Package 'SDAResources'

January 20, 2025

Type Package Title Datasets and Functions for 'Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition' Version 0.1.1 Maintainer Yan Lu <yanlu@unm.edu> Description Includes all the datasets of 'Sampling: Design and Analysis' (3rd edition by Sharon Lohr) in R format and additional functions for analyzing and graphing probability samples. License GPL-2 | GPL-3 **Encoding** UTF-8 LazyData true NeedsCompilation no **Depends** R (>= 3.5.0) RoxygenNote 7.1.1 Suggests rmarkdown, knitr VignetteBuilder knitr Author Yan Lu [aut, cre], Sharon Lohr [aut] **Repository** CRAN Date/Publication 2021-10-22 09:20:13 UTC Contents

gpop	. 3
gpps	. 4
gsrs	
gstrat	
lgebra	
nthrop	
nthsrs	
nthuneq	. 9

artifratio	9
asafellow	10
auditresult	11
auditselect	12
azcounties	12
baseball	13
books	14
captureci	15
census1920	16
census2010	16
cherry	17
classes	18
classpps	18
classppsjp	19
college	20
collegerg	23
collshr	25
coots	28
counties	29
crimes	30
deadtrees	31
divorce	32
emppmf	33
gini	33
golfsrs	34
gpa	35
healthjournals	36
htcdf	37
htpop	38
htsrs	38
htstrat	39
hunting	39
impute	40
integerwt	41
intellonline	41
intelltel	43
intellwts	43
intervals_ex40	44
ipums	45
journal	47
measles	48
•	49
	50
nhanes	50 53
	55 54
otters	54 54
ozone	
pitcount	56
profresp	56

agpop

prof	frespacs				 •				 											58
rado	on				 •			•	 				•							59
rect	length .								 											60
rnt									 			 								61
sam	ple70 .								 			 								61
sant	tacruz .								 			 								62
scho	ools								 			 								63
seal	s								 			 								64
shar	pespop .								 			 								64
sho	rebirds .								 			 								65
sp50	00								 			 								66
spar	nish								 			 								66
srs3	80								 			 								67
ssc									 			 								68
state	epop								 			 								68
state	epps								 			 								69
swe	dishlcs .								 			 								70
syc									 			 								71
teac	hers								 			 								73
teac									 			 								74
teac	hnr								 			 								75
une	qvar								 			 								75
viet	nam								 			 								76
vius	3								 			 								77
vius	sca								 			 								81
win	ter								 			 								86
wtsl	hare								 			 								87
																				89

Index

agpop

agpop data

Description

Data from the 1992 U.S. Census of Agriculture.

Usage

data(agpop)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

county: county name (character variable)

state: state abbreviation (character variable)

acres92: number of acres devoted to farms, 1992

4

acres87: number of acres devoted to farms, 1987
acres82: number of acres devoted to farms, 1982
farms92: number of farms, 1992
farms87: number of farms, 1987
farms82: number of farms, 1982
largef92: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1992
largef87: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1987
largef82: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1982
smallf92: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

agpps

agpps data

Description

Data from a without-replacement probability-proportional-to-size sample from agpop data.

Usage

data(agpps)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

county: county name (character variable)

state: state abbreviation (character variable)

acres92: number of acres devoted to farms, 1992

acres87: number of acres devoted to farms, 1987

acres82: number of acres devoted to farms, 1982

farms92: number of farms, 1992

farms87: number of farms, 1987

farms82: number of farms, 1982

agpps

largef92: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1992 largef87: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1987 largef82: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1982 smallf92: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1992 smallf87: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1987 smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982 region: S = south; W = west; NC = north central; NE = northeast sizemeas: size measure used to select the pps sample SelectionProb: inclusion probability for county SamplingWeight: sampling weight for county Unit: unit number for indexing joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_1: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_2: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb 3: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_4: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_5: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_6: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_7: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_8: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_9: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_10: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_11: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_12: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb 13: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_14: columns of joint inclusion probabilities JtProb_15: columns of joint inclusion probabilities

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

agsrs

Description

Data from an SRS of size 300 from the 1992 U.S. Census of Agriculture agpop data.

Usage

data(agsrs)

Format

Variables are the same as in agpop data.

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

agstrat agstrat data

Description

Data from a stratified random sample of size 300 from the 1992 U.S. Census of Agriculture *agpop* data.

Usage

data(agstrat)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

county: county name (character variable)
state: state abbreviation (character variable)
acres92: number of acres devoted to farms, 1992
acres87: number of acres devoted to farms, 1987
acres82: number of acres devoted to farms, 1982
farms92: number of farms, 1992
farms87: number of farms, 1987

algebra

farms82: number of farms, 1982
largef92: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1992
largef87: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1987
largef82: number of farms with 1,000 acres or more, 1982
smallf92: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1992
smallf87: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1987
smallf82: number of farms with 9 acres or fewer, 1982
region: S = south; W = west; NC = north central; NE = northeast
rn: random numbers used to select sample in each stratum
strwt: sampling weight for each county in sample

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

algebra

algebra data

Description

Fictional data for an SRS of 12 algebra classes in a city, from a population of 187 classes.

Usage

data(algebra)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: class number

Mi: number of students M_i in class

score: score of student on test

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

anthrop

Description

Finger length and height for 3,000 criminals. This data set contains information for the entire population.

Usage

data(anthrop)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

finger: length of left middle finger (cm)

height: height (inches)

References

Macdonell, W. R. (1901). On criminal anthropometry and the identification of criminals. *Biometrika* 1, 177–227.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

anthsrs

anthsrs data

Description

Length of left middle finger and height for an SRS of size 200 from anthrop data.

Usage

data(anthsrs)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

finger: length of left middle finger (cm)

height: height (inches)

wt: sampling weight

anthuneq

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

anthuneq anthuneq data

Description

Finger length and height for a with replacement unequal probability sample of size 200 from data *anthrop*. The probability of selection, ψ_i , was proportional to 24 for y < 65, 12 for y = 65, 2 for y = 66 or 67, and 1 for y > 67.

Usage

data(anthuneq)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

finger: length of left middle finger (cm)

height: height (inches)

wt: sampling weight

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

artifratio artifratio data

Description

Values from all possible SRSs for an artificial population in Chapter 4 of SDA.

Usage

data(artifratio)

asafellow

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

sample: sample number

i1: first unit in sample

i2: second unit in sample

i3: third unit in sample

i4: fourth unit in sample

xbars: \bar{x}_s

ybars: \bar{y}_s

bhat: \widehat{B}

tSRS: $\hat{t}_{y,srs} = N * \bar{y}_s$ thatr: \hat{t}_{yr}

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

asafellow asafellow data

Description

Information from a stratified random sample of Fellows of the American Statistical Association elected between 2000 and 2018. The list of Fellows serving as the population was downloaded from amstat on March 18, 2019. All other information was obtained from public sources.

Usage

data(asafellow)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

awardyr: year of award **gender:** gender of Fellow (character variable, M = male, F = female) **popsize:** population size in stratum (= N_h) **sampsize:** sample size in stratum (= n_h)

10

auditresult

field: field of employment (character variable)

acad = academia

ind = industry

govt = government

degreeyr: year in which Fellow received terminal degree (year of Ph.D. if applicable, otherwise year of Master's or Bachelor's degree)

math: = 1 if majored in mathematics as undergraduate

= 0 if did not major in math

= NA if missing

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

auditresult auditresult data

Description

Audit data used in Chapter 6 of SDA.

Usage

data(auditresult)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

account: audit unit

bookvalue: book value of account

psi: probability of selection

auditvalue: audit value of account

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

auditselect

Description

Selection of accounts for audit data used in Chapter 6 of SDA.

Usage

data(auditselect)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

account: audit unit

bookval: book value of account

cumbv: cumulative book value

rn1: random number 1 selecting account

rn2: random number 2 selecting account

rn3: random number 3 selecting account

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

azcounties azcounties data

Description

Population and housing unit estimates for Arizona counties, excluding Maricopa and Pima counties, from the American Community Survey 2018 5-year estimates.

Usage

data(azcounties)

baseball

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

name: county name (character variable, length 15)

number: county number

population: population estimate for county

housing: housing unit estimate for county

ownerocc: number of owner-occupied housing units for county

References

Source: https://data.census.gov/, accessed November 27, 2020.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

baseball

baseball data

Description

Statistics on 797 baseball players, compiled by Jenifer Boshes from the rosters of all major league teams in November 2004. Missing values (for variables pball, intwalk, hbp, sacrfly; all other variables have complete data) are coded as NA.

Usage

data(baseball)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

team: team played for at the beginning of the season

leagueid: AL or NL

player: a unique identifier for each baseball player

salary: player salary in 2004

pos: primary position coded as P, C, 1B, 2B, 3B, SS, RF, LF, or CF

gplay: games played

gstart: games started

inning: number of innings

putout: number of putouts

assist: number of assists

books

error: errors dplay: number of double plays pball: number of passed balls (only applies to catchers) gbat: number of games that player appeared at bat atbat: number of at bats run: number of runs scored hit: number of hits secbase: number of doubles thirdbase: number of triples homerun: number of home runs rbi: number of runs batted in stolenb: number of stolen bases csteal: number of times caught stealing walk: number of times walked strikeout: number of strikeouts intwalk: number of times intentionally walked **hbp:** number of times hit by pitch sacrhit: number of sacrifice hits sacrfly: number of sacrifice flies gidplay: grounded into double play

References

Forman, S. L. (2004). Baseball-reference.com—Major league statistics and information. www.baseball-reference.com (accessed November 2004).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

books

books data

Description

Data from homeowner's survey to estimate total number of books, used in Chapter 5.

Usage

data(books)

14

captureci

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

shelf: shelf numberMi: number of books on shelfbooknumber: number of the book selectedpurchase: purchase cost of bookreplace: replacement cost of book

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

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captureci
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Capture-recapture confidence interval function

Description

Compute a confidence interval for a capture-recapture sample using the method of Cormack (1992).

Usage

captureci(xmat, y, alpha)

Arguments

xmat	Define $1 = in$ sample and $0 = not$ in sample. For example, if there are two
	samples, xmat has two columns; the row (1,0) represents the category of being
	in sample 1 but not in sample 2.
У	Number of units corresponding to xmat.
alpha	Confidence level with a default value of 0.05.

Value

cell: estimated cell value for the missing count of category (0, 0)

N: the estimated total counts

CI_cell: the estimated confidence interval for the missing category count

CI_N: the estimated confidence interval for total counts

Examples

xmat <- cbind(c(1,1,0),c(1,0,1))
y <- c(20,180,80)
captureci(xmat, y, alpha = 0.1)</pre>

census1920

Description

Population sizes for each state, from the 1920 U.S. census. The data set contains only the 48 states and excludes Washington D.C., Puerto Rico, and U.S. territories (these areas were not allowed to have voting representatives in Congress).

Usage

data(census1920)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

state: state name

population: state population in 1920 census

References

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census (1921).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

census2010 census2010 data

Description

Population sizes for each state, from the 2010 U.S. census. The data set contains only the 50 states and excludes the areas that, as of 2020, are not allowed to have voting representatives in Congress: Washington D.C., Puerto Rico, and U.S. territories.

Usage

data(census2010)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

state: state name

population: state population in 2010 census

cherry

References

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (2019).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

cherry

cherry data

Description

Data for a sample of 31 cherry trees.

Usage

data(cherry)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

diameter: diameter of tree (inches)

height: height of tree (feet)

volume: timber volume of tree (cubic feet)

References

Hand, D. J., F. Daly, A. D. Lunn, K. J. McConway, and E. Ostrowski (1994). A Handbook of Small Data Sets. London: Chapman and Hall.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

classes

Description

Population sizes for 15 classes, used in Chapter 6 of SDA to illustrate unequal-probability sampling.

Usage

data(classes)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: class ID number
class_size: number of students in class

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

classpps

classpps data

Description

Two-stage unequal-probability sample without replacement from the population of classes in *classes* data.

Usage

data(classpps)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: class ID number

class_size: number of students in class

finalweight: sampling weight for student

hours: number of hours spent studying statistics

classppsjp

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

classppsjp classppsjp data

Description

Joint inclusion probabilities for unequal probability sample without replacement from the population of classes in data *classes*.

Usage

data(classppsjp)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: class ID number

class_size: number of students in class

SelectionProb: probability of being included in sample, π_i

SamplingWeight: sampling weight $w_i = 1/(\pi_i)$

JtProb_1: columns of joint inclusion probabilities, π_{1k}

JtProb_2: columns of joint inclusion probabilities, π_{2k}

JtProb_3: columns of joint inclusion probabilities, π_{3k}

JtProb_4: columns of joint inclusion probabilities, π_{4k}

JtProb_5: columns of joint inclusion probabilities, π_{5k}

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

college

Description

Selected variables from the U.S. Department of Education College Scorecard Data (version updated on June 1, 2020). Some of the variables in the book data have been calculated from other variables in the original source; these have been given new variable names that are not found in the data dictionary.

Usage

data(college)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

unitid: unit identification number

instnm: institution name (character, length 81)

city: city (character, length 24)

stabbr: state abbreviation (character, length 2)

highdeg: highest degree awarded

3 = Bachelor's degree

4 = Graduate degree

control: control (ownership) of institution

1 = public

2 = private nonprofit

region: region where institution is located

1 New England (CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT)

2 Mid East (DE, DC, MD, NJ, NY, PA)

3 Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI)

4 Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, NE, ND, SD)

5 Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV)

6 Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX)

7 Rocky Mountains (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY)

8 Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA)

locale: locale of institution

11 City: Large (population of 250,000 or more)

12 City: Midsize (population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000)

13 City: Small (population less than 100,000)

21 Suburb: Large (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of 250,000 or more)

college

22 Suburb: Midsize (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000)

23 Suburb: Small (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population less than 100,000)31 Town: Fringe (in urban cluster up to 10 miles from an urbanized area)

32 Town: Distant (in urban cluster more than 10 miles and up to 35 miles from an urbanized area)

33 Town: Remote (in urban cluster more than 35 miles from an urbanized area)

41 Rural: Fringe (rural territory up to 5 miles from an urbanized area or up to 2.5 miles from an urban cluster)

42 Rural: Distant (rural territory more than 5 miles but up to 25 miles from an urbanized area or more than 2.5 and up to 10 miles from an urban cluster)

43 Rural: Remote (rural territory more than 25 miles from an urbanized area and more than 10 miles from an urban cluster)

ccbasic: carnegie basic classification

15 Doctoral Universities: Very High Research Activity

16 Doctoral Universities: High Research Activity

17 Doctoral/Professional Universities

18 Master's Colleges & Universities: Larger Programs

19 Master's Colleges & Universities: Medium Programs

20 Master's Colleges & Universities: Small Programs

21 Baccalaureate Colleges: Arts & Sciences Focus

22 Baccalaureate Colleges: Diverse Fields

ccsizset: carnegie classification, size and setting

6 Four-year, very small, primarily nonresidential

7 Four-year, very small, primarily residential

8 Four-year, very small, highly residential

9 Four-year, small, primarily nonresidential

10 Four-year, small, primarily residential

11 Four-year, small, highly residential

12 Four-year, medium, primarily nonresidential

13 Four-year, medium, primarily residential

14 Four-year, medium, highly residential

15 Four-year, large, primarily nonresidential

16 Four-year, large, primarily residential

17 Four-year, large, highly residential

hbcu: historically black college or university

1 = yes, 0 = no

openadmp: does the college have an open admissions policy, that is, does it accept any students that apply or have minimal requirements for admission?

1 = yes, 0 = no

adm_rate: fall admissions rate, defined as the number of admitted undergraduates divided by the number of undergraduates who applied

sat_avg: average SAT score (or equivalent) for admitted students

ugds: number of degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled in the fall term

ugds_men: proportion of ugds who are men

ugds_women: proportion of ugds who are women

ugds_white: proportion of ugds who are white (based on self-reports)

ugds_black: proportion of ugds who are black/African American (based on self-reports)

ugds_hisp: proportion of ugds who are Hispanic (based on self-reports)

ugds_asian: proportion of ugds who are Asian (based on self-reports)

- **ugds_other:** proportion of ugds who have other race/ethnicity (created from other categories on original data file; race/ethnicity proportions sum to 1)
- **npt4:** average net price of attendance, derived from the full cost of attendance, including tuition and fees, books and supplies, and living expenses, minus federal, state, and institutional grant scholarship aid, for full time, first time undergraduate Title IV receiving students. NPT4 created from scorecard data variables NPT4_PUB if public institution and NPT4_PRIV if private

tuitionfee_in: in-state tuition and fees

tuitionfee_out: out-of-state tuition and fees

avgfacsal: average faculty salary per month

pftfac: proportion of faculty that is full-time

c150_4: proportion of first-year, full-time students who complete their degree within 150% of the expected time to complete; for most institutions, this is the proportion of students who receive a degree within 6 years

grads: number of graduate students

Details

This data set is made available for pedagogical purposes only. Anyone wishing to draw conclusions from College Scorecard data should obtain the full data set from the Department of Education. The original data set has 1,925 variables and includes institutions (such as those that do not grant undergraduate degrees) that are not in the data college.

The college data includes institutions in the original data set that: (1) are located in the 50 states plus District of Columbia, (2) contain information on average net price (NPT4), (3) are predominantly Bachelor's degree-granting, (4) were currently operating as of June 2020, (5) are not private for-profit institutions or "global" campuses, (6) have Carnegie size classification (variable ccsizset) between 6 and 17 and Carnegie basic classification(variable ccbasic) between 14 and 22 (these offer Bachelor's degrees), (7) enrolls first-time students, and (8) are not U.S. Service Academies.

For all variables, missing data are coded as NA.

References

U.S. Department of Education (2020). College scorecard data. https://collegescorecard.ed.gov/data/ (accessed August 25, 2020).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

collegerg

Description

Five replicate SRSs from the set of public colleges and universities (having control = 1) in *college* data. Columns 1-29 are as in college data, with additional columns 30-32 listed below. Note that the selection probabilities and sampling weights are for the separate replicate samples, so that the weights for each replicate sample sum to the population size 500.

Usage

data(collegerg)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

unitid: unit identification number

instnm: institution name (character, length 81)

city: city (character, length 24)

stabbr: state abbreviation (character, length 2)

highdeg: highest degree awarded

3 = Bachelor's degree

4 = Graduate degree

control: control (ownership) of institution

1 = public

2 = private nonprofit

region: region where institution is located

1 New England (CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT)

2 Mid East (DE, DC, MD, NJ, NY, PA)

3 Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI)

4 Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, NE, ND, SD)

5 Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV)

6 Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX)

7 Rocky Mountains (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY)

8 Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA)

locale: locale of institution

11 City: Large (population of 250,000 or more)

12 City: Midsize (population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000)

13 City: Small (population less than 100,000)

21 Suburb: Large (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of 250,000 or more)

22 Suburb: Midsize (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000)

23 Suburb: Small (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population less than 100,000)31 Town: Fringe (in urban cluster up to 10 miles from an urbanized area)

32 Town: Distant (in urban cluster more than 10 miles and up to 35 miles from an urbanized area)

33 Town: Remote (in urban cluster more than 35 miles from an urbanized area)

41 Rural: Fringe (rural territory up to 5 miles from an urbanized area or up to 2.5 miles from an urban cluster)

42 Rural: Distant (rural territory more than 5 miles but up to 25 miles from an urbanized area or more than 2.5 and up to 10 miles from an urban cluster)

43 Rural: Remote (rural territory more than 25 miles from an urbanized area and more than 10 miles from an urban cluster)

ccbasic: carnegie basic classification

15 Doctoral Universities: Very High Research Activity

16 Doctoral Universities: High Research Activity

17 Doctoral/Professional Universities

18 Master's Colleges & Universities: Larger Programs

19 Master's Colleges & Universities: Medium Programs

20 Master's Colleges & Universities: Small Programs

21 Baccalaureate Colleges: Arts & Sciences Focus

22 Baccalaureate Colleges: Diverse Fields

ccsizset: carnegie classification, size and setting

6 Four-year, very small, primarily nonresidential

7 Four-year, very small, primarily residential

8 Four-year, very small, highly residential

9 Four-year, small, primarily nonresidential

10 Four-year, small, primarily residential

11 Four-year, small, highly residential

12 Four-year, medium, primarily nonresidential

13 Four-year, medium, primarily residential

14 Four-year, medium, highly residential

15 Four-year, large, primarily nonresidential

16 Four-year, large, primarily residential

17 Four-year, large, highly residential

hbcu: historically black college or university,

1 = yes, 0 = no

openadmp: does the college have an open admissions policy, that is, does it accept any students that apply or have minimal requirements for admission?

1 = yes, 0 = no

adm_rate: fall admissions rate, defined as the number of admitted undergraduates divided by the number of undergraduates who applied

collshr

sat_avg: average SAT score (or equivalent) for admitted students

ugds: number of degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled in the fall term

ugds_men: proportion of ugds who are men

ugds_women: proportion of ugds who are women

ugds_white: proportion of ugds who are white (based on self-reports)

ugds_black: proportion of ugds who are black/African American (based on self-reports)

ugds_hisp: proportion of ugds who are Hispanic (based on self-reports)

ugds_asian: proportion of ugds who are Asian (based on self-reports)

- **ugds_other:** proportion of ugds who have other race/ethnicity (created from other categories on original data file; race/ethnicity proportions sum to 1)
- **npt4:** average net price of attendance, derived from the full cost of attendance, including tuition and fees, books and supplies, and living expenses, minus federal, state, and institutional grant scholarship aid, for full time, first time undergraduate Title IV receiving students. NPT4 created from scorecard data variables NPT4_PUB if public institution and NPT4_PRIV if private

tuitionfee_in: in-state tuition and fees

tuitionfee_out: out-of-state tuition and fees

avgfacsal: average faculty salary per month

pftfac: proportion of faculty that is full-time

c150_4: proportion of first-year, full-time students who complete their degree within 150% of the expected time to complete; for most institutions, this is the proportion of students who receive a degree within 6 years

grads: number of graduate students

selectionprob: selection probability for each replicate sample

samplingweight: sampling weight for each replicate sample

repgroup: replicate group number

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

collshr

collshr data

Description

Probability-proportional-to-size sample of size 10 from the stratum of small, highly residential colleges (having *ccsizeset* = 11) in data *college*. Columns 1-29 are as in *college* data, with additional columns 30-34 listed below.

collshr

Usage

data(collshr)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

unitid: unit identification number **instnm:** institution name (character, length 81) city: city (character, length 24) **stabbr:** state abbreviation (character, length 2) highdeg: highest degree awarded 3 = Bachelor's degree 4 = Graduate degreecontrol: control (ownership) of institution 1 = public2 = private nonprofitregion: region where institution is located 1 New England (CT, ME, MA, NH, RI, VT) 2 Mid East (DE, DC, MD, NJ, NY, PA) 3 Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) 4 Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, NE, ND, SD) 5 Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) 6 Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) 7 Rocky Mountains (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) 8 Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) locale: locale of institution 11 City: Large (population of 250,000 or more) 12 City: Midsize (population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000) 13 City: Small (population less than 100,000) 21 Suburb: Large (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of 250,000 or more) 22 Suburb: Midsize (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population of at least 100,000 but less than 250,000) 23 Suburb: Small (outside principal city, in urbanized area with population less than 100,000) 31 Town: Fringe (in urban cluster up to 10 miles from an urbanized area) 32 Town: Distant (in urban cluster more than 10 miles and up to 35 miles from an urbanized area) 33 Town: Remote (in urban cluster more than 35 miles from an urbanized area) 41 Rural: Fringe (rural territory up to 5 miles from an urbanized area or up to 2.5 miles from an urban cluster) 42 Rural: Distant (rural territory more than 5 miles but up to 25 miles from an urbanized area or more than 2.5 and up to 10 miles from an urban cluster) 43 Rural: Remote (rural territory more than 25 miles from an urbanized area and more than 10 miles from an urban cluster)

collshr

ccbasic: carnegie basic classification

- 15 Doctoral Universities: Very High Research Activity
- 16 Doctoral Universities: High Research Activity
- 17 Doctoral/Professional Universities
- 18 Master's Colleges & Universities: Larger Programs
- 19 Master's Colleges & Universities: Medium Programs
- 20 Master's Colleges & Universities: Small Programs
- 21 Baccalaureate Colleges: Arts & Sciences Focus
- 22 Baccalaureate Colleges: Diverse Fields
- ccsizset: carnegie classification, size and setting
 - 6 Four-year, very small, primarily nonresidential
 - 7 Four-year, very small, primarily residential
 - 8 Four-year, very small, highly residential
 - 9 Four-year, small, primarily nonresidential
 - 10 Four-year, small, primarily residential
 - 11 Four-year, small, highly residential
 - 12 Four-year, medium, primarily nonresidential
 - 13 Four-year, medium, primarily residential
 - 14 Four-year, medium, highly residential
 - 15 Four-year, large, primarily nonresidential
 - 16 Four-year, large, primarily residential
 - 17 Four-year, large, highly residential
- hbcu: historically black college or university,

1 = yes, 0 = no

- **openadmp:** does the college have an open admissions policy, that is, does it accept any students that apply or have minimal requirements for admission?
 - 1 = yes, 0 = no
- **adm_rate:** fall admissions rate, defined as the number of admitted undergraduates divided by the number of undergraduates who applied
- sat_avg: average SAT score (or equivalent) for admitted students
- ugds: number of degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled in the fall term
- ugds_men: proportion of ugds who are men
- ugds_women: proportion of ugds who are women
- **ugds_white:** proportion of ugds who are white (based on self-reports)
- ugds_black: proportion of ugds who are black/African American (based on self-reports)
- ugds_hisp: proportion of ugds who are Hispanic (based on self-reports)
- ugds_asian: proportion of ugds who are Asian (based on self-reports)
- **ugds_other:** proportion of ugds who have other race/ethnicity (created from other categories on original data file; race/ethnicity proportions sum to 1)

- **npt4:** average net price of attendance, derived from the full cost of attendance, including tuition and fees, books and supplies, and living expenses, minus federal, state, and institutional grant scholarship aid, for full time, first time undergraduate Title IV receiving students. NPT4 created from scorecard data variables NPT4_PUB if public institution and NPT4_PRIV if private
- tuitionfee_in: in-state tuition and fees
- tuitionfee_out: out-of-state tuition and fees
- avgfacsal: average faculty salary per month
- pftfac: proportion of faculty that is full-time
- **c150_4:** proportion of first-year, full-time students who complete their degree within 150% of the expected time to complete; for most institutions, this is the proportion of students who receive a degree within 6 years
- grads: number of graduate students
- mathfac: number of mathematics faculty
- psychfac: number of psychology faculty
- biolfac: number of biology faculty
- **psii:** selection probability = ugds /(sum of ugds for stratum)
- wt: sampling weight = $1/(10^*\psi_i)$

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

coots

coots data

Description

Selected information on egg size, from a larger study by Arnold (1991). Data provided courtesy of Todd Arnold. Not all observations are used for this data set, so results may not agree with those in Arnold (1991).

Usage

data(coots)

counties

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

clutch: clutch number from which eggs were subsampled csize: number of eggs in clutch (M_i) length: length of egg (mm) breadth: maximum breadth of egg (mm) volume: calculated as 0.000507*length*breadth² (mm³) tmt: = 1 if received supplemental feeding = 0 otherwise

References

Arnold, T. W. (1991). Intraclutch variation in egg size of American coots. *The Condor 93*, 19–27.
Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.
Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition.
Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

counties

counties data

Description

Data (from 1990) from an SRS of 100 of the 3141 counties in the United States. Missing values are coded as NA.

Usage

data(counties)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

RN: random number used to select the county

state: state abbreviation

county: county name

landarea: land area, 1990 (square miles)

totpop: total number of persons, 1992

physician: active non-Federal physicians on Jan. 1, 1990

enroll: school enrollment in elementary or high school, 1990

percpub: percent of school enrollment in public schools

civlabor: civilian labor force, 1991

crimes

unemp: number unemployed, 1991
farmpop: farm population, 1990
numfarm: number of farms, 1987
farmacre: acreage in farms, 1987
fedgrant: total expenditures in federal funds and grants, 1992 (millions of dollars)
fedciv: civilians employed by federal government, 1990
milit: military personnel, 1990
veterans: number of veterans, 1990
percviet: percent of veterans from Vietnam era, 1990

References

Source: U.S. Census Bureau (1994).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

crimes

crimes data

Description

Data from selected variables in a simple random sample of 5,000 records from the 7,048,107 records with dates between 2001 and 2019 in the City of Chicago database "Crimes-2001 to Present". This file was downloaded on August 11, 2020 from https://data.cityofchicago.org/. These data are provided for pedagogical purposes only. Anyone wishing to publish analyses of Chicago crime data should obtain the most recent data from the website. For a list and map of Community Areas, see https://www.chicago.gov/city/en/depts/dgs/supp_info/citywide_maps.html.

Usage

data(crimes)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

year: year in which crime occurred (between 2001 and 2019)

crimetype: type of crime, determined from detailed crime description in database

homicide = homicide

sexualasslt = sexual assault

robbery = robbery

aggasslt = aggravated assault

burglary = burglary

deadtrees

```
mvtheft = motor vehicle theft
     idtheft = identity theft
     theft = other type of theft
     \operatorname{arson} = \operatorname{arson}
     simpleasslt = simple assault (assaults that are not aggravated)
     threat = threat or harassment
     fraud = fraud
     weapon = weapons violation
     trespass = trespassing
     vandalism = vandalism
     narcotics = narcotics or liquor law violation
     other = other
violent: = 1 if violent crime
     = 0 otherwise
arrest: = 1 if an arrest was made
     = 0 otherwise
domestic: = 1 if crime was domestic-related as defined by the Illinois Domestic Violence Act
     = 0 otherwise
commarea: number of the Community Area in Chicago where the crime occurred
location: type of location where crime occurred (e.g. street, apartment)
```

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

deadtrees

deadtrees data

Description

Number of dead trees recorded by photograph and field count for a (fictional) SRS of 25 plots taken from a population of 100 plots.

Usage

data(deadtrees)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

photo: number of dead trees in plot from photograph

field: number of dead trees in plot from field observation

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

divorce

divorce data

Description

Data from a sample of divorce records for states in the Divorce Registration Area.

Usage

data(divorce)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

state: state name (character variable)

abbrev: state abbreviation (character variable)

samprate: sampling rate for state

numrecs: number of records sampled in state

```
hsblt20: number of records in sample with husband's age < 20
hsb20to24: number of records with 20 <= husband's age <= 24
hsb25to29: number of records with 25 <= husband's age <= 29
hsb30to34: number of records with 30 <= husband's age <= 34
hsb35to39: number of records with 35 <= husband's age <= 39
hsb40to44: number of records with 40 <= husband's age <= 44
hsb45to49: number of records with 45 <= husband's age <= 49
hsbge50: number of records with husband's age \Rightarrow 50
wflt20: number of records with wife's age < 20
wf20to24: number of records with 20 <= wife's age <= 24
wf25to29: number of records with 25 <= wife's age <= 29
wf30to34: number of records with 30 <= wife's age <= 34
wf35to39: number of records with 35 <= wife's age <= 39
wf40to44: number of records with 40 <= wife's age <= 44
wf45to49: number of records with 45 <= wife's age <= 49
wfge50: number of records with wife's age => 50
```

emppmf

References

Source: National Center for Health Statistics (1987).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

emppmf

Empirical mass function

Description

Calculates the empirical probability mass function for a variable with associated weights.

Usage

emppmf(y, weight)

Arguments

У	Numerical variable
weight	Associated weights of the variable of interest, default weight is rep(1,length(y))

Value

vals: the distinct values of *y*

epmf: empirical probability mass function corresponding to each y in vals

Examples

```
emppmf(seq(1:10))
emppmf(htsrs$height, rep(2000/200,200))
```

gini

gini data

Description

Data from the population of districts for the 1921 Italian general census.

Usage

data(gini)

golfsrs

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

id: ID number district: district name birth_rate: births per 1,000 population death_rate: deaths per 1,000 population marriage_rate: marriages per 1,000 population agricultural_pop: percentage of males over 10 years old who work in agriculture urban_population: percentage of population in urban areas income: average income altitude: average altitude above sea level (meters) pop_density: number of inhabitants per square kilometer natural_growth: rate of average increase of the population population: population of area area: land area (square kilometers) in_GG_sample: = 1 if in the purposive sample selected by Gini and Galvani = 0 otherwise

References

Gini, C. and L. Galvani (1929). Di una applicazione del metodo rappresentativo all'ultimo censimento italiano della popolazione. *Annali di Statistica 6 (4)*, 1-105. The data are on pages 73–78.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

golfsrs

golfsrs data

Description

A simple random sample of 120 golf courses, taken from the population on the website ww2.golfcourse.com on August 5, 1998. Missing data are denoted by NA.

Usage

data(golfsrs)

gpa

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

RN: random number used to select golf course for sample state: state name holes: number of holes type: type of course: priv = private semi = semi-private pub = public mili = military resort = resort yearblt: year course was built wkday18: greens fee for 18 holes during week wkday9: greens fee for 9 holes during week wkend18: greens fee for 18 holes on weekend wkend9: greens fee for 9 holes on weekend backtee: back tee yardage rating: course rating par: par for course cart18: golf cart rental fee for 18 holes cart9: golf cart rental fee for 9 holes **caddy:** are caddies available? (y or n) **pro:** is a golf pro available? (y or n)

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

gpa

gpa data

Description

GPA data from Chapter 5 of SDA.

Usage

data(gpa)

healthjournals

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

suite: suite (psu) identifier

gpa: grade point average of person in suite

wt: sampling weight, = 20 for every observation

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

healthjournals *healthjournals data*

Description

Randomization and statistical inference practices in a stratified random sample of 196 public health articles. The data, provided courtesy of Dr. Matt Hayat, are discussed in Hayat and Knapp (2017). The variables provided in *healthjournals* are a subset of the variables collected by the authors.

Usage

```
data(healthjournals)
```

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

journal: journal that published the article

AJPH = American Journal of Public Health

AJPM = American Journal of Preventive Medicine

PM = Preventive Medicine

NumAuthors: number of authors

- **RandomSel:** "Yes" if data in the article were from a randomly selected (probability) sample "No" otherwise
- **RandomAssn:** "Yes" if study subjects for the article were randomly assigned to treatment groups "No" otherwise
- **ConfInt:** "Yes" if a confidence interval appeared in the article's main text, tables, or figures "No" otherwise
- **HypTest:** "Yes" if a p-value or significance test appeared in the article's main text, tables, or figures "No" otherwise
- Asterisks: "Yes" if asterisks were used to represent p-value ranges "No" otherwise

36
htcdf

References

Hayat, M. and T. Knapp (2017). Randomness and inference in medical and public health research. *Journal of the Georgia Public Health Association* 7 (1), 7–11.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

htcdf htcdf data

Description

Empirical distribution function and empirical probability mass function of data in htpop.

Usage

data(htcdf)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

height: height value, cm

frequency: number of times height value in column 1 occurs in population

epmf: empirical probability mass function

ecdf: empirical distribution function

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

htpop

Description

Height and gender of 2,000 persons in an artificial population.

Usage

data(htpop)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

height: height of person, cm

gender: M = male

F = female

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

htsrs

htsrs data

Description

Height and gender for an SRS of 200 persons, taken from htpop data

Usage

data(htsrs)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

rn: random number used to select unit

height: height of person, cm

gender: M = male F = female

htstrat

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Description

Height and gender for a stratified random sample of 160 women and 40 men, taken from htpop data.

Usage

data(htstrat)

Format

The columns and names are as in htsrs data.

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

hunting

Description

Population and sample sizes for the poststrata used for the Sunday hunting survey.

Usage

data(hunting)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

region: region of state (East, Central, West)
gender: gender (female, male)
age: age group (16-24, 25-34, 35-44, 45-54, 55-64, 65+)
popsize: population size in poststratum from the 2000 U.S. census
sampsize: sample size in poststratum

hunting data

References

Source: Virginia Polytechnic and State University/Responsive Management (2006).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

impute

impute data

Description

Small artificial data set used to illustrate imputation methods. Missing values are denoted by NA.

Usage

data(impute)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

person: identification number for person

age: age in years

gender: M = male

F = female

education: number of years of education

crime: = 1 if victim of any crime

= 0 otherwise

violcrime: = 1 if victim of violent crime

= 0 otherwise

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

40

integerwt

integerwt data

Description

Artificial population of 2000 observations.

Usage

```
data(integerwt)
```

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number

y: y value of observation

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

intellonline intellonline data

Description

Data from the online (Mechanical Turk) survey. The data were downloaded from PLOS ONE on February 8, 2020; the variables extracted from the full data set are provided here for educational purposes only.

Usage

data(intellonline)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

- int: response to question about agreement with the statement "I am more intelligent than the average person"
 - 1 = Strongly Agree
 - 2 = Mostly Agree
 - 3 = Mostly Disagree
 - 4 = Strongly Disagree
 - 5 =Don't Know or Not Sure

region: census region of respondent (character variable, length 10):

Northeast

South

Midwest

West

sex: sex (character variable, length 8):

Male

Female

race: race (character variable, length 18):

White

African American

Asian American

Hispanic American

Another origin

age: age, years

income: household income level (character variable, length 8):

< \$40k,

\$40-80k,

>\$80k

education: highest education level attained (character variable, length 12):

No College Some College College Grad Grad School

MISSING

postwt: relative weight, obtained by poststratifying to demographic proportions in the 2010 U.S. Census. The weights are normed so that they sum to 750.

References

Heck, P. R., D. J. Simons, and C. F. Chabris (2018). 65% of Americans believe they are above average in intelligence: Results of two nationally representative surveys. *PloS One 13* (7), 1–11.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

intelltel

Description

Data from the telephone survey studied by Heck et al. (2018). The data were downloaded from here and are provided for educational purposes only.

Usage

data(intelltel)

Format

The variables are the same as in *intellonline*.

References

Heck, P. R., D. J. Simons, and C. F. Chabris (2018). 65% of Americans believe they are above average in intelligence: Results of two nationally representative surveys. *PloS One 13* (7), 1–11.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

intellwts

intellwts data

Description

Relative weights for demographic groups in *intellonline* and *intelltel* (Heck et al., 2018). Each sample was weighted using the 2010 U.S. Census demographics for sex (male, female), age (<44, => 44), and race/ethnicity (white, nonwhite). The table entries give the weights for each of these eight demographic groups.

Usage

data(intellwts)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

sex: Female and Male

agegroup: Young = (age less than 44)

Old = (age greater than or equal to 44)

race: White or Nonwhite

tel_n: number of telephone survey respondents in the sex/age group/race class

online_n: number of online survey respondents in the sex/agegroup/race class

tel_wgt: relative weight for each respondent to the telephone survey in this sex/agegroup/race class

online_wgt: relative weight for each respondent to the telephone survey in this sex/agegroup/race class

References

Heck, P. R., D. J. Simons, and C. F. Chabris (2018). 65% of Americans believe they are above average in intelligence: Results of two nationally representative surveys. *PloS One* 13(7), 1–11.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

intervals_ex40	Interval estimates using SRS formulae and formulae appropriate for
	cluster samples

Description

Simulate a population of clusters, then draw a simple random sample of clusters and construct interval estimates using incorrect SRS formulae and formulae appropriate for cluster samples.

Usage

```
intervals_ex40(groupcorr, numintervals, groupsize,
sampgroups, popgroups, mu, sigma)
```

Arguments

groupcorr	The intracluster correlation coefficient rho
numintervals	Number of samples to be taken from population
groupsize	Number of elements in each population cluster
sampgroups	Number of clusters to be sampled
popgroups	Number of clusters in population
mu	Mean for generating population
sigma	Standard deviation for generating population

44

ipums

Value

SRS_cover_prob: proportion of intervals using SRS formulae that include the true population mean mu

cl_cover_prob: proportion of intervals using cluster sampling formulae that include the true population mean mu

SRS_mean_CI_width: the average width of the interval estimates from SRS

Cluster_mean_CI_width: the average width of the interval estimates from cluster sampling

Replicate: Simulation replicate

srs_lci: lower limit of CI from SRS

srs_uci: upper limit of CI from SRS

clus_lci: lower limit of CI from cluster sampling

clus_uci: upper limit of CI from cluster sampling

scatter plot: first graph shows scatter plot of the last simulated sample

CI plots: second graph shows interval estimates produced for each sample if analyzed as an SRS (with red interval not containing the true parameter), and the third shows the interval estimates produced for each sample when analyzed as a cluster sample.

Examples

```
# default setting
intervals_ex40(groupcorr = 0, numintervals = 100, groupsize = 5,
sampgroups = 10, popgroups = 5000,mu = 0, sigma = 1)
# change groupcorr and leave others as default setting
intervals_ex40(groupcorr = 0.3)
intervals_ex40(groupcorr = 0.7, numintervals = 100, groupsize = 5,
sampgroups = 10, popgroups = 5000,mu = 0, sigma = 1)
```

ipums

ipums data

Description

Data extracted from the 1980 Census Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, using the "Small Sample Density" option in the data extract tool, on September 17, 2008. The stratum and psu variables were constructed for use in the book exercises. Data analyses on this file do NOT give valid results for inference to the 1980 U.S. population.

Usage

data(ipums)

ipums

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number (1-9)

psu: psu number (1-90)

inctot: total personal income (dollars), topcoded at \$75,000

age: age, with range 15-90

sex: 1 = Male

2 = Female

race: 1 = White

2 = Black

- 3 = American Indian or Alaska Native
- 4 = Asian or Pacific Islander
- 5 = Other Race

hispanic: 0 = Not Hispanic

1 = Hispanic

marstat: marital Status:

- 1 = Married
- 2 =Separated
- 3 = Divorced
- 4 = Widowed
- 5 = Never married/single

ownershg: ownership of housing unit:

- 0 = Not Applicable (N/A)
- 1 =Owned or being bought
- 2 = Rents

yrsusa: number of years a foreign-born person has lived in the U.S.:

0 = N/A

- 1 = 0-5 years
- 2 = 6-10 years
- 3 = 11-15 years
- 4 = 16-20 years
- 5 = 21 + years

school: is person in school?

- 1 = No, not in school
- 2 =Yes, in school

educrec: educational attainment:

- 1 = None or preschool
- 2 = Grade 1, 2, 3, or 4
- 3 = Grade 5, 6, 7, or 8
- 4 = Grade 9

journal

5 = Grade 10
6 = Grade 11
7 = Grade 12
8 = 1 to 3 years of college
9 = 4+ years of college
labforce: in labor force?
0 = Not Applicable
1 = No
2 = Yes
classwk: class of worker:

- 0 = Not applicable
- 13 = Self employed, not incorporated
- 14 = Self employed, incorporated
- 22 = Wage/salary, private
- 25 = Federal government employee
- 27 = State government employee
- 28 = Local government employee
- 29 = Unpaid family worker

vetstat: veteran status

- 0 = Not Applicable
- 1 = No Service
- 2 = Yes

References

Ruggles et al. (2004). Integrated Public Use Microdata Series: Version 3.0 [machine- readable database]. https://usa.ipums.org/usa/ (accessed September 17, 2008).

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

journal

journal data

Description

Types of sampling used for articles in a sample of journals. Note that columns 2 and 3 do not always sum to column 1; for some articles, the investigators could not determine which type of sampling was used. When working with these data, you may wish to create a fourth column, "indeterminate", which equals column1 - (column2 + column3).

Usage

data(journal)

measles

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

numemp: number of articles in 1988 that used sampling

prob: number of articles that used probability sampling

nonprob: number of articles that used non-probability sampling

References

Source: Jacoby and Handlin (1991). Non-probability sampling designs for litigation surveys. *Trademark Reporter 81*, 169–179.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

measles

measles data

Description

Roberts et al. (1995) reported on the results of a survey of parents whose children had not been immunized against measles during a recent campaign to immunize all children in the first five years of secondary school. The original data were unavailable; univariate and multivariate summary statistics from these artificial data, however, are consistent with those in the paper. All variables are coded as 1 for yes, 0 for no, and NA for no answer. A parent who refused consent (variable 4) was asked why, with responses in variables 5 through 10. If a response in variables 5 through 10 was checked, it was assigned value 1; otherwise, it was assigned value 0. A parent could give more than one reason for not having the child immunized.

Usage

data(measles)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

form: parent received consent form

returnf: parent returned consent form

consent: parent gave consent for measles immunization

hadmeas: child had already had measles

previmm: child had been immunized against measles

sideeff: parent concerned about side effects

gp: parent wanted general practitioner (GP) to give vaccine

mysteries

noshot: child did not want injection
notser: parent thought measles not a serious illness
gpadv: GP advised that vaccine was not needed
school: school attended by child
Mitotal: population size in school
mi: sample size in school

References

Roberts et al. (1995). Reasons for non-uptake of measles, mumps, and rubella catch up immunisation in a measles epidemic and side effects of the vaccine. *British Medical Journal 310*, 1629–1632.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

mysteries mysteries data

Description

Data from a stratified random sample of books nominated for the Edgar awards for Best Novel and Best First Novel. The sample was drawn from the population listing of 655 books at http://theedgars.com/awards/ on August 14, 2020.

Usage

data(mysteries)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number, from 1 to 12, computed from the stratification variables in columns 2-4

time: time period in which award was given:

1 = 1946 - 1980

2 = 1981 - 2000

3 = 2001 - 2020

category: award category (character variable, length 16): Best Novel, or Best First Novel

winner: = 1 if book won the award that year

= 0 if book was nominated but did not win award

popsize: number of population books in stratum ($= N_h$)

sampsize: number of sampled books in stratum $(= n_h)$

- **obtained:** = 1 if book was obtained (responded) in original sample
 - = 2 if book was obtained in phase II subsample of nonrespondents
 - = 0 if not obtained
- **p1weight:** weight for phase I sample, calculated as N_h/n_h ; use for exercises in Chapters 1-11 of SDA
- **p2weight:** final weight for phase II sample; use for exercises in Chapter 12 of SDA and analyses involving variables victims and firearm
- genre: genre of book (character variable, length 11).

"private eye" (protagonist is a private detective)

"procedural" (a detailed, step-by-step analysis of how the crime is solved, using the skills of the detective)

"suspense" (the protagonist is at the center of action or is involved in espionage, but is not a professional detective)

historical: = 1 if the main action in the book takes place at least 20 years before the book's publication date

= 0 if book action is within 20 years of the publication date

urban: = 1 if the main action in the book takes place primarily in urban areas

= 0 otherwise

authorgender: gender of author (character variable, length 1)

- = "F" if author is female
- = "M" if author is male

fdetect: number of female detectives (or protagonists, if book has no detective) in book

mdetect: number of male detectives (or protagonists, if book has no detective) in book

- victims: number of murder victims in book (missing value set to NA if obtained = 0)
- **firearm:** number of murders committed with firearms in book (missing value set to NA if obtained = 0)

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

nhanes

nhanes data

Description

Selected variables from the 2015-2016 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey (NHANES). This data set is provided for educational purposes only. Anyone wishing to publish or use results from analyses of NHANES data should obtain the data files directly from the source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2017).

nhanes

Usage

data(nhanes)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

- **sdmvstra:** Pseudo stratum. These are groups of secondary sampling units used for variance estimation on the publicly available data. Pseudo strata and pseudo psus are released instead of the actual strata and psus to protect the confidentiality of respondents' information. Use sdmvstra as the variable defining the strata.
- **sdmvpsu:** Pseudo-psu. Use sdmvpsu as the primary sampling unit (psu). (There are two pseudo-psus per pseudo-stratum, numbered 1 and 2.)
- wtint2yr: Interview weight (use as weight for variables 5-12)
- **wtmec2yr:** Mobile Examination Center weight (use as weight for any analysis involving variables 13-25)
- ridstatr: Interview/examination status
 - = 1 if interviewed only
 - = 2 if interviewed and had medical examination
- **ridageyr:** Age in years at screening, from 0 to 80. Anyone with age > 80 years is recorded (top-coded) as 80. No values are missing for this variable.
- **ridagemn:** Age in months at screening (reported only for persons with age 24 months or younger at the time of exam, otherwise missing)
- **riagendr:** = 1 if male

= 2 if female (no missing values)

- ridreth3: Race/ethnicity code (no missing values)
 - 1 = Mexican American
 - 2 = Other Hispanic
 - 3 = Non-Hispanic White
 - 4 = Non-Hispanic Black
 - 6 = Non-Hispanic Asian
 - 7 = Other Race, Including Multi-Racial

dmdeduc2: Education level of person interviewed (given for adults age 20+only)

- 1 = Less than 9th grade
- 2 = 9th to 11th grade (including 12th grade with no diploma)
- 3 = High school graduate (including GED)
- 4 = Some college or associate's degree
- 5 =College graduate or above
- 7 = Refused
- 9 = Don't know
- **dmdfmsiz:** Total number of people in the family. Values 1-6 indicate the number of people is that number; value 7 indicates 7 or more people in family. No missing values.

- **indfmpir:** Ratio of family income to poverty guideline. A value less than 1 indicates the family is below the poverty threshold. Variable indfmpir is a continuous variable where values between 0 and 4.99 indicate the actual poverty ratio. A value of 5 indicates that the ratio of family income to the poverty guideline for that family is 5 or more.
- **bmxwt:** Weight (kg)

bmxht: Standing height (cm)

bmxbmi: Body mass index (kg/m^2) , calculated as $bmxwt/(bmxht/100)^2$

bmxwaist: Waist circumference (cm)

bmxleg: Upper leg length (cm)

bmxarml: Upper arm length (cm)

- **bmxarmc:** Upper arm circumference (cm)
- **bmdavsad:** Average sagittal abdominal diameter (SAD, the distance from the small of the back to the upper abdomen), in cm. Calculated by averaging the SAD readings on the person (up to four)
- lbxtc: Serum total cholesterol (mg/dL)

bpxpls: 60-second pulse

sbp: Average systolic blood pressure (mm Hg)

dbp: Average diastolic blood pressure (mm Hg)

bpread: Number of blood pressure readings

Details

The data files merged to create *nhanes* can be read directly from the SAS transport files DEMO_I.XPT,BMX_I.XPT,TCHOL_I.XPT,and BPX_I.XPT from the NHANES website. Variables 1-23 have the same names as in the SAS transport files.

The blood pressure variables sbp and dbp were created as follows. In the medical examination, three consecutive blood pressure readings were obtained after participants sat quietly for 5 minutes, and the maximum inflation level was determined. A fourth measurement was conducted for some persons who had an incomplete or interrupted blood pressure reading.

The variables sbp and dbp were calculated by discarding the first blood pressure reading and calculating the average of the remaining valid readings. Note that some of the diastolic blood pressure readings are 0.

In the comma-delimited file nhanes.csv, missing values are denoted by -9. In the R data file, missing values are denoted by NA. Note that some of the codes for variables in the table below also denote missing values; for example, the value 7 for *dmdeduc2* indicates "Refused", and these codes for special types of missing values remain in the R data files.

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

nybight

Description

Data collected in the New York Bight for June 1974 and June 1975. Two of the original strata were combined because of insufficient sample sizes. For variable "catchwt", weights less than 0.5 were recorded as 0.5 kg.

Usage

data(nybight)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

year: year of data collection, 1974 or 1975
stratum: stratum membership, based on depth
catchnum: number of fish caught during trawl
catchwt: total weight (kg) of fish caught during trawl
numspp: number of species of fish caught during trawl
depth: depth of station (m)
temp: surface temperature (degrees °C)

Details

Missing values are coded as NA.

References

Wilk et al. (1977). Fishes and Associated Environmental Data Collected in New York Bight, June 1974–June 1975. *NOAA Tech. Rep. No. NMFS SSRF-716*. Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

otters

Description

Data on number of holts (dens) in Shetland, U.K., used in Kruuk et al. (1989). Data courtesy of Hans Kruuk.

Usage

data(otters)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

section: section of coastline

habitat: type of habitat (stratum)

holts: number of holts (dens)

References

Kruuk et al. (1989) An estimate of numbers and habitat preferences of otters Lutra lutra in Shetland, UK. *Biological Conservation* 49, 241–254.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

ozone

ozone data

Description

Hourly ozone readings (parts per billion, ppb) from a site in Monterey County, California, for 2018 and 2019. Source: accessed November 19, 2020. Missing values are denoted by NA.

Usage

data(ozone)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

year: year of reading (2018 or 2019)

month: month of reading (1-12)

day: day of reading (1-31)

hr0: ozone reading (ppb) at 0:00 local time

hr1: ozone reading (ppb) at 1:00 local time

hr2: ozone reading (ppb) at 2:00 local time

hr3: ozone reading (ppb) at 3:00 local time

hr4: ozone reading (ppb) at 4:00 local time

hr5: ozone reading (ppb) at 5:00 local time

hr6: ozone reading (ppb) at 6:00 local time

hr7: ozone reading (ppb) at 7:00 local time

hr8: ozone reading (ppb) at 8:00 local time

hr9: ozone reading (ppb) at 9:00 local time

hr10: ozone reading (ppb) at 10:00 local time

hr11: ozone reading (ppb) at 11:00 local time

hr12: ozone reading (ppb) at 12:00 local time

hr13: ozone reading (ppb) at 13:00 local time

hr14: ozone reading (ppb) at 14:00 local time

hr15: ozone reading (ppb) at 15:00 local time

- hr16: ozone reading (ppb) at 16:00 local time
- hr17: ozone reading (ppb) at 17:00 local time
- hr18: ozone reading (ppb) at 18:00 local time
- hr19: ozone reading (ppb) at 19:00 local time
- hr20: ozone reading (ppb) at 20:00 local time
- hr21: ozone reading (ppb) at 21:00 local time
- hr22: ozone reading (ppb) at 22:00 local time
- hr23: ozone reading (ppb) at 23:00 local time

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

pitcount

Description

Fictional data from a fictional point-in-time (PIT) survey taken to estimate the number of persons experiencing homelessness.

Usage

data(pitcount)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

strat: stratum number (from 1 to 8)

division: geographic division, used to form strata

density: expected density of persons experiencing homelessness (character variable, with values High or Low)

popsize: = N_h , the number of areas in the population for stratum h

sampsize: = n_h , the number of areas in the sample for stratum h

areawt: = N_h/n_h , the sampling weight for the area

y: number of persons experiencing unsheltered homelessness found in the area during the PIT count

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

profresp profresp data

Description

The data described in Zhang et al. (2020) were downloaded from https://www.openicpsr.org/openicpsr/project/109021/version on January 22, 2020, from file survey4.rds.

Usage

data(profresp)

profresp

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

prof_cat: Level of professionalism

- 1 = novice
- 2 = average
- 3 = professional
- **panelnum:** Number of panels respondent has belonged to. A response between 1 and 6 means that the person has belonged to that number of panels; 7 means 7 or more.

survnum_cat: How many Internet surveys have you completed before this one?

1 = This is my first one 2 = 1-5 3 = 6-10 4 = 11-15 5 = 16-20 6 = 21-30 7 = More than 30 **panelq1:** Are you a member of any online survey panels besides this one?

1 = yes

2 = no

panelq2: To how many other online panels do you belong?

1 = None

- 2 = 1 other panel
- 3 = 2 others
- 4 = 3 others
- 5 = 4 others
- 6 = 5 others
- 7 = 6 others or more.

This question has a missing value if panelq1 = 2. If you want to estimate how many panels a respondent belongs to, create a new variable numpanel that equals panelq2 if panelq2 is not missing and equals 1 if panelq1 = 2.

age4cat: Age category

- 1 = 18 to 34
- 2 = 35 to 49
- 3 = 50 to 64
- 4 = 65 and over

edu3cat: Education category

- 1 =high school or less
- 2 = some college or associates' degree
- 3 =college graduate or higher

gender: 1 = male

2 = female

non_white: 1 = race is non-white

0 =race is white

- motive: Which best describes your main reason for joining on-line survey panels?
 - 1 = I want my voice to be heard
 - 2 =Completing surveys is fun
 - 3 =To earn money
 - 4 =Other (Please specify)
- freq_q1: During the PAST 12 MONTHS, how many times have you seen a doctor or other health care professional about your own health? Response is number between 0 and 999.
- freq_q2: During the PAST MONTH, how many days have you felt you did not get enough rest or sleep?
- freq_q3: During the PAST MONTH, how many times have you eaten in restaurants? Please include both full-service and fast food restaurants.
- freq_q4: During the PAST MONTH, how many times have you shopped in a grocery store? If you shopped at more than one grocery store on a single trip, please count them separately.
- freq_q5: During the PAST 2 YEARS, how many overnight trips have you taken?

Details

The data set *profresp* contains selected variables from the set of 2,407 respondents who completed the survey and provided information on the demographic variables and the information needed to calculate "professional respondent" status. The full data set survey4.rds contains numerous additional questions about behavior that are not included here, as well as the data from the partially completed surveys. The website also contains data for three other online panel surveys. Because profresp is a subset of the full data, statistics calculated from it may differ from those in Zhang et al. (2020).

Missing values are denoted by NA.

References

Zhang et al. (2020). Professional respondents in opt-in online panels: What do we really know? *Social Science Computer Review 38* (6), 703–719.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

profrespacs

profrespacs data

Description

Population estimates from the 2011 American Community Survey (ACS) for age/gender/education categories measured in *profresp* (Zhang et al., 2020). Note that age3cat has 3 categories, while the age variable in *profresp* has 4 categories.

radon

Usage

data(profrespacs)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

gender: 1 = male
 2 = female
age3cat: age category
 1 = 18 to 34
 2 = 35 to 64
 3 = 65 and over
edu3cat: education category

useat. education eategory

1 = high school or less

- 2 = some college or associates' degree
- 3 =college graduate or higher

count: population size from ACS for the gender/age/education level combination

References

Zhang et al. (2020). Professional respondents in opt-in online panels: What do we really know? *Social Science Computer Review 38* (6), 703–719.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

radon

radon data

Description

Radon readings for a stratified sample of 1003 homes in Minnesota. The data were downloaded in April 2008 from an earlier version of the website now located at https://www.stat.berkeley.edu/users/statlabs/labs.html.

Usage

data(radon)

rectlength

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

countyname: county namecountynum: county numbersampsize: sample size in countypopsize: population size in countyradon: radon concentration (picocuries per liter)

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

rectlength

rectlength data

Description

Lengths of rectangles.

Usage

data(rectlength)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

rectangle: rectangle number

length: rectangle length

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

60

rnt

Description

Page from a random number table.

Usage

data(rnt)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

- col1: column of 5-digit random numbers
- **col2:** column of 5-digit random numbers
- col3: column of 5-digit random numbers
- **col4:** column of 5-digit random numbers
- col5: column of 5-digit random numbers
- col6: column of 5-digit random numbers

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

sample70 sample70 data

Description

All possible simple random samples that can be generated from the population in Example 2.2 of SDA.

Usage

data(sample70)

santacruz

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

sampnum: sample number

- **u1:** sampled units in S
- **u2:** sampled units in S
- **u3:** sampled units in S
- **u4:** sampled units in S
- **y1:** values of y_1 in sample S
- **y2:** values of y_2 in sample S
- **y3:** values of y_3 in sample S
- **y4:** values of y_4 in sample S
- total: estimated population total

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

santacruz

santacruz data

Description

The number of seedlings in the sampled psus on Santa Cruz Island, California, in 1992 and 1994.

Usage

data(santacruz)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

tree: tree number **seed92:** number of seedlings in 1992

seed94: number of seedlings in 1994

References

Peart, D. (1994). Impacts of Feral Pig Activity on Vegetation Patterns Associated with Quercus agrifolia on Santa Cruz Island, California. *Ph.D. dissertation*. Tempe, AZ: Arizona State University.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

62

schools

Description

Math and reading test results from a two-stage cluster sample of tenth-grade students. An SRS of 10 schools was selected from the 75 schools in the population, and then 20 students were sampled from each school. These data are fictional but the summary statistics are consistent with those seen in educational studies.

Usage

data(schools)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

schoolid: school number (use as cluster variable)

gender: gender of student (character variable, F = female, M = male)

math: score on math test

reading: score on reading test

mathlevel: category level for math test score:

1 if 1 <= math <= 40

 $2 \text{ if } 41 \le \text{math}$

readlevel: category level for reading test score:

1 if 1 <= read <= 32

2 if 33 <= read <= 50

Mi: number of students in school, M_i

finalwt: weight for student in sample

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

seals

Description

Data on number of breathing holes found in sampled areas of Svalbard fjords, reconstructed from summary statistics given in Lydersen and Ryg (1991).

Usage

data(seals)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

zone: zone number for sampled area

holes: number of breathing holes Imjak found in area

References

Lydersen, C. and M. Ryg (1991). Evaluating breeding habitat and populations of ringed seals Phoca hispida in Svalbard fjords. *Polar Record* 27, 223–228.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

shapespop

shapespop data

Description

Population of black and gray squares and circles.

Usage

data(shapespop)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

ID: identification number for object
shape: shape of object (square or circle)
color: color of object (gray or black)
area: area of object (cm²)
conv: = 1 if object can be reached through convenience sample
= 0 otherwise

shorebirds

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

shorebirds shorebirds data

Description

Two-phase sample of shorebird nests. These are artificial data constructed from summary statistics given in Bart and Earnst (2002).

Usage

data(shorebirds)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

plot: plot number

rapid: rapid-method count of number of birds in plot

intense: intensive-method count of number of nests in plot

= NA if the plot is not in the phase II sample

References

Bart, J. and S. Earnst (2002). Double-sampling to estimate density and population trends in birds. *The Auk 119*, 36–45.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

sp500

Description

Companies in the S&P 500 Stock Market Index as of September 15, 2020. Downloaded from https://fknol.com/list/market-cap-sp-500-index-companies.php?go=g0 on September 19, 2020.

Usage

data(sp500)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

Company: company name (character variable, length 37)

Symbol: stock symbol (character variable, length 5)

MarketCap: market capitalization, in billions of U.S. dollars

StockPrice: price per share of stock

PE_Ratio: price-to-earnings ratio

EPS: earnings per share

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

spanish

spanish data

Description

Fictional cluster sample of introductory Spanish students.

Usage

data(spanish)

srs30

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: class number

score: score on vocabulary test (out of 100)

trip: = 1 if plan a trip to a Spanish-speaking country

= 0 otherwise

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

srs30

srs30 data

Description

An SRS of size 30 taken from an artificial population of size 100.

Usage

data(srs30)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

y: value of observation

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

SSC

Description

SRS of 150 members of the Statistical Society of Canada, downloaded from ssc.ca in August, 2006.

Usage

data(ssc)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

gender: m = male
 f = female
occupation: a = academic
 i = industry
 n = not determined

ASA: = 1 if person is member of American Statistical Association

= 0 otherwise

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

statepop

statepop data

Description

Data from an unequal-probability sample of 100 counties from the 1994 County and City Data Book (U.S. Census Bureau, 1994). The sample was selected with probability proportional to population.

Usage

data(statepop)

statepps

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

```
county: county name (character variable, length 14)
state: state name (character variable)
landarea: land area of county, 1990 (square miles)
popn: population of county, 1992
phys: number of physicians, 1990
farmpop: farm population, 1990
numfarm: number of farms, 1987
farmacre: number of acres devoted to farming, 1987
veterans: number of veterans, 1990
percviet: percent of veterans from Vietnam era, 1990
psii: probability of selection
wt: sampling weight, = 1/(100\psi_i)
```

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

statepps statepps data

Description

Number of counties (or county equivalents; Alaska has boroughs, Louisiana has parishes, and some states have independent cities), population estimates for 2019, land area, and water area for the 50 states plus the District of Columbia. Total area for a state can be calculated by summing land area and water area. Source: Population estimates are from U.S. Census Bureau (2019). Land and water areas are from U.S. Census Bureau (2012).

Usage

data(statepps)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

state: state name (character variable, length 20)
counties: number of counties or county equivalents
pop2019: population of state, 2019
landarea: land area of state (square kilometers)
waterarea: water area of state (square kilometers)

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

swedishlcs swedishlcs data

Description

Data on call attempts from the Swedish Survey of Living Conditions.

Usage

data(swedishlcs)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

attempt: call attempt number

resprate: response rate at call attempt (percent)

benefits: relative bias for variable benefits

income: relative bias for variable income

employed: relative bias for variable employed

note: character variable, length 25: notes about data collection

Details

The variable attempt takes on values 1-25 for the initial fieldwork period. Values 31-40 denote the follow-up period, and value 45 gives the final estimates. The gaps in the attempt variable allow one to see the separation of the periods on the graph.

References

Lundquist, P. and C.-E. Särndal (2013). Aspects of responsive design with applications to the Swedish Living Conditions Survey. *Journal of Official Statistics* 29 (4), 557–582.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

syc

Description

Selected variables from the Survey of Youth in Custody (Beck et al., 1988).

Usage

data(syc)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number

psu: psu number

= facility number for residents in strata 1-5

= person number for residents in strata 6-16

facility: facility number

facsize: number of eligible residents in psu

finalwt: final weight

randgrp: random group number

age: age of resident (NA = missing)

race: race of resident

1 = White

2 = Black

3 = Asian/Pacific Islander

4 = American Indian, Alaska Native

5 = Other

NA = Missing

ethnicty: 1 = Hispanic

2 = not Hispanic

NA = missing

educ: highest grade attended before sent to correctional institution

0 = never attended school

1 - 12 = highest grade attended

13 = GED

14 = other

gender: 1 = male

2 = female

livewith: who did you live with most of the time you were growing up?

- 1 =mother only
- 2 = father only
- 3 = both mother and father
- 4 =grandparents
- 5 = other relatives
- 6 =friends
- 7 =foster home
- 8 = agency or institution
- 9 =someone else
- MA = blank

famtime: has anyone in your family, such as your mother, father, brother, sister, ever served time in jail or prison?

- 1 = yes
- 2 = no
- NA = don't know

crimtype: most serious crime in current offense

1 = violent (e.g., murder, rape, robbery, assault)

2 = property (e.g. burglary, larceny, arson, fraud, motor vehicle theft)

3 = drug (drug possession or trafficking)

4 = public order (weapons violation, perjury, failure to appear in court)

5 = juvenile status offense (truancy, running away, incorrigible behavior)

NA = missing

everviol: ever put on probation or sent to correctional inst for violent offense

1 = yes

0 = no

numarr: number of times arrested (NA = missing)

probtn: number of times on probation (NA = missing)

corrinst: number of times previously committed to correctional institution (NA = missing)

evertime: prior to being sent here did you ever serve time in a correctional institution?

- 1 = yes
- 2 = no

NA = missing

prviol: = 1 if previously arrested for violent offense, 0 otherwise

prprop: = 1 if previously arrested for property offense, 0 otherwise

prdrug: = 1 if previously arrested for drug offense, 0 otherwise

prpub: = 1 if previously arrested for public order offense, 0 otherwise

prjuv: = 1 if previously arrested for juvenile status offense, 0 otherwise

agefirst: age first arrested (NA = missing)

usewepn: did you use a weapon . . . for this incident? (1 = yes, 2 = no, NA = blank)
teachers

alcuse: did you drink alcohol at all during the year before being sent here this time?

1 = yes

2 = no, didn't drink during year before

3 = no, don't drink at all

NA = missing

everdrug: ever used illegal drugs;

```
0 = no
1 = yes
NA = missing
```

Details

Source: U.S. Department of Justice (1989). Strata 6-16 each contain one facility; the psus in those strata are residents. In strata 1-5, the psus are facilities. The number of facilities in the population (N_h) for those five facilities are: $N_1 = 99$, $N_2 = 39$, $N_3 = 30$, $N_4 = 13$, $N_5 = 14$. Eleven facilities are sampled from stratum 1 and seven facilities are sampled from each of strata 2 through 5.

References

Beck, A. J., S. A. Kline, and L. A. Greenfeld (1988). Survey of Youth in Custody. *Technical Report* NCJ-113365, Bureau of Justice Statistics, Washington, DC.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

teachers

teachers data

Description

Selected variables from a study on elementary school teacher workload in Maricopa County, Arizona. Data courtesy of Rita Gnap (Gnap, 1995). The psu sizes are given in data *teachmi*. The large stratum had 245 schools; the small/medium stratum had 66 schools. Missing values are coded as NA.

Usage

data(teachers)

teachmi

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

dist: school district size, character variable:

large

sm/me

hrwork: number of hours required to work at school per week

size: class size

preprmin: minutes spent per week in school on preparation

assist: minutes per week that a teacher's aide works with the teacher in the classroom

school: school identifier

References

Gnap, R. (1995). Teacher Load in Arizona Elementary School Districts in Maricopa County. *Ph.D. dissertation*. Tempe, AZ: Arizona State University.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

teachmi teachmi data

Description

Cluster sizes for data teachers.

Usage

data(teachmi)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

dist: school district size: large or sm/me

school: school identifier

popteach: number of teachers in that school

ssteach: number of surveys returned from that school

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

74

teachnr

Description

Data from a follow-up study of nonrespondents from Gnap (1995).

Usage

data(teachnr)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

hrwork: number of hours required to work at school per week

size: class size

preprmin: minutes spent per week in school on preparation

assist: minutes per week that a teacher's aide works with the teacher in the classroom

References

Gnap, R. (1995). Teacher Load in Arizona Elementary School Districts in Maricopa County. *Ph.D. dissertation*. Tempe, AZ: Arizona State University.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

uneqvar

uneqvar data

Description

Artificial data used in exercises of Chapter 11.

Usage

data(uneqvar)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

x: x value

y: y value

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

vietnam

vietnam data

Description

Vietnam-service data from Stockford and Page (1984).

Usage

data(vietnam)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

apc: APC stratum. character variable with options "Yes," "No," "NotAvail"

p2sample: indicator variable for phase II sample

= 1 if in phase II sample

= 0 otherwise

vietnam: = 1 if service in Vietnam

- = 0 if service not in Vietnam
- = NA if not in phase II sample

phase1wt: weight for phase I sample

phase2wt: conditional weight for phase II sample

= (phase I sample size in stratum) / (phase II sample size in stratum)

= NA for observations not in phase 2 sample

finalwt: final weight for phase II sample

= phase1wt*phase2wt

- = NA for observations not in phase II sample
- **p1apcsize:** number of observations in the observation's APC stratum that are in the phase I sample (n_h)
- **p2apcsize:** number of observations in the observation's APC stratum that are in the phase II sample (m_h)

References

Stockford, D. D. and W. F. Page (1984). Double sampling and the misclassification of Vietnam service. In Proceedings of the Social Statistics Section, pp. 261–264. Alexandria, VA: *American Statistical Association*.

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

vius

Description

Selected variables from the 2002 U.S. Vehicle Inventory and Use Survey (VIUS).

vius data

Usage

data(vius)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number (contains all 255 strata)

adm_state: state number

state: state name

trucktype: type of truck, used in stratification

1. pickups

- 2. minivans, other light vans, and sport utility vehicles
- 3. light single-unit trucks with gross vehicle weight less than 26,000 pounds
- 4. heavy single-unit trucks with gross vehicle weight greater than or equal to 26,000 pounds
- 5. truck-tractors

tabtrucks: column of sampling weights

bodytype: body type of vehicle

- 01. Pickup
- 02. Minivan
- 03. Light van other than minivan
- 04. Sport utility
- 05. Armored
- 06. Beverage
- 07. Concrete mixer
- 08. Concrete pumper
- 09. Crane

vius

- 10. Curtainside
- 11. Dump
- 12. Flatbed, stake, platform, etc.
- 13. Low boy
- 14. Pole, logging, pulpwood, or pipe
- 15. Service, utility
- 16. Service, other
- 17. Street sweeper
- 18. Tank, dry bulk
- 19. Tank, liquids or gases
- 20. Tow/Wrecker
- 21. Trash, garbage, or recycling
- 22. Vacuum
- 23. Van, basic enclosed
- 24. Van, insulated non-refrigerated
- 25. Van, insulated refrigerated
- 26. Van, open top
- 27. Van, step, walk-in, or multistop
- 28. Van, other
- 99. Other not elsewhere classified

adm_modelyear: model year

- 01. 2003, 2002
- 02.2001
- 03.2000
- 04. 1999
- 05.1998
- 06. 1997
- 07.1996
- 08. 1995
- 09. 1994
- 10. 1993
- 11. 1992
- 12. 1991
- 13. 1990
- 14. 1989
- 15. 1988
- 16. 1987
- 1.
- 17. Pre-1987

vius_gvw: Gross vehicle weight based on average reported weight

- 01. Less than 6,001 lbs
- 02. 6,001 to 8,500 lbs
- 03. 8,501 to 10,000 lbs

- 04. 10,001 to 14,000 lbs
- 05. 14,001 to 16,000 lbs
- 06. 16,001 to 19,500 lbs
- 07. 19,501 to 26,000 lbs
- 08. 26,001 to 33,000 lbs
- 09. 33,001 to 40,000 lbs
- 10. 40,001 to 50,000 lbs
- 11. 50,001 to 60,000 lbs
- 12. 60,001 to 80,000 lbs
- 13. 80,001 to 100,000 lbs
- 14. 100,001 to 130,000 lbs
- 15. 130,001 lbs. or more

miles_annl: number of miles driven during 2002

miles_life: number of miles driven since manufactured

mpg: miles per gallon averaged during 2002, range from 0.3 to 35, NA denotes not reported or not applicable

opclass: operator classification with highest percent

- 1. Private
- 2. Motor carrier
- 3. Owner operator
- 4. Rental
- 5. Personal transportation
- 6. Not applicable (Vehicle not in use)

opclass_mtr: percent of miles driven as a motor carrier, NA denotes vehicle not in use

opclass_own: percent of miles driven as an owner operator, NA denotes vehicle not in use

opclass_psl: percent of miles driven for personal transportation, NA denotes vehicle not in use

opclass_pvt: percent of miles driven as private (carry own goods or internal company business only), NA denotes vehicle not in use

opclass_rnt: percent of miles driven as rental, NA denotes vehicle not in use

transmssn: type of transmission

- 1. Automatic
- 2. Manual
- 3. Semi-Automated Manual
- 4. Automated Manual

trip_primary: primary range of operation

- 1. Off-the-road
- 2. Less than 50 miles
- 3. 51 to 100 miles
- 4. 101 to 200 miles
- 5. 201 to 500 miles
- 6. 501 miles or more
- 7. Not reported
- 8. Not applicable (Vehicle not in use)

- trip0_50: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 50 miles or less from the home base
- trip051_100: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 51 to 100 miles from the home base
- trip101_200: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 101 to 200 miles from the home
 base
- trip201_500: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 201 to 500 miles from the home base
- trip500more: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 501 or more miles from home base
- adm_make: make of vehicle
 - 01. Chevrolet
 - 02. Chrysler
 - 03. Dodge
 - 04. Ford
 - 05. Freightliner
 - 06. GMC
 - 07. Honda
 - 08. International
 - 09. Isuzu
 - 10. Jeep
 - 11. Kenworth
 - 12. Mack
 - 13. Mazda
 - 14. Mitsubishi
 - 15. Nissan
 - 16. Peterbilt
 - 17. Plymouth
 - 18. Toyota
 - 19. Volvo
 - 20. White
 - 21. Western Star
 - 22. White GMC
 - 23. Other (domestic)
 - 24. Other (foreign)

business: Business in which vehicle was most often used during 2002

- 01. For-hire transportation or warehousing
- 02. Vehicle leasing or rental
- 03. Agriculture, forestry, fishing, or hunting
- 04. Mining
- 05. Utilities
- 06. Construction
- 07. Manufacturing
- 08. Wholesale trade

viusca

09. Retail trade

- 10. Information services
- 11. Waste management, landscaping, or administrative/support services
- 12. Arts, entertainment, or recreation services
- 13. Accommodation or food services
- 14. Other services
- NA. Not reported or not applicable

Details

Source: Census: VIUS: 2006 . The data were downloaded from

https://www.census.gov/svsd/www/vius in May, 2006. The website from which the data were downloaded no longer exists, and online information about VIUS may now be found at

https://www.bts.gov/vius, which provides a link to the archived 2002 data. The missing value of state for records with adm_state = 42 was recoded to "PA", the state that has code 42. This data set has 98,682 records, which may be too large for some software packages to handle; the file *viusca* is a smaller data set, with the same columns described below, containing only vehicles from California. The variable descriptions below are taken from the VIUS Data Dictionary. Missing values are coded as NA. For some variables, the value is missing because the question is not applicable or the vehicle is not in use; see the individual variable descriptions. Note that a new VIUS is planned for 2022, with data to be released in 2023; see https://www.bts.gov/vius.

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

viusca

viusca data

Description

The data *viusca* is a smaller data set from *vius* with the same columns described below, containing only vehicles from California. The variable descriptions below are taken from the VIUS Data Dictionary.

Usage

data(viusca)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

stratum: stratum number (contains all 255 strata)

adm_state: state number

state: state name

trucktype: type of truck, used in stratification

1. pickups

2. minivans, other light vans, and sport utility vehicles

3. light single-unit trucks with gross vehicle weight less than 26,000 pounds

4. heavy single-unit trucks with gross vehicle weight greater than or equal to 26,000 pounds

5. truck-tractors

tabtrucks: column of sampling weights

bodytype: body type of vehicle

01. Pickup

02. Minivan

03. Light van other than minivan

04. Sport utility

05. Armored

06. Beverage

07. Concrete mixer

08. Concrete pumper

09. Crane

10. Curtainside

11. Dump

12. Flatbed, stake, platform, etc.

13. Low boy

14. Pole, logging, pulpwood, or pipe

15. Service, utility

16. Service, other

17. Street sweeper

18. Tank, dry bulk

19. Tank, liquids or gases

20. Tow/Wrecker

21. Trash, garbage, or recycling

22. Vacuum

23. Van, basic enclosed

24. Van, insulated non-refrigerated

25. Van, insulated refrigerated

26. Van, open top

27. Van, step, walk-in, or multistop

28. Van, other

99. Other not elsewhere classified

adm_modelyear: model year

01. 2003, 2002 02. 2001 03. 2000

04. 1999

05. 1998

06. 1997

- 07. 1996
- 08. 1995
- 09.1994
- 10. 1993
- 11. 1992
- 12. 1991
- 13. 1990
- 14. 1989
- 15. 1988
- 16. 1987
- 17. Pre-1987

vius_gvw: Gross vehicle weight based on average reported weight

- 01. Less than 6,001 lbs
- 02. 6,001 to 8,500 lbs
- 03. 8,501 to 10,000 lbs
- 04. 10,001 to 14,000 lbs
- 05. 14,001 to 16,000 lbs
- 06. 16,001 to 19,500 lbs
- 07. 19,501 to 26,000 lbs
- 08. 26,001 to 33,000 lbs
- 09. 33,001 to 40,000 lbs
- 10. 40,001 to 50,000 lbs
- 11. 50,001 to 60,000 lbs
- 12. 60,001 to 80,000 lbs
- 13. 80,001 to 100,000 lbs
- 14. 100,001 to 130,000 lbs
- 15. 130,001 lbs. or more

miles_annl: number of miles driven during 2002

miles_life: number of miles driven since manufactured

- **mpg:** miles per gallon averaged during 2002, range from 0.3 to 35, NA denotes not reported or not applicable
- opclass: operator classification with highest percent
 - 1. Private
 - 2. Motor carrier

- 3. Owner operator
- 4. Rental
- 5. Personal transportation
- 6. Not applicable (Vehicle not in use)

opclass_mtr: percent of miles driven as a motor carrier, NA denotes vehicle not in use

- opclass_own: percent of miles driven as an owner operator, NA denotes vehicle not in use
- opclass_psl: percent of miles driven for personal transportation, NA denotes vehicle not in use
- **opclass_pvt:** percent of miles driven as private (carry own goods or internal company business only), NA denotes vehicle not in use

opclass_rnt: percent of miles driven as rental, NA denotes vehicle not in use

transmssn: type of transmission

- 1. Automatic
- 2. Manual
- 3. Semi-Automated Manual
- 4. Automated Manual

trip_primary: primary range of operation

- 1. Off-the-road
- 2. Less than 50 miles
- 3. 51 to 100 miles
- 4. 101 to 200 miles
- 5. 201 to 500 miles
- 6. 501 miles or more
- 7. Not reported
- 8. Not applicable (Vehicle not in use)

trip0_50: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 50 miles or less from the home base

- trip051_100: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 51 to 100 miles from the home base
- trip101_200: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 101 to 200 miles from the home base
- trip201_500: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 201 to 500 miles from the home base

trip500more: percent of annual miles accounted for with trips 501 or more miles from home base

adm_make: make of vehicle

- 01. Chevrolet
- 02. Chrysler
- 03. Dodge
- 04. Ford
- 05. Freightliner
- 06. GMC
- 07. Honda
- 08. International
- 09. Isuzu

viusca

- 10. Jeep
- 11. Kenworth
- 12. Mack
- 13. Mazda
- 14. Mitsubishi
- 15. Nissan
- 16. Peterbilt
- 17. Plymouth
- 18. Toyota
- 19. Volvo
- 20. White
- 21. Western Star
- 22. White GMC
- 23. Other (domestic)
- 24. Other (foreign)

business: Business in which vehicle was most often used during 2002

- 01. For-hire transportation or warehousing
- 02. Vehicle leasing or rental
- 03. Agriculture, forestry, fishing, or hunting
- 04. Mining
- 05. Utilities
- 06. Construction
- 07. Manufacturing
- 08. Wholesale trade
- 09. Retail trade
- 10. Information services
- 11. Waste management, landscaping, or administrative/support services
- 12. Arts, entertainment, or recreation services
- 13. Accommodation or food services
- 14. Other services
- NA. Not reported or not applicable

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

winter

Description

Selected variables from the Arizona State University Winter Closure Survey, taken in January 1995 (provided courtesy of the ASU office of University Evaluation). This survey was taken to investigate the attitudes and opinions of university employees towards the closing of the university (for budgetary reasons) between December 25 and January 1. For the yes/no questions, the responses are coded as 1 = No, 2 = Yes. The variables treatsta and treatme are coded as 1 = strongly agree, 2 = agree, 3 = undecided, 4 = disagree, 5 = strongly disagree. The variables process and satbreak are coded as 1 = very satisfied, 2 = satisfied, 3 = undecided, 4 = dissatisfied. Variables ownsupp through offclose are coded 1 if the person checked that the statement applied to him/her, and 2 if the statement was not checked.

Usage

data(winter)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

class: Stratum number

- 1 = faculty
- 2 = classified staff
- 3 = administrative staff
- 4 = academic professional

yearasu: Number of years worked at ASU

- 1 = 1-2 years
- 2 = 3-4 years
- 3 = 5-9 years
- 4 = 10-14 years
- 5 = 15 or more years
- vacation: In the past, have you usually taken vacation days the entire period between December 25 and January 1?

work: Did you work on campus during Winter Break Closure?

havediff: Did the Winter Break Closure cause you any diffculty/concerns?

negaeffe: Did the Winter Break Closure negatively affect your work productivity?

ownsupp: I was unable to obtain staff support in my department/offce

othersup: I was unable to obtain staff support in other departments/offices

utility: I was unable to access computers, copy machine, etc. in my department/office

environ: I was unable to endure environmental conditions, e.g., not properly climatized

wtshare

uniserve: I was unable to access university services necessary to my work

workelse: I was unable to work on my assignments because I work in another department/office

offclose: I was unable to work on my assignments because my office was closed

treatsta: Compared to other departments/offices, I feel staff in my department/office were treated fairly

treatme: Compared to other people working in my department/office, I feel I was treated fairly

process: How satisfied are you with the process used to inform staff about Winter Break Closure?

satbreak: How satisfied are you with the fact that ASU had a Winter Break Closure this year? **breakaga:** Would you want to have Winter Break Closure again?

Details

Missing values are coded as NA.

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

wtshare

wtshare data

Description

Hypothetical sample of size 114, with indirect sampling. The data set has multiple records for adults with more than one child; if adult 254 has 3 children, adult 254 is listed 3 times in the data set. Note that to obtain L_k , you need to take numadult +1.

Usage

data(wtshare)

Format

This data frame contains the following columns:

id: identification number of adult in sample

child: = 1 if record is for a child

= 0 if adult has no children

preschool: = 1 if child is in preschool

= 0 otherwise

numadult: number of other adults in population who link to that child

References

Lohr (2021), Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press. Lu and Lohr (2021), R Companion for *Sampling: Design and Analysis, 3rd Edition*, 1st Edition. Boca Raton, FL: CRC Press.

Index

*** Source:** ipums, 45 * datasets agpop, 3 agpps, 4 agsrs, 6 agstrat, <mark>6</mark> algebra, 7 anthrop, 8 anthsrs, 8 anthuneq, 9 artifratio, 9 asafellow, 10 auditresult, 11 auditselect, 12 azcounties, 12 baseball, 13 books, 14 census1920, 16 census2010, 16 cherry, 17 classes, 18 classpps, 18 classppsjp, 19 college, 20 collegerg, 23 collshr, 25 coots, 28 counties, 29crimes, 30 deadtrees, 31 divorce, 32 gini, 33 golfsrs, 34 gpa, 35 healthjournals, 36 htcdf, 37 htpop, 38 htsrs, 38

htstrat, 39 hunting, 39 impute, 40 integerwt, 41 intellonline, 41 intelltel, 43 intellwts, 43 ipums, 45 journal, 47 measles, 48 mysteries, 49 nhanes, 50 nybight, 53 otters, 54 ozone, 54 pitcount, 56 profresp, 56 profrespacs, 58 radon, 59 rectlength, 60rnt, 61 sample70, 61 santacruz, 62 schools, 63 seals, 64 shapespop, 64 shorebirds, 65 sp500, 66 spanish, 66 srs30,67 ssc, 68 statepop, 68 statepps, 69 swedishlcs, 70 syc, 71 teachers, 73 teachmi, 74 teachnr, 75 uneqvar, 75

INDEX

vietnam, 76 vius, 77 viusca, 81 winter, 86 wtshare, 87 agpop, 3 agpps, 4 agsrs, 6 agstrat, 6 algebra, 7 anthrop, 8 anthsrs, 8anthuneq, 9 artifratio, 9 asafellow. 10 auditresult, 11 auditselect, 12 azcounties, 12 baseball, 13 books, 14 captureci, 15 census1920, 16 census2010, 16 cherry, 17 classes, 18 classpps, 18 classppsjp, 19 college, 20 collegerg, 23 collshr, 25 coots, 28 counties, 29crimes, 30 deadtrees, 31 divorce, 32 emppmf, 33 gini, 33 golfsrs, 34 gpa, 35 healthjournals, 36 htcdf, 37htpop, 38 htsrs, 38

htstrat, 39 hunting, 39 impute, 40integerwt, 41 intellonline, 41 intelltel, 43 intellwts, 43 intervals_ex40,44 ipums, 45 journal, 47 measles, 48 mysteries, 49 nhanes, 50 nybight, 53 otters, 54 ozone, 54 pitcount, 56 profresp, 56 profrespacs, 58 radon, 59 rectlength, 60 rnt, 61 sample70, 61 santacruz, 62 schools, 63 seals, 64 shapespop, 64 shorebirds, 65 sp500, 66 spanish, 66 srs30, 67 ssc, 68 statepop, 68 statepps, 69 swedishlcs, 70 syc, 71 teachers, 73 teachmi, 74 teachnr, 75 uneqvar, 75

90

INDEX

vietnam,76 vius,77 viusca,81

winter, <mark>86</mark> wtshare, <mark>87</mark>