Package 'drord'

October 13, 2022

Title Doubly-Robust Estimators for Ordinal Outcomes Version 1.0.1 Description Efficient covariate-adjusted estimators of quantities that are useful for establishing the effects of treatments on ordinal outcomes. **Depends** R (>= 3.5.0) Imports MASS, VGAM, ordinal, ggplot2 Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, ggsci License MIT + file LICENSE URL https://github.com/benkeser/drord BugReports https://github.com/benkeser/drord/issues **Encoding** UTF-8 LazyData true VignetteBuilder knitr RoxygenNote 7.1.1 NeedsCompilation no Author David Benkeser [aut, cre, cph]

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2021-05-20 22:30:03 UTC

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bca_interval

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bca_interval Compute a BCa confidence interval

Description

Compute a BCa confidence interval

Usage

```
bca_interval(pt_est, boot_samples, jack_samples, alpha = 0.05)
```

Arguments

pt_est	The point estimate of the parameter of interest
<pre>boot_samples</pre>	A collection of bootstrap realizations of the estimator of the parameter of interest
jack_samples	A vector of jackknife estimates of the parameter of interest.
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.

Value

2-length vector containing BCa confidence interval limits.

bca_logodds	Compute	а	BCa	bootstrap	confidence	interval for the
	weighted	mean	. The	code is	based on the	slides found here:
	http://use	rs.stat	.umn.ed	u/~helwig/	notes/bootci-No	otes.pdf

Description

Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the weighted mean. The code is based on the slides found here: http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

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Usage

```
bca_logodds(
    treat,
    covar,
    out,
    nboot,
    treat_form,
    out_levels,
    out_form,
    out_model,
    logodds_est,
    alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

1.	
covar A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportio odds model.	nal
out A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.	
nboot Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence interva	ıls.
treat_form The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatm probability as a function of covariates	ent
out_levels A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.	
out_formThe right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional or model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCED	
out_model Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Optionare "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "cl (from the ordinal package).	
logodds_est The estimated log-odds.	
alpha Level of confidence interval.	

Value

matrix with treatment-specific log-odds CIs and CI for difference.

<pre>bca_mannwhitney</pre>	Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the Mann-
	Whitney parameter. The code is based on the slides found here:
	http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

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bca_mannwhitney

Description

Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the Mann-Whitney parameter. The code is based on the slides found here: http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

Usage

```
bca_mannwhitney(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   nboot,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   mannwhitney_est,
   out_model,
   alpha = 0.05
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.	
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.	
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.	
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.	
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates	
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.	
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.	
mannwhitney_est		
	The point estimate of the Mann-Whitney parameter.	
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).	
alpha	Level of confidence interval.	

Value

Confidence interval for the Mann-Whitney parameter

bca_marg_dist

Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the weighted mean. The code is based on the slides found here: http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

Description

Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the weighted mean. The code is based on the slides found here: http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

Usage

```
bca_marg_dist(
    treat,
    covar,
    out,
    nboot,
    treat_form,
    out_levels,
    out_form,
    out_model,
    marg_cdf_est,
    marg_pmf_est,
    alpha = 0.05
)
```

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
marg_cdf_est	Point estimate of treatment-specific CDF.
marg_pmf_est	Point estimate of treatment-specific PMF.
alpha	Level of confidence interval.

bca_wmean

Value

List (cdf, pmf) of lists (treat=1, treat=0) of confidence intervals for distributions.

bca_wmean	Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the
	weighted mean. The code is based on the slides found here:
	http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

Description

Compute a BCa bootstrap confidence interval for the weighted mean. The code is based on the slides found here: http://users.stat.umn.edu/~helwig/notes/bootci-Notes.pdf

Usage

```
bca_wmean(
    treat,
    covar,
    out,
    nboot,
    treat_form,
    out_levels,
    out_form,
    out_weights,
    out_model,
    wmean_est,
    alpha = 0.05
)
```

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.

out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
wmean_est	The estimated weighted means + estimated covariance matrix.
alpha	Level of confidence interval.

Value

matrix with treatment-specific weighted mean CIs and CI for difference.

```
compute_trt_spec_bca_intervals
```

Used to compute treatment-specific BCa intervals for the CDF and PMF

Description

Used to compute treatment-specific BCa intervals for the CDF and PMF

Usage

```
compute_trt_spec_bca_intervals(
  dist = c("cdf", "pmf"),
  trt = c(1, 0),
  marg_est,
  boot_samples,
  jack_samples,
  alpha
)
```

Arguments

dist	Which one? CDF or PMF?
trt	Which treatment?
marg_est	The point estimate
<pre>boot_samples</pre>	A collection of bootstrap realizations of the estimator of the parameter of interest
jack_samples	A vector of jackknife estimates of the parameter of interest.
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.

Value

List of pointwise and simultaneous confidence intervals for dist.

compute_trt_spec_marg_dist_ptwise_ci

Compute simultaneous confidence interval for treatment-specific marginal distribution

Description

Compute simultaneous confidence interval for treatment-specific marginal distribution

Usage

```
compute_trt_spec_marg_dist_ptwise_ci(pt_est, cov_est, alpha, cdf = TRUE)
```

Arguments

pt_est	The point estimate of the treatment-specific marginal CDF/PMF
cov_est	Covariance matrix estimates.
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.
cdf	Is this for CDF or PMF?

Value

Confidence interval

Description

Compute simultaneous confidence interval for treatment-specific marginal distribution

Usage

```
compute_trt_spec_marg_dist_simul_ci(
   pt_est,
   trt_spec_marg_dist_eif,
   remove_last = TRUE,
   alpha
)
```

drord

Arguments

pt_est	The point estimate of the treatment-specific marginal CDF/PMF	
<pre>trt_spec_marg_dist_eif</pre>		
	The EIF estimates for the treatment-specific marginal CDF/PMF estimates	
remove_last	Should the last level be removed? Should be set equal to TRUE for CDF computations and FALSE for PMF computations.	
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.	

Value

Confidence interval

covid19

Simulated COVID-19 outcomes for hospitalized patients.

Description

A simulated dataset containing outcomes, (hypothetical) treatment, and age group

Usage

covid19

Format

A data frame with 500 rows and 3 variables:

out study outcome, here 1 represents death, 2 intubation, 3 no adverse outcome

age_grp age category with 1 the youngest and 7 the oldest

treat hypothetical treatment, here 1 represents an (effective) active treatment and 0 a control

drord Doubly robust estimates of for evaluating effects of treatments on ordinal outcomes.

Description

The available parameters for evaluating treatment efficacy are:

- Difference in (weighted) means: The outcome levels are treated numerically, with each level possibly assigned a weight. The difference in average outcomes is computed.
- Log odds ratio: The comparison describes the average log-odds (treatment level 1 versus 0) of the cumulative probability for each level of the outcome.
- Mann-Whitney: The probability that a randomly-selected individual receiving treatment 1 will have a larger outcome value than a randomly selected individual receiving treatment 0 (with ties assigned weight 1/2).

drord

Usage

```
drord(
 out,
  treat,
  covar,
 out_levels = sort(unique(out)),
 out_form = paste0(colnames(covar), collapse = "+"),
 out_weights = rep(1, length(out_levels)),
 out_model = "pooled-logistic",
  treat_form = "1",
 param = c("weighted_mean", "log_odds", "mann_whitney"),
  ci = "wald",
 alpha = 0.05,
 nboot = 1000,
  return_models = TRUE,
 est_dist = TRUE,
 stratify = FALSE,
  . . .
```

Arguments

)

out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. The recom- mended option is "pooled-logistic". Other options available include "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
param	A vector of characters indicating which of the three treatment effect parameters should be estimated ("weighted_mean", "log_odds", and/or "mann_whitney").
ci	A vector of characters indicating which confidence intervals should be com- puted ("bca" and/or "wald")
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.

nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.
return_models	If TRUE the fitted working proportional odds models and treatment probability models are returned.
est_dist	A boolean indicating whether estimates of the CDF and PMF should be com- puted and returned. For real data analysis, we generally recommend leaving as TRUE; however, when studying performance in simulations, it can save time to set to FALSE.
stratify	If TRUE, then a fully stratified estimator is computed, i.e., the empirical CDF of each treatment arm is estimated stratifying by levels of covar. For now, this option is limited to univariate covariates. Other options (not currently used).

Details

In each case, estimates are constructed by obtaining a doubly robust estimate of the cumulative distribution function (CDF) for each treatment group. This is achieved by fitting a (working) proportional odds model that includes inverse probability of treatment weights. The inclusion of these weights ensures that, so long as the working model includes intercept terms, the resultant estimate of the CDF is an augmented inverse probability of treatment weighted estimate. This implies that the estimate is nonparametric efficient if the working model contains the truth; however, even if the working model does not contain the truth, the CDF estimates are consistent and asymptotically normal with variance expected to dominate that of an unadjusted estimate of the same treatment effect.

The CDF estimates are subsequently mapped into estimates of each requested parameter for evaluating treatment effects. The double robustness and efficiency properties of the CDF estimates extend to these quantities as well. Confidence intervals and hypothesis tests can be carried out in closed form using Wald-style intervals and tests or using a nonparametric corrected and accelerated bootstrap (BCa). Inference for the CDF and probability mass function is also returned and can be used for subsequent visualizations (see plot.drord).

Value

An object of class drord. In addition to information related to how drord was called, the output contains the following:

- **log_odds** inference pertaining to the log-odds parameter. NULL if this parameter not requested in call to drord.
- mann_whitney inference pertaining to the Mann-Whitney parameter. NULL if this parameter not requested in call to drord.
- weighted_mean inference pertaining to weighted mean parameter. NULL if this parameter not requested in call to drord.
- cdf inference pertaining to the treatment-specific CDFs. See the plot method for a convenient way of visualizing this information. NULL if est_dist = FALSE in call to drord.
- pmf inference pertaining to the treatment-specific PMFs. See the plot method for a convenient
 way of visualizing this information. NULL if est_dist = FALSE in call to drord.
- treat_mod the fitted model for the probability of treatment as a function of covariates. NULL if
 return_models = FALSE

eif_pmf_k

out_mod the proportional odds model fit in each treatment arm. named entries in list indicate the corresponding treatment arm. NULL if return_models = FALSE or stratify = TRUE.

Examples

```
data(covid19)
# get estimates of all parameters based on main-effects
# proportional odds model and intercept-only propensity model
fit <- drord(out = covid19$out, treat = covid19$treat,</pre>
             covar = covid19[, "age_grp", drop = FALSE])
# get estimates of all parameters based on proportional odds and
# propensity model that treats age_grp as categorical
fit2 <- drord(out = covid19$out, treat = covid19$treat,</pre>
              covar = covid19[, "age_grp", drop = FALSE],
out_form = "factor(age_grp)",
treat_form = "factor(age_grp)")
# obtain estimator stratified by age group
fit3 <- drord(out = covid19$out, treat = covid19$treat,</pre>
              covar = covid19[, "age_grp", drop = FALSE],
 stratify = TRUE)
# demonstration with missing outcome data
covid19$out[1:5] <- NA</pre>
# propensity model should now adjust for covariates to address
# the potential for informative missingness
```

```
fit4 <- drord(out = covid19$out, treat = covid19$treat,</pre>
              covar = covid19[, "age_grp", drop = FALSE],
treat_form = "age_grp")
```

eif_pmf_k	Get EIF estimates for treatment-specific PMF at a particular level of
	the outcome

Description

Get EIF estimates for treatment-specific PMF at a particular level of the outcome

Usage

eif_pmf_k(k, out, treat, trt_level, trt_spec_prob_est, trt_k_spec_pmf_est)

k	The level of the outcome.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.	
trt_level	Treatment level	
trt_spec_prob_est		
	Estimated propensity for trt_level.	
<pre>trt_k_spec_pmf_</pre>	est	
	Estimated conditional PMF for trt_level at k.	

eif_theta_k	Get EIF estimates for treatment-specific CDF at a particular level of
	the outcome

Description

Get EIF estimates for treatment-specific CDF at a particular level of the outcome

Usage

eif_theta_k(k, out, treat, trt_level, trt_spec_prob_est, trt_k_spec_cdf_est)

Arguments

k	The level of the outcome.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
trt_level Treatment level trt_spec_prob_est	
	Estimated propensity for trt_level.
<pre>trt_k_spec_cdf_est</pre>	
	Estimated conditional CDF for trt_level at k.

estimate_cdf	Map an estimate of the conditional PMF into an estimate of the con-
	ditional CDF

Description

Map an estimate of the conditional PMF into an estimate of the conditional CDF

Usage

estimate_cdf(pmf_est)

Arguments

pmf_est A list of the treatment-specific PMF estimates

Value

A list of treatment-specific CDF estimates

estimate_ci_logodds Compute confidence interval/s for the log-odds parameters

Description

Compute confidence interval/s for the log-odds parameters

Usage

```
estimate_ci_logodds(
  logodds_est,
  cdf_est,
 out_form,
  covar,
  treat_prob_est,
  treat,
  treat_form,
  out,
  ci,
  alpha = 0.05,
  nboot,
 out_levels,
 out_model,
  . . .
)
```

logodds_est	The point estimates for log-odds.
cdf_est	A list of treatment-specific CDF estimates.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_prob_est	$Estimated \ probability \ of \ treatments, \ output \ from \ call \ to \ estimate_treat_prob.$
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.

treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
ci	A vector of characters indicating which confidence intervals should be computed ("bca" and/or "wald")
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
	Other options (not currently used).

Value

List with wald and bca-estimated confidence intervals for the weighted mean parameters.

estimate_ci_mannwhitney

Compute confidence interval/s for the Mann-Whitney parameter

Description

Compute confidence interval/s for the Mann-Whitney parameter

Usage

```
estimate_ci_mannwhitney(
 mannwhitney_est,
 cdf_est,
 pmf_est,
  treat_prob_est,
  treat_form,
 out_form,
  treat,
  ci,
 out,
  alpha,
 nboot,
 out_levels,
  covar,
  out_model
)
```

Arguments

mannwhitney_est		
	The point estimates for log-odds.	
cdf_est	The estimated conditional CDF.	
pmf_est	The estimated conditional PMF.	
<pre>treat_prob_est</pre>	Estimated probability of treatments, output from call to estimate_treat_prob.	
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates	
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.	
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.	
ci	A vector of characters indicating which confidence intervals should be computed ("bca" and/or "wald")	
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.	
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.	
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.	
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.	
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.	
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).	

Value

List with wald and bca-estimated confidence intervals for the Mann-Whitney parameter.

estimate_ci_marg_dist Compute confidence interval/s for the treatment specific PMF and CDF.

Description

Compute confidence interval/s for the treatment specific PMF and CDF.

Usage

```
estimate_ci_marg_dist(
  marg_cdf_est,
 marg_pmf_est,
  cdf_est,
  pmf_est,
  covar,
  treat_prob_est,
  treat_form,
  out_form,
  treat,
  ci,
  out_levels,
  out_model,
  out,
  alpha,
  nboot
```

```
)
```

Arguments

marg_cdf_est	Point estimate of treatment-specific CDF.
marg_pmf_est	Point estimate of treatment-specific PMF.
cdf_est	Estimates of treatment-specific conditional CDF.
pmf_est	Estimates of treatment-specific conditional PMF.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_prob_est	Estimated probability of treatments, output from call to estimate_treat_prob.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
ci	A vector of characters indicating which confidence intervals should be computed ("bca" and/or "wald")
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.

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Value

List of lists (cdf and pmf) with wald and bca-estimated confidence intervals for the marginal treatment-specific distribution functions.

estimate_ci_wmean Compute confidence interval/s for the weight mean parameters

Description

Compute confidence interval/s for the weight mean parameters

Usage

```
estimate_ci_wmean(
    out,
    treat,
    covar,
    wmean_est,
    alpha = 0.05,
    out_levels = order(unique(out)),
    out_form = NULL,
    out_weights = rep(1, length(out_levels)),
    out_model,
    treat_form = "1",
    ci = c("bca", "wald"),
    nboot = 10000
)
```

out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
wmean_est	The point estimates for weighted means
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.

out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
ci	A vector of characters indicating which confidence intervals should be computed ("bca" and/or "wald")
nboot	Number of bootstrap replicates used to compute bootstrap confidence intervals.

Value

List with wald and bca-estimated confidence intervals for the weighted mean parameters.

<pre>estimate_cond_mean</pre>	Map an estimate of treatment-specific PMF into an estimate of treat-
	ment specific conditional mean for each observation.

Description

Map an estimate of treatment-specific PMF into an estimate of treatment specific conditional mean for each observation.

Usage

```
estimate_cond_mean(trt_spec_pmf_est, ordered_out_levels, ordered_out_weights)
```

Arguments

trt_spec_pmf_est The treatment-specific PMF estimates ordered_out_levels Self explanatory ordered_out_weights Self explanatory

Value

Vector of estimated conditional means

estimate_eif_wmean

Obtain an estimate of the efficient influence function for the treatmentspecific weighted mean parameter

Description

Obtain an estimate of the efficient influence function for the treatment-specific weighted mean parameter

Usage

```
estimate_eif_wmean(
   trt_spec_cond_mean_est,
   trt_spec_prob_est,
   trt_level,
   out,
   treat
)
```

Arguments

trt_spec_cond_mean_est		
	Conditional mean for trt_level	
<pre>trt_spec_prob_</pre>	est	
	Propensity for trt_level	
trt_level	Treatment level	
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.	
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.	

estimate_logodds *implements a plug-in estimator of equation (2) in Diaz et al*

Description

implements a plug-in estimator of equation (2) in Diaz et al

Usage

estimate_logodds(cdf_est)

Arguments

cdf_est

A list of treatment-specific CDF estimates

Value

Log odds of treatment = 1, = 0, and the difference.

estimate_mannwhitney	Compute the estimate of Mann-Whitney based on conditional CDF
	and PMF

Description

Compute the estimate of Mann-Whitney based on conditional CDF and PMF

Usage

estimate_mannwhitney(cdf_est, pmf_est)

Arguments

cdf_est	Conditional CDF estimates
pmf_est	Conditional PMF estimates

Value

Mann-Whitney point estimate

estimate_pmf	Get a treatment-specific estimate of the conditional PMF. Essentially
	this is a wrapper function for fit_trt_spec_reg, which fits the pro-
	portion odds model in a given treatment arm.

Description

Get a treatment-specific estimate of the conditional PMF. Essentially this is a wrapper function for fit_trt_spec_reg, which fits the proportion odds model in a given treatment arm.

estimate_pmf

Usage

```
estimate_pmf(
   out,
   treat,
   covar,
   out_levels,
   out_form = NULL,
   out_model,
   treat_prob_est,
   stratify = FALSE,
   return_models = TRUE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model. $% \left({{{\left[{{{\rm{cov}}} \right]}_{\rm{cov}}}_{\rm{cov}}} \right)_{\rm{cov}} \right)$
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
treat_prob_est	Estimated probability of treatments, output from call to estimate_treat_prob.
stratify	Boolean indicating whether to use nonparametric maximum likelihood (i.e., a stratified estimator). If out_form = "1", then a covariate-unadjusted estimate is computed.
return_models	If TRUE the fitted working proportional odds models and treatment probability models are returned.
	Other options (not used).

Value

A list with fm the fitted model for treatment 1 and 0 (or, if !return_models then NULL) and pmf the estimated PMF under treatment 1 and 0 evaluated on each observation.

estimate_treat_prob Estimate probability of receiving each level of treatment

Description

Estimate probability of receiving each level of treatment

Usage

```
estimate_treat_prob(treat, covar, treat_form, return_models)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
return_models	If TRUE the fitted working proportional odds models and treatment probability models are returned.

Value

A list where the first element is estimate of Pr(treat = 1 | covar) for covar equal to inputted values of covar and second element is estimate of Pr(treat = 0 | covar) for covar equal to inputted values of covar

estimate_wmean	Compute the estimate of the weighted mean parameter based on esti-
	mated PMF in each treatment arm.

Description

Compute the estimate of the weighted mean parameter based on estimated PMF in each treatment arm.

evaluate_beta_cov

Usage

```
estimate_wmean(
 pmf_est,
  treat,
 out,
 out_levels,
 out_weights,
  treat_prob_est,
 return_cov = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

pmf_est	List of treatment-specific PMF estimates.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
<pre>treat_prob_est</pre>	$Estimated \ probability \ of \ treatments, \ output \ from \ call \ to \ \texttt{estimate_treat_prob}.$
return_cov	If TRUE the estimated covariance matrix is returned.

Value

List with estimates of treatment-specific means and difference in means. If return_cov = TRUE, also includes covariance matrix estimates.

evaluate_beta_cov Get the covariance matrix for beta

Description

Get the covariance matrix for beta

Usage

evaluate_beta_cov(cdf_est, theta_cov)

cdf_est	Estimated CDFs
theta_cov	Covariance matrix for CDF estimates

Estimated covariance matrix for log-odds ratio parameters

```
evaluate_mannwhitney_gradient
```

Compute the estimated gradient of the Mann-Whitney parameter. Needed to derive standard error for Wald confidence intervals.

Description

Compute the estimated gradient of the Mann-Whitney parameter. Needed to derive standard error for Wald confidence intervals.

Usage

```
evaluate_mannwhitney_gradient(cdf_est, pmf_est)
```

Arguments

cdf_est	Conditional CDF estimates
pmf_est	Conditional PMF estimates

Value

3-length vector for delta method calculus

evaluate_marg_cdf_eif Get eif estimates for treatment-specific CDF

Description

Get eif estimates for treatment-specific CDF

Usage

```
evaluate_marg_cdf_eif(cdf_est, treat_prob_est, treat, out, out_levels)
```

cdf_est	Estimated conditional CDF for trt_level.
<pre>treat_prob_est</pre>	Estimated propensity for trt_level.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.

Value

a list of eif estimates

evaluate_marg_cdf_ptwise_ci

Evaluate pointwise confidence interval for marginal CDF.

Description

Evaluate pointwise confidence interval for marginal CDF.

Usage

```
evaluate_marg_cdf_ptwise_ci(marg_cdf_est, marg_cdf_eif, alpha)
```

Arguments

marg_cdf_est	The point estimate of the marginal CDF distribution
marg_cdf_eif	The EIF estimates for the marginal CDF estimates
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.

Value

List by treatment of simultaneous confidence intervals

evaluate_marg_dist_simul_ci

Evaluate simultaneous confidence interval for marginal PMF or CDF.

Description

Evaluate simultaneous confidence interval for marginal PMF or CDF.

Usage

```
evaluate_marg_dist_simul_ci(
  marg_dist_est,
  marg_dist_eif,
  alpha,
  remove_last = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

marg_dist_est	The point estimate of the marginal CDF/PMF distribution
marg_dist_eif	The EIF estimates for the marginal CDF/PMF estimates
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.
remove_last	Should the last level be removed? Should be set equal to TRUE for CDF computations and FALSE for PMF computations.

Value

List by treatment of simultaneous confidence intervals

evaluate_marg_pmf_eif Get eif estimates for treatment-specific PMF

Description

Get eif estimates for treatment-specific PMF

Usage

```
evaluate_marg_pmf_eif(pmf_est, treat_prob_est, treat, out, out_levels)
```

Arguments

pmf_est	Estimated conditional PMF for trt_level.
<pre>treat_prob_est</pre>	Estimated propensity for trt_level.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.

Value

a list of eif estimates

evaluate_marg_pmf_ptwise_ci

Evaluate pointwise confidence interval for marginal PMF.

Description

Evaluate pointwise confidence interval for marginal PMF.

Usage

```
evaluate_marg_pmf_ptwise_ci(marg_pmf_est, marg_pmf_eif, alpha)
```

Arguments

marg_pmf_est	The point estimate of the marginal PMF distribution
<pre>marg_pmf_eif</pre>	The EIF estimates for the marginal PMF estimates
alpha	Confidence intervals have nominal level 1-alpha.

Value

List by treatment of simultaneous confidence intervals

evaluate_theta_cov get a covariance matrix for the estimated CDF

Description

get a covariance matrix for the estimated CDF

Usage

```
evaluate_theta_cov(cdf_est, treat_prob_est, treat, out, out_levels)
```

Arguments

cdf_est	The estimates of the treatment-specific CDFs
treat_prob_est	$List of estimated probability of treatments, output from call to \verb"estimate_treat_prob".$
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.

Value

Estimated covariance matrix for CDF estimates

```
evaluate_trt_spec_pmf_eif
```

Get a matrix of eif estimates for treatment-specific PMF

Description

Get a matrix of eif estimates for treatment-specific PMF

Usage

```
evaluate_trt_spec_pmf_eif(
   trt_spec_pmf_est,
   trt_spec_prob_est,
   trt_level,
   treat,
   out,
   out_levels
)
```

Arguments

<pre>trt_spec_pmf_es</pre>	t
	Estimated conditional PMF for trt_level.
<pre>trt_spec_prob_e</pre>	st
	Estimated propensity for trt_level.
trt_level	Treatment level
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.

Value

a matrix of EIF estimates

evaluate_trt_spec_theta_eif

get a matrix of eif estimates for the treatment-specific CDF estimates

Description

get a matrix of eif estimates for the treatment-specific CDF estimates

fit_trt_spec_reg

Usage

```
evaluate_trt_spec_theta_eif(
   trt_spec_cdf_est,
   trt_spec_prob_est,
   trt_level,
   treat,
   out,
   out_levels
```

```
)
```

Arguments

trt_spec_cdf_est		
	Estimated conditional CDF for trt_level.	
trt_spec_prob_e	est	
	Estimated propensity for trt_level.	
trt_level	Treatment level	
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.	
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.	
<pre>out_levels</pre>	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.	

Value

matrix of EIF estimates for CDF.

fit_trt_spec_reg	Helper function to fit a treatment specific outcome regression. If there are more than 2 observed levels of the outcome for the specified treat- ment arm, then polr is used from the MASS package. Otherwise logis- tic regression is used. In both cases, inverse probability of treatment weights are included in the regression. If there are levels of the out- come that are not observed in this treatment group, then 0's are added in. The function returns a matrix with named columns correspond- ing to each outcome (ordered numerically). The entries represent the
	estimated covariate-conditional treatment-specific PMF.

Description

Helper function to fit a treatment specific outcome regression. If there are more than 2 observed levels of the outcome for the specified treatment arm, then polr is used from the MASS package. Otherwise logistic regression is used. In both cases, inverse probability of treatment weights are

included in the regression. If there are levels of the outcome that are not observed in this treatment group, then 0's are added in. The function returns a matrix with named columns corresponding to each outcome (ordered numerically). The entries represent the estimated covariate-conditional treatment-specific PMF.

Usage

```
fit_trt_spec_reg(
   trt_level,
   trt_spec_prob_est,
   out,
   treat,
   covar,
   out_levels,
   out_form = NULL,
   out_model,
   stratify,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

trt_level	Which level of treatment to fit the proportional odds model for
trt_spec_prob_est	
	A vector of estimates of Pr(treat = trt_level covar).
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
stratify	Boolean indicating whether to use nonparametric maximum likelihood (i.e., a stratified estimator). If out_form = "1", then a covariate-unadjusted estimate is computed.
	Other options (not used).

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getResponseFromFormula

Get a response from model formula

Description

Get a response from model formula

Usage

getResponseFromFormula(formula, data)

Arguments

formula	The model formula
data	The data frame associated with the model

get_one_logodds

Compute one log odds based on a given data set.

Description

Compute one log odds based on a given data set.

Usage

```
get_one_logodds(treat, covar, treat_form, out_model, out, out_levels, out_form)
```

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.

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Value

Estimated log odds for these input data.

get_one_mannwhitney	Compute one estimate of Mann-Whitney parameter based on a given
	data set.

Description

Compute one estimate of Mann-Whitney parameter based on a given data set.

Usage

```
get_one_mannwhitney(
   treat,
   covar,
   treat_form,
   out,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Estimate of Mann-Whitney parameter for these input data.

get_one_marg_dist Compute one estimate of the marginal CDF/PMF on a given data set.

Description

Compute one estimate of the marginal CDF/PMF on a given data set.

Usage

```
get_one_marg_dist(
   treat,
   covar,
   treat_form,
   out_model,
   out,
   out_levels,
   out_form
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.

Value

List of estimated cdf/pmf for these input data.

get_one_wmean

Description

Compute one weighted mean based on a given data set.

Usage

```
get_one_wmean(
   treat,
   covar,
   treat_form,
   out,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_model,
   out_weights
)
```

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
jack_logodds

Description

Compute jackknife log-odds estimates.

Usage

jack_logodds(treat, covar, out, treat_form, out_model, out_levels, out_form)

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.

Value

Jackknife estimated log-odds

jack_mannwhitney Compute Mann-Whitney log-odds estimates.

Description

Compute Mann-Whitney log-odds estimates.

jack_marg_cdf

Usage

```
jack_mannwhitney(
  treat,
  covar,
  out,
  treat_form,
  out_levels,
  out_form,
  out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Jackknife estimate of Mann-Whitney parameter

jack_marg_cdf	Compute jackknife distribution estimates.
---------------	---

Description

Compute jackknife distribution estimates.

Usage

jack_marg_cdf(treat, covar, out, treat_form, out_levels, out_form, out_model)

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jack_wmean

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Jackknife estimated distributions

jack_wmean

Compute jackknife weighted mean estimates.

Description

Compute jackknife weighted mean estimates.

Usage

```
jack_wmean(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_weights,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.

covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Jackknife-estimated weighted mean

marginalize_cdf	Marginalize over empirical distribution to obtain marginal treatment- specific CDF estimate.

Description

Marginalize over empirical distribution to obtain marginal treatment-specific CDF estimate.

Usage

```
marginalize_cdf(cdf_est)
```

Arguments

cdf_est Estimates of treatment-specific conditional CDF.

marginalize_pmf	Marginalize over empirical distribution to obtain marginal treatment-
	specific PMF estimate.

Description

Marginalize over empirical distribution to obtain marginal treatment-specific PMF estimate.

Usage

```
marginalize_pmf(pmf_est)
```

Arguments

pmf_est	Estimates	of treatment	-specific	conditional	PMF.
---------	-----------	--------------	-----------	-------------	------

one_boot_logodds Get one bootstrap computation of the log odds parameters.

Description

Get one bootstrap computation of the log odds parameters.

Usage

```
one_boot_logodds(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model. $% \left({{{\left[{{{\rm{c}}} \right]}}_{{\rm{c}}}}_{{\rm{c}}}} \right)$
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Estimates of log odds for a particular bootstrap sample.

one_boot_mannwhitney Get one bootstrap computation of the Mann-Whitney parameter.

Description

Get one bootstrap computation of the Mann-Whitney parameter.

Usage

```
one_boot_mannwhitney(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Estimates of Mann-Whitney parameter for a particular bootstrap sample.

one_boot_marg_dist Get one bootstrap computation of the CDF and PMF estimates

Description

Get one bootstrap computation of the CDF and PMF estimates

Usage

```
one_boot_marg_dist(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Should only assume a value 0 or 1.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Estimates of CDF and PMF for a particular bootstrap sample.

one_boot_wmean

Description

Get one bootstrap computation of the weighted mean parameters.

Usage

```
one_boot_wmean(
   treat,
   covar,
   out,
   treat_form,
   out_levels,
   out_form,
   out_weights,
   out_model
)
```

Arguments

treat	A numeric vector containing treatment status. Missing values are not allowed unless the corresponding entry in out is also missing. Only values of 0 or 1 are treated as actual treatment levels. Any other value is assumed to encode a value for which the outcome is missing and the corresponding outcome value is ignored.
covar	A data.frame containing the covariates to include in the working proportional odds model.
out	A numeric vector containing the outcomes. Missing outcomes are allowed.
treat_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working model of treatment probability as a function of covariates
out_levels	A numeric vector containing all ordered levels of the outcome.
out_form	The right-hand side of a regression formula for the working proportional odds model. NOTE: THIS FORMULA MUST NOT SUPPRESS THE INTERCEPT.
out_weights	A vector of numeric weights with length equal to the length of out_levels.
out_model	Which R function should be used to fit the proportional odds model. Options are "polr" (from the MASS package), "vglm" (from the VGAM package), or "clm" (from the ordinal package).

Value

Estimates of weighted mean for a particular bootstrap sample.

plot.drord

Description

Print the output of a "drord" object.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'drord'
plot(
    x,
    treat_labels = c(1, 0),
    dist = "pmf",
    out_labels = if (dist == "pmf") {        x$out_levels} else {
        x$out_levels[-length(x$out_levels)] },
    ...
)
```

Arguments

х	A "drord" object.
treat_labels	Labels for the treatment variables (treat = 1 followed by treat = 0).
dist	Which distribution to plot. Valid options are "cdf" or "pmf".
out_labels	Labels for the ordered outcome levels. If dist = "cdf", the highest level of outcome will be dropped.
	Other arguments (not used)

Value

A list with named entries plot (a ggplot2 object) and plot_data, the data.frame from which the plot is made. The latter is included for additional modifications to the plot that are desired.

POplugin	Fits a proportional odds model via pooled logistic regression.	
----------	--	--

Description

The outcome in data (indicated in the form object) should be an ordered factor.

Usage

POplugin(form, data, weights = 1)

Arguments

form	The model formula
data	The data set used to fit the model
weights	Either equal to 1 (no weights) or a vector of length equal to nrow(data)

Value

A list with the fitted glm, the original data, levels of the outcome, and the outcome name

predict.POplugin *Predict method for a* POplugin *object*

Description

Predict method for a POplugin object

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'POplugin'
predict(object, newdata = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	An object of class POplugin
newdata	A data.frame on which to predict

Value

A data frame with nrow = number of rows in newdata (or the original data frame) and with the number of columns equal to the number of levels of the outcome observed in the original data frame

print.drord

Print the output of a "drord" object.

Description

Print the output of a "drord" object.

Usage

S3 method for class 'drord'
print(x, ci = "bca", ...)

trimmed_logit

Arguments

х	A "drord" object
ci	Which confidence interval should be printed. Defaults to BCa, but it BCa was not computed in call to drord, defaults back to Wald.
	Other arguments (not used)

trimmed_logit

Trimmed logistic function

Description

Trimmed logistic function

Usage

trimmed_logit(x)

Arguments

х

A numeric between 0 and 1

wald_ci_wmean Compute a Wald confidence interval for the weighted mean

Description

Compute a Wald confidence interval for the weighted mean

Usage

```
wald_ci_wmean(wmean_est, alpha)
```

Arguments

wmean_est	The estimated weighted means + estimated covariance matrix.
alpha	Level of confidence interval.

Value

matrix with treatment-specific weighted mean CIs and CI for difference.

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