.names, or a named character vector where names are column names and types pairs. Valid types are DuckDB data types, e.g. VARCHAR, DOUBLE, DATE, BIGINT, BOOLEAN, etc. | | |
| lower.case.names | | | |
| | Transform column names to lower case | | |
| sep | Alias for delim for compatibility | | |
| transaction | Should a transaction be used for the entire operation | | |
| temporary | Set to TRUE to create a temporary table | | |

Details

If the table already exists in the database, the csv is appended to it. Otherwise the table is created.

The number of rows in the resulted table, invisibly.

Examples

```
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())</pre>
data <- data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[1:3])</pre>
path <- tempfile(fileext = ".csv")</pre>
write.csv(data, path, row.names = FALSE)
duckdb_read_csv(con, "data", path)
dbReadTable(con, "data")
dbDisconnect(con)
# Providing data types for columns
path <- tempfile(fileext = ".csv")</pre>
write.csv(iris, path, row.names = FALSE)
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())</pre>
duckdb_read_csv(con, "iris", path,
  col.types = c(
    Sepal.Length = "DOUBLE",
    Sepal.Width = "DOUBLE",
    Petal.Length = "DOUBLE",
    Petal.Width = "DOUBLE",
    Species = "VARCHAR"
  )
)
dbReadTable(con, "iris")
dbDisconnect(con)
```

duckdb_register Register a data frame as a virtual table

Description

duckdb_register() registers a data frame as a virtual table (view) in a DuckDB connection. No data is copied.

Usage

duckdb_register(conn, name, df, overwrite = FALSE, experimental = FALSE)

duckdb_unregister(conn, name)

Arguments

| conn | A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect(). |
|--------------|---|
| name | The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered |
| df | A data.frame with the data for the virtual table |
| overwrite | Should an existing registration be overwritten? |
| experimental | Enable experimental optimizations |

Details

duckdb_unregister() unregisters a previously registered data frame.

Value

These functions are called for their side effect.

Examples

```
con <- dbConnect(duckdb())
data <- data.frame(a = 1:3, b = letters[1:3])
duckdb_register(con, "data", data)
dbReadTable(con, "data")
duckdb_unregister(con, "data")
dbDisconnect(con)</pre>
```

duckdb_register_arrow Register an Arrow data source as a virtual table

Description

duckdb_register_arrow() registers an Arrow data source as a virtual table (view) in a DuckDB connection. No data is copied.

Usage

duckdb_register_arrow(conn, name, arrow_scannable, use_async = NULL)

duckdb_unregister_arrow(conn, name)

duckdb_list_arrow(conn)

Arguments

| conn | A DuckDB connection, created by dbConnect(). | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| name | The name for the virtual table that is registered or unregistered | |
| arrow_scannable | | |
| | A scannable Arrow-object | |
| use_async | Switched to the asynchronous scanner. (deprecated) | |

Details

duckdb_unregister_arrow() unregisters a previously registered data frame.

Value

These functions are called for their side effect.

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