Package 'Opportunistic'

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Type Package

Title Routing Distribution, Broadcasts, Transmissions and Receptions in an Opportunistic Network

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Description Computes the routing distribution, the expectation of the number of broadcasts, transmissions and receptions considering an Opportunistic transport model. It provides theoretical results and also estimated values based on Monte Carlo simulations.

License GPL (>= 2)

Suggests hopbyhop, endtoend

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

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| Expected | Theoretical broadcasts/transmissions/receptions for an Opportunistic |
|----------|--|
| | model |

Description

This function computes the probability of success and the expected values of the number of broadcasts, transmissions and receptions for an Opportunistic model.

Usage

Expected(p)

Arguments

р

vector of probabilities of length N where N represents the number of hops

Value

A matrix with the probabilities and expected values for an Opportunistic model for all hops sizes $\leq N$

Author(s)

Christian E. Galarza and Jonathan M. Olate

References

Biswas, S., & Morris, R. (2004). Opportunistic routing in multi-hop wireless networks. ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, 34(1), 69-74.

See Also

routes, MonteCarlo

Examples

```
#An N=3 Opportunistic system with probabilities p = c(0.0, 0.4, 0.1)
res1 = Expected(p=c(0.9, 0.4, 0.1))
res1
```

| MonteCarlo | Monte Carlo broadcasts/transmissions/receptions for an Opportunis- |
|------------|--|
| | tic model |

Description

This function estimates via Monte Carlo the probability of success and the expected values of the number of broadcasts, transmissions and receptions for an Opportunistic model.

Usage

MonteCarlo(p, $M = 10^{4}$)

Arguments

| р | vector of probabilities of length N where N represents the number of hops |
|---|---|
| М | Total number of Monte Carlo simulations |

routes

Details

N is computed from p length. M is code10⁴ by default.

Value

A vector with the success probability and expected values (broadcast, transmissions and receptions) for an N Opportunistic model.

Author(s)

Christian E. Galarza and Jonathan M. Olate

References

Biswas, S., & Morris, R. (2004). Opportunistic routing in multi-hop wireless networks. ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, 34(1), 69-74.

See Also

routes, Expected

Examples

```
#Monte Carlo simulation for an N=3 Opportunistic system with probabilities
#p = c(0.0,0.4,0.1)
res2 = MonteCarlo(p=c(0.9,0.4,0.1),M=10^4)
res2
```

routes

Routing distribution for an Opportunistic network

Description

It provides the different possible routes, their frequency as well as their respective probabilities when considering uncertain probabilities lying on a interval p +- delta.

Usage

routes(p, delta = 0)

Arguments

| р | vector of probabilities of length N where N represents the number of hops |
|-------|---|
| delta | Delta value when considering uncertain probabilities. The interval is of the type |
| | p + - delta. |

Details

By default, delta is considered to be zero disregarding uncertainty.

Value

A data frame containing the routes, frequencies, and respective probabilities.

Author(s)

Christian E. Galarza and Jonathan M. Olate

See Also

Expected, MonteCarlo

Examples

Not run: #An N=7 Opportunistic system with probabilities p1 = 0.7,...,p7 = 0.1

```
> p = seq(0.7,0.1,length.out = 7)
> routes(p)
route 1 1 p1^7 0.08235
route 2 6 p1^5*p2 0.10084
route 3 10 p1^3*p2^2 0.12348
route 4 4 p1*p2^3 0.1512
route 5 5 p1^4*p3 0.12005
route 6 12 p1^2*p2*p3 0.147
route 7 3 p2^2*p3 0.18
route 8 3 p1*p3^2 0.175
route 9 4 p1^3*p4 0.1372
route 10 6 p1*p2*p4 0.168
route 11 2 p3*p4 0.2
route 12 3 p1^2*p5 0.147
route 13 2 p2*p5 0.18
route 14 2 p1*p6 0.14
route 15 1 p7 0.1
Total 64
```

End(Not run)

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