Package 'AquaticLifeHistory'

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Description Estimate aquatic species life history using robust techniques.

This package supports users undertaking two types of analysis: 1) Growth from length-at-age data, and 2) maturity analyses for length and/or age data. Maturity analyses are performed using generalised linear model approaches incorporating either a binomial or quasibinomial distribution. Growth modelling is performed using the multimodel approach presented by Smart et al. (2016) ``Multimodel approaches in shark and ray growth studies: strengths, weaknesses and the future" <doi:10.1111/faf.12154>.

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License GPL-3

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL https://github.com/jonathansmart/AquaticLifeHistory

BugReports https://github.com/jonathansmart/AquaticLifeHistory/issues

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AquaticLifeHistory Introduction to AquaticLifeHistory

Description

Estimate aquatic species life history using robust techniques. This package supports users undertaking two types of analysis: 1) Growth from length-at-age data, and 2) maturity analyses for length and/or age data.

Maturity analyses are performed using generalised linear model approaches incorporating either a binomial or quasibinomial distribution.

Growth modelling is performed using the multimodel approach presented by Smart et al. (2016) "Multimodel approaches in shark and ray growth studies: strengths, weaknesses and the future" <doi:10.1111/faf.12154>.

Author(s)

Jonathan Smart

References

To cite the AquaticLifeHistory package in publications, type citation('AquaticLifeHistory').

Description

boot_data

Usage

boot_data(.data, n = 100)

Calculate_MMI

Arguments

.data	Length at Age data
n	number of bootstrap iterations

Value

a grouped_df produced by the group_by function in dplyr

Calculate_MMI Calculate model averaged length-at-age estimates and parameters

Description

'Calculate_MMI' takes the outputs from an 'Estimate_Growth' function with plots = FALSE and returns the calculated model averaged parameters, SE and estimates based on AIC scores. It should be used if no candidate model has an AIC weight higher than 0.9. Use of this function should cite Smart et al (2016)

Usage

Calculate_MMI(data)

Arguments

data

An output from the Estimate_Growth function with plots = FALSE

Value

A list with model averaged parameters and a dataframe of model averaged length-at-age estimates

References

Smart et al. (2016) Multi model approaches in shark and ray growth studies: strengths, weaknesses and the future. Fish and Fisheries. 17: 955-971https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1111/faf.12154

Examples

```
# load example data set
data("growth_data")
# Run function with three default model candidates and return results
# without plots. Use 100 bootstraps for testing and then increase to at
# least 1000 for actual model runs.
models <- Estimate_Growth(growth_data, plots = FALSE, n.bootstraps = 100)
# Calculate the model average of the resulting growth estimates
Calculate_MMI(models)
```

Estimate_Age_Maturity Estimate age-at-maturity

Description

Age-at-maturity is estimated from binary maturity data using a logistic ogive. Two options are available depending on error structure. If binary data are used then a binomial error structure is required. If the user wishes to bin the data by age class then a quasi binomial error structure is needed with the data weighted by the sample size of each bin. This is handled automatically by the function.

Usage

```
Estimate_Age_Maturity(
  data,
  error.structure = "binomial",
  n.bootstraps = 1000,
  display.points = FALSE,
  return = "parameters"
)
```

Arguments

data	A dataframe that includes age and a binary maturity status (immature = 0 and mature = 1). Columns should be named "Age" and "Maturity" but the function is robust enough to accept some reasonable variations to these	
error.structure		
	The distribution for the glm used to produce the logistic ogive. Must be ei- ther "binomial" for binary data or "quasi binomial" for binned maturity at age. Proportion mature at each age is automatically calculated within the function	
n.bootstraps	Number of bootstrap iterations required to produce 95% confidence intervals about the logistic ogive	
display.points	Should the raw data be plotted for the binomial model?	
return	Either:	
	parameters The estimated logistic parameters and their standard error (A50 and A95)	
	estimates The logistic ogive predictions with 95 percent confidence intervals (useful for creating ones own plots)	
	plot a ggplot object of the logistic ogive.	

Value

Either:

parameters a dataframe of the estimated logistic parameters and their standard error (A50 and A95)

Estimate_Growth

estimates a dataframe of logistic ogive predictions with 95 percent confidence intervals

plot a ggplot object of the logistic ogive

Examples

```
# load example data set
data("maturity_data")
# Run function to estimate age-at-maturity parameters
Estimate_Age_Maturity(maturity_data)
# A plot can also be returned with bootstrapped CI's. Use 100 bootstraps for
# testing and then increase to at least 1000 for actual model runs.
Estimate_Age_Maturity(maturity_data, return = "plot",n.bootstraps = 100)
```

Estimate_Growth Estimate length-at-age parameters and growth curves for Elasmobranchs

Description

A multi-model growth estimation approach is applied to length-at-age data. Three models can be applied which include the von Bertalanffy (VB), logistic (Log) and Gompertz (Gom) models. AIC values and weights are calculated. The outputs will return a list of model parameter estimates and will either print a plot to the screen or output the length-at-age estimates as part of the list.Use of this function should cite Smart et al. (2016).

Usage

```
Estimate_Growth(
  data,
  models = c("VB", "Log", "Gom"),
  Birth.Len = NULL,
  correlation.matrix = FALSE,
  n.bootstraps = 1000,
  plots = TRUE,
  Max.Age = NULL,
  plot.legend = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

data	a data frame which includes 'Age' and 'Length - ideally with these names but the function will except some variation to these
models	a vector of models to be fitted. These can include" VB", "Log" and "Gom". A subset can also be used
Birth.Len	The length-at-birth to be used for two parameter models. If a value is provided, two parameter models are automatically run

correlation.matrix			
	Should the correlation matrix of parameters be returned? This is the only object returned if TRUE.		
n.bootstraps	The number of bootstraps performed for model 95 confidence intervals		
plots	Should plots be printed to the screen. If FALSE then the model estimates and CI's are returned as an additional output		
Max.Age	Specify the max age for bootstrapped confidence intervals to be produced over. Default is the max age in the data.		
plot.legend	Do you want a legend for the different models on the plot		

Value

Returns a list of parameter estimates with errors and AIC results. If plots is TRUE then a plot is printed to the screen. If plots is FALSE then the length-at-age estimates are returned as a list element

References

Smart et al. (2016) Multi-model approaches in shark and ray growth studies: strengths, weaknesses and the future. Fish and Fisheries. 17: 955-971https://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/ 10.1111/faf.12154

Examples

```
# load example data set
data("growth_data")
# Run function with three default model candidates. Use 100 bootstraps for
# testing and then increase to at least 1000 for actual model runs.
Estimate_Growth(growth_data, n.bootstraps = 100)
```

Estimate_Len_Maturity Estimate length-at-maturity

Description

Length-at-maturity is estimated from binary maturity data using a logistic ogive. Two options are available depending on error structure. If binary data are used then a binomial error structure is required. If the user wishes to bin the data by length class then a quasi binomial error structure is needed with the data weighted by the sample size of each bin. This is handled automatically by the function.

Estimate_Len_Maturity

Usage

```
Estimate_Len_Maturity(
   data,
   error.structure = "binomial",
   n.bootstraps = 1000,
   bin.width = NA,
   display.points = FALSE,
   return = "parameters"
)
```

Arguments

data	A dataframe that includes length and a binary maturity status (immature = 0 and mature = 1). Columns should be named "Length" and "Maturity" but the function is robust enough to accept some reasonable variations to these		
error.structure			
	The distribution for the glm used to produce the logistic ogive. Must be either "binomial" for binary data or "quasi binomial" for binned maturity at length. Proportion mature at each length bin is automatically calculated within the func- tion		
n.bootstraps	Number of bootstrap iterations required to produce 95% confidence intervals about the logistic ogive		
bin.width	The width of the length-class bins used for a quasi binomial logistic model. These should on the same unit as the length data. The y axis on any plots will automatically scale to the correct unit ("cm" or "mm")		
display.points	Should the raw data be plotted for the binomial model?		
return	Either:		
	parameters The estimated logistic parameters and their standard error (L50 and L95)		
	estimates The logistic ogive predictions with 95 percent confidence intervals (useful for creating ones own plots)		
	plot a ggplot object of the logistic ogive.		

Value

Either:

- **parameters** a dataframe of the estimated logistic parameters and their standard error (L50 and L95)
- estimates a dataframe of logistic ogive predictions with 95 percent confidence intervals
- **plot** a ggplot object of the logistic ogive. If binned length classes are used, this includes a bar plot of proportional maturity

Examples

```
# load example data set
data("maturity_data")
# Run function to estimate length-at-maturity parameters
Estimate_Len_Maturity(maturity_data)
# A plot can also be returned with bootstrapped CI's. Use 100 bootstraps for
# testing and then increase to at least 1000 for actual model runs.
Estimate_Len_Maturity(maturity_data, return = "plot",n.bootstraps = 100)
```

growth_data

```
Length-at-age data for blacktip sharks
```

Description

A data set containing the length-at-age data for common blacktip sharks (*Carcharhinus limbatus*) from Indonesia. This data was published in Smart et al. (2015).

Usage

```
data(growth_data)
```

Format

A data frame with 294 rows and 3 variables

Details

- · Age. Number of growth bands determined from vertebral analysis
- · Length. Total Length in mm determined via back-calculation
- Sex. Females (F) or males (M)

References

Smart et al (2015) Age and growth of the common blacktip shark Carcharhinus limbatus from Indonesia, incorporating an improved approach to comparing regional population growth rates. African Journal of Marine Science 37:177-188. https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10. 2989/1814232X.2015.1025428

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maturity_data

Description

A data set containing the length-at-maturity and age-at-maturity data for female silky sharks (*Car-charhinus falciformis*) from Papua New Guinea. This data was published in Grant et al (2018)

Usage

data(maturity_data)

Format

A data frame with 284 rows and 4 variables

Details

- Tag. Unique identifier for each Shark
- Age. Number of growth bands determined from vertebral analysis
- Length. Total Length in cm
- Maturity. Binary maturity status: immature = 0 and mature = 1

References

Grant et al (2018) Life history characteristics of the silky shark (*Carcharhinus falciformis*) from the central west Pacific. Marine and Freshwater Research 69:562-573 http://www.publish.csiro.au/mf/MF17163

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