## Package 'PhageCocktail'

January 20, 2025

Type Package

Title Design of the Best Phage Cocktail

Version 1.0.3

**Description** There are 4 possible methods: ``ExhaustiveSearch"; ``ExhaustivePhi"; ``ClusteringSearch"; and ``ClusteringPhi".

- ExhaustiveSearch"--> gives you the best phage cocktail from a phage-bacteria infection network. It checks different phage cocktail sizes from 1 to 7 and only stops before if it lyses all bacteria. Other option is when users have decided not to obtain a phage cocktail size higher than a limit value.
- ``ExhaustivePhi"--> firstly, it finds Phi out. Phi is a formula indicating the necessary phage cocktail size. Phi needs nestedness temperature and fill, which are internally calculated. This function will only look for the best combination (phage cocktail) with a Phi size.
- ``ClusteringSearch"--> firstly, an agglomerative hierarchical clustering using Ward's algorithm is calculated for phages. They will be clustered according to bacteria lysed by them. PhageCocktail() chooses how many clusters are needed in order to select 1 phage per cluster. Using the phages selected during the clustering, it checks different phage cocktail sizes from 1 to 7 and only stops before if it lyses all bacteria. Other option is when users have decided not to obtain a phage cocktail size higher than a limit value.
- ``ClusteringPhi"--> firstly, an agglomerative hierarchical clustering using Ward's algorithm is calculated for phages. They will be clustered according to bacteria lysed by them. PhageCocktail() chooses how many clusters are needed in order to select 1 phage per cluster. Once the function has one phage per cluster, it calculates Phi. If the number of clusters is less than Phi number, it will be changed to obtain, as minimum, this quantity of candidates (phages). Then, it calculates the best combination of Phi phages using those selected during the clustering with Ward algorithm.
  - If you use PhageCocktail, please cite it as:
- ``PhageCocktail: An R Package to Design Phage Cocktails from Experimental Phage-Bacteria Infection Networks". María Victoria Díaz-Galián, Miguel A. Vega-Rodríguez, Felipe Molina. Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine, 221, 106865, Elsevier Ireland, Clare, Ireland, 2022, pp. 1-9, ISSN: 0169-2607. <doi:10.1016/j.cmpb.2022.106865>.

Imports readxl, stringr, factoextra, bipartite, smerc, RJSONIO

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License GPL-3 Encoding UTF-8 RoxygenNote 7.1.1.9001 NeedsCompilation no Author Maria Victoria Diaz-Galian [aut, cre] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2543-6081>), Miguel A. Vega-Rodriguez [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3003-758X>), Felipe Molina [aut] (<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-9167-7097>) Maintainer Maria Victoria Diaz-Galian <mvdiazgalian@unex.es> Repository CRAN Date/Publication 2022-05-13 21:50:02 UTC

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PhageCocktail Design of the Best Phage Cocktail

#### Description

It gives you the best phage cocktail which lyses the maximum number of bacteria.

There are 4 possible methods within the function PhageCocktail(): "ExhaustiveSearch"; "ExhaustivePhi"; "ClusteringSearch"; and "ClusteringPhi".

"*ExhaustiveSearch*" gives you the best phage cocktail from a phage bacteria infection network. It checks different phage cocktail sizes from 1 to 7 and only stops before if it lyses all bacteria. Other option is when users have decided not to obtain a phage cocktail size higher than a limit value.

"*ExhaustivePhi*" firstly, the function PhageCoctail() finds Phi out. Phi is a formula indicating the necessary phage cocktail size [Molina et al. (2021) doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.564532]. Phi needs nestedness temperature and fill [Molina et al. (2021)doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.564532][Rodríguez Gironés et al. (2006) doi: 10.1111/j.13652699.2006.01444.x], which are internally calculated. This method will only look for the best combination (phage cocktail) with a Phi size.

"*ClusteringSearch*" firstly, an agglomerative hierarchical clustering using Ward's algorithm is calculated for phages [Strauss et al. (2017) doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0168288]. They will be clustered according to bacteria lysed by them. 'PhageCocktail' chooses how many clusters are needed in order to select 1 phage per cluster [Kodinariya et al. (2013)]. Using the phages selected during the clustering, it checks different phage cocktail sizes from 1 to 7 and only stops before if it lyses all bacteria. Other option is when users have decided not to obtain a phage cocktail size higher than a limit value.

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#### **PhageCocktail**

"*ClusteringPhi*" firstly, an agglomerative hierarchical clustering using Ward's algorithm is calculated for phages [Strauss et al. (2017) doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0168288]. They will be clustered according to bacteria lysed by them. 'PhageCocktail' chooses how many clusters are needed in order to select 1 phage per cluster [Kodinariya et al. (2013)]. Once the function (PhageCocktail()) has one phage per cluster, it calculates Phi [Molina et al. (2021) doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.564532]. If the number of clusters is less than Phi number, it will be changed to obtain, as minimum, this quantity of candidates (phages). Then, it calculates the best combination of Phi phages using those selected during the clustering with Ward algorithm.

If you use PhageCocktail, please cite it as: "PhageCocktail: An R Package to Design Phage Cocktails from Experimental Phage-Bacteria Infection Networks". María Victoria Díaz-Galián, Miguel A. Vega-Rodríguez, Felipe Molina. Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine, Volume 221, 106865, Elsevier Ireland, Clare, Ireland, 2022, pp. 1-9, ISSN: 0169-2607. doi: 10.1016/j.cmpb.2022.106865

#### Usage

```
## Default method:
PhageCocktail(pathway,FUN="ClusteringSearch",file.output=FALSE,
file.name="output.txt",limit=7)
```

#### Arguments

string with the input file pathway. The input file must be in .xlsx format and must contain one PhageBacteria Infection Network (PBIN). This PBIN must be
in matrix format, that is, the input file must have only one sheet with a matrix,
whose rows are the bacteria and whose columns are the phages. It is important
to say that the first row must be devoted to the names/codes of the phages. In
the same way, the first column must be devoted to the names/codes of the bac-
teria. Only the values 0 and 1 are considered to reflect the infection relationship
between involved phages and bacteria ( $0 = \text{does not lyse and } 1 = \text{lyses}$ ). In this
way, the infection relationship can be represented by the names of phages and
bacteria, and by the position of the value (0 or 1) in the matrix.
string indicating the function/method to execute: " $ExhaustiveSearch$ "; " $ExhaustivePhi$ "; " $Clusteri$ (default option); " $ClusteringPhi$ ".
logical. If $FALSE$ (default option), the program will not create an output file. If $TRUE$ , the program will write a file with the results.
string with the filename of the output file. Default option is "output.txt"
Positive integer number indicating maximum phage cocktail size desired. The range of options is: (1:7). Default option is 7. It is desirable to use limit when the number of phages and/or bacteria is extremely high.

#### Value

\$file	string indicating the input file used.		
\$method	string indicating the function chosen.		
<pre>\$maxCocktailSize</pre>			
	integen Merrimum nhege egelteil eize		

integer. Maximum phage cocktail size.

	<pre>\$allBacteriaLysed</pre>			
•		logical. If TRUE indicates that the set of phages lyses all bacteria. If FALSE, not all bacteria are lysed by the phage cocktail.		
tail		dataframe composed of the information of each phage cocktail size (phage cock- tail and number of bacteria lysed) and the list of lysed bacteria. An example ("ClusteringPhi"):		
		"Result":		
		"Size3": [ "SajbenNagyP16", "SajbenNagyP3", "SajbenNagyP10", "18" ], "BacteriaLysed":		
		"Size3": ["SajbenNagyB1", "SajbenNagyB2", "SajbenNagyB3", "SajbenNagyB4", "SajbenNagyB5", "SajbenNagyB6", "SajbenNagyB10", "SajbenNagyB11", "Sajben NagyB13", "SajbenNagyB15", "SajbenNagyB16", "SajbenNagyB18", "Sajben NagyB19", "SajbenNagyB23", "SajbenNagyB24", "SajbenNagyB30", "Sajben NagyB31", "SajbenNagyB32" ] As it is an output of executing "ClusteringPhi", there is only one phage cocktail. The meaning is that the best Phage Cocktail of three phages is composed by		
		"Sajben-NagyP16", "Sajben-NagyP3" and "Sajben-NagyP10" lysing 18 bacteria shown in the list called "BacteriaLysed".		
\$non_usefulPhages				
		vector of phages removed because they do not lyse any bacterium. If all of them lyse some bacterium, this message will appear: "All the phages are useful (all of them lyse some bacterium)"		
<pre>\$non_lysedBacteria</pre>				
		vector of bacteria not lysed by any phage. If there is no one, this message will appear: "All the bacteria are lysed by some phage"		

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#### References

\*\*If you use PhageCocktail, please cite it as:

"PhageCocktail: An R Package to Design Phage Cocktails from Experimental Phage-Bacteria Infection Networks". María Victoria Díaz-Galián, Miguel A. Vega-Rodríguez, Felipe Molina. Computer Methods and Programs in Biomedicine, Volume 221, 106865, Elsevier Ireland, Clare, Ireland, 2022, pp. 1-9, ISSN: 0169-2607. doi: 10.1016/j.cmpb.2022.106865

Molina, F., Simancas, A., Ramírez, M., Tabla, R., Roa, I., & Rebollo, J. E. (2021). A new pipeline for designing phage cocktails based on phage-bacteria infection networks. Frontiers in Microbiology, 12, 149. doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2021.564532

Strauss, T., & von Maltitz, M. J. (2017). Generalising Ward's method for use with Manhattan distances. PloS ONE, 12(1), e0168288. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0168288

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Rodríguez Gironés, M. A., & Santamaría, L. (2006). A new algorithm to calculate the nestedness temperature of presence–absence matrices. Journal of Biogeography, 33(5), 924-935. doi: 10.1111/j.13652699.2006.01444.x

Kodinariya, T. M., & Makwana, P. R. (2013). Review on determining number of cluster in K-means clustering. International Journal of Advance Research in Computer Science and Management Studies, 1(6), 90-95.

#### Examples

```
library(readxl)
x<-system.file("extdata","Sajben-Nagy.xlsx",package="PhageCocktail",mustWork=TRUE)</pre>
```

PhageCocktail(x,"ExhaustiveSearch")

```
PhageCocktail(x,"ExhaustivePhi")
```

#If the number of phages and/or bacteria is extremely high, it is #recommended to use limit option starting by 1 for "ExhaustiveSearch" #avoiding that the result takes too much time. If process took a short #period of time and it was desirable to test with a higher number of #phages, it could be done.

PhageCocktail(x,"ExhaustiveSearch",limit=1)

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