Package 'AnnuityRIR'

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Suggests MASS

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License GPL (>= 2)

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beta_parameters Compute the parameters of the beta distribution and plot normalized data.

Description

Compute the parameters of the beta distribution and plot normalized data.

Usage

```
beta_parameters(data)
```

Arguments

data A vector of interest rates.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
# example 1
data=c(0.00,-0.05,-0.05,-0.06,-0.06,0.02,-0.06,-0.05,-0.04,-0.05,
-0.03,-0.06,0.04,-0.05,-0.08,-0.05,-0.12,-0.03,-0.05,-0.04,-0.06)
beta_parameters(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
beta_parameters(data)</pre>
```

FV_post_artan

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

Usage

FV_post_artan(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R. In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_post_artan(data,6)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)</pre>
```

FV_post_artan(data,10)

FV_post_beta_kmom	Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-
	immediate), valued at the rate X , using the estimated moments of the
	beta distribution.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Usage

FV_post_beta_kmom(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
# example 1
data=c(0.00,-0.05,-0.05,-0.06,-0.06,0.02,-0.06,-0.05,-0.04,-0.05,
-0.03,-0.06,0.04,-0.05,-0.08,-0.05,-0.12,-0.03,-0.05,-0.04,-0.06)
FV_post_beta_kmom(data,8)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)</pre>
```

```
FV_post_beta_kmom(data,8)
```

FV_post_mood

Compute the final expected value of an *n*-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the method of Mood et al.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the method of Mood *et al.*

Usage

FV_post_mood(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_post_mood(data,6)
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
FV_post_mood(data,10)</pre>

<pre>FV_post_norm_kmom</pre>	Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity- immediate), valued at the rate X , using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Usage

FV_post_norm_kmom(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
FV_post_norm_kmom(data,8)
```

```
# example 1
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
norm_test_jb(data) #test data
FV_post_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

FV_post_quad

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the quadratic discount method.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the quadratic discount method.

Usage

FV_post_quad(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_post_quad(data,8)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)</pre>
```

FV_post_quad(data,10)

FV_pre_artan Compute the function for the function for the function of the fun

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

Usage

FV_pre_artan(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_pre_artan(data,6)
# example 2
```

data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
FV_pre_artan(data,10)</pre>

FV_pre_beta_kmom

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Usage

FV_pre_beta_kmom(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

Examples

```
# example 1
data=c(0.00,-0.05,-0.05,-0.06,-0.06,0.02,-0.06,-0.05,-0.04,-0.05,
-0.03,-0.06,0.04,-0.05,-0.08,-0.05,-0.12, -0.03,-0.05,-0.04,-0.06)
FV_pre_beta_kmom(data,8)
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
FV_pre_beta_kmom(data,8)</pre>

FV_pre_mood Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the method of Mood et al.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the method of Mood *et al*.

Usage

FV_pre_mood(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_pre_mood(data,6)
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
FV_pre_mood(data,10)</pre>

FV_pre_norm_kmom

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Usage

FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

Examples

```
# example 1
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
norm_test_jb(data) #test data
FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

example 1
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
norm_test_jb(data) #test data
FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>

FV_pre_quad

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the quadratic discount method.

Description

Compute the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the quadratic discount method.

Usage

FV_pre_quad(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
FV_pre_quad(data,6)
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
FV_pre_quad(data,10)</pre>

moment

Description

Compute the exact moments of a distribution.

Usage

moment(x,order,central, absolute, na.rm)

Arguments

x	A vector X of interest rates.
order	The order of moment that should be computed. Default is 1.
central	If central moments are to be computed. Default is "FALSE".
absolute	If absolute moments are to be computed. Default is "FALSE".
na.rm	If missing values should be removed. Default is "FALSE".

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
#example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
moment(data,3)
```

norm_mom

Fit the data to a normal curve and compute the moments of the normal distribution according to the definition (as integral).

Description

Fit the data to a normal curve and compute the moments of the normal distribution according to the definition (as integral).

Usage

norm_mom(data,order)

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
order	The order of moment that should be computed.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
#example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
norm_mom(data,5)
```

norm_test_jb

Compute the Jarque-Bera test for checking the assumption of normality of the interest rates distribution and returns the parameters of the fitted normal distribution.

Description

Compute the Jarque-Bera test for checking the assumption of normality of the interest rates distribution and returns the parameters of the fitted normal distribution.

Usage

norm_test_jb(data)

Arguments

data A vector of interest rates.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2015): "Approach of the value of an annuity when non-central moments of the capitalization factor are known: an R application with interest rates following normal and beta distributions". *Ratio Mathematica*, 28(1), pp. 15-30. doi: 10.23755/rm.v28i1.25.

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,
0.154,0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
norm_test_jb(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
norm_test_jb(data)
# example 3
data=runif(999, min = 0, max = 1)
norm_test_jb(data)
# example 4
data=c(0.00,-0.05,-0.05,-0.06,-0.06,0.02,-0.06,-0.05,-0.04,-0.05,
-0.03,-0.06,0.04,-0.05,-0.08,-0.05,-0.12,-0.03,-0.05,-0.04,-0.06)
norm_test_jb(data)</pre>
```

plot_FVs_post Plot the final expected values of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Description

Plot the final expected values of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Usage

plot_FVs_post(data,years,lwd,lty1,lty2,lty3)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty1	The style of the curve for the "arctan" approximation. Default is 1.
lty2	The style of the curve for the "cubic" approximation. Default is 2.
lty3	The style of the curve for the "mood" approximation. Default is 3.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
#example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
plot_FVs_post(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.003)
plot_FVs_post(data)</pre>
```

plot_FVs_pre

Plot the final expected values of an *n*-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Description

Plot the final expected values of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Usage

plot_FVs_pre(data,years,lwd,lty1,lty2,lty3)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty1	The style of the curve for the "arctan" approximation. Default is 1.
lty2	The style of the curve for the "cubic" approximation. Default is 2.
lty3	The style of the curve for the "mood" approximation. Default is 3.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

plot_FVs_pre(data)

```
#example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
plot_FVs_pre(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.003)</pre>
```

plot_FV_post_beta_kmom

Plot the final expected value of an *n*-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Description

Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Usage

plot_FV_post_beta_kmom(data,years,lwd,lty)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty	The style of the curve. Default is 1.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data<-runif(34, 0,1)
plot_FV_post_beta_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

plot_FV_post_norm_kmom

Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Description

Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Usage

plot_FV_post_norm_kmom(data,years,lwd,lty)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty	The style of the curve. Default is 1.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
plot_FV_post_norm_kmom(data,8)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
plot_FV_post_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

plot_FV_pre_beta_kmom Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Description

Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the beta distribution.

Usage

plot_FV_pre_beta_kmom(data,years,lwd,lty)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty	The style of the curve. Default is 1.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data<-runif(34, 0,1)
plot_FV_pre_beta_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

 $plot_FV_pre_norm_kmom$ Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Description

Plot the final expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the estimated moments of the normal distribution.

Usage

plot_FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,years,lwd,lty)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty	The style of the curve. Default is 1.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
plot_FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.075,sd=0.2)
plot_FV_pre_norm_kmom(data,8)</pre>

plot_PVs_post	Plot the present expected values of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity- immediate), valued at the rate X , using different approaches.

Description

Plot the present expected values of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Usage

plot_PVs_post(data,years,lwd,lty1,lty2,lty3,lty4,lty5,lty6)

Arguments

A vector of interest rates.
The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
The style of the curve for the "arctan" approximation. Default is 1.
The style of the curve for the "cubic" approximation. Default is 2.
The style of the curve for the "mood with positive moments" approximation. Default is 3.
The style of the curve for the "mood with negative moments" approximation. Default is 4.
The style of the curve for the exact value. Default is 5.
The style of the curve for "triangular distribution" approximation. Default is 6.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

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plot_PVs_pre

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
plot_PVs_post(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.003)
plot_PVs_post(data)</pre>
```

plot_PVs_pre	Plot the present expected values of an n-payment annuity, with pay-
	ments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity- due), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Description

Plot the present expected values of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using different approaches.

Usage

plot_PVs_pre(data, years, lwd, lty1, lty2, lty3, lty4, lty5, lty6)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.
lwd	The width of the curve. Default is 1.5.
lty1	The style of the curve for the "arctan" approximation. Default is 1.
lty2	The style of the curve for the "cubic" approximation. Default is 2.
lty3	The style of the curve for the "mood with positive moments" approximation. Default is 3.
lty4	The style of the curve for the "mood with negative moments" approximation. Default is 4.
lty5	The style of the curve for the exact value. Default is 5.
lty6	The style of the curve for "triangular distribution" approximation. Default is 6.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
plot_PVs_pre(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.003)
plot_PVs_pre(data)</pre>
```

PV_post_artan	Compute present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with pay-
	ments of 1 unit each, made at the end of every year (annuity-
	immediate), valued at the rate X , using the tetraparametric function
	approach.

Description

Compute present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each, made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

Usage

```
PV_post_artan(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

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PV_post_cubic

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_post_artan(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
PV_post_artan(data)
# example 3
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.2)
PV_post_artan(data)</pre>
```

PV_post_cubic	Compute the present expected value of an <i>n</i> -payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-due),
	valued at the rate X , using the cubic discount method.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the cubic discount method.

Usage

PV_post_cubic(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_post_cubic(data)
#example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
PV_post_cubic(data)</pre>
```

```
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_post_cubic(data)
```

PV_post_exact

Computes the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders.

Description

Computes the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders.

Usage

```
PV_post_exact(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data=c(0.0177, 0.0185, 0.0185, 0.0184, 0.0184, 0.0183, 0.0185, 0.0185, 0.0188, 0.0185,
0.0180, 0.0184, 0.0191, 0.0185, 0.0184, 0.0185, 0.0186, 0.0185, 0.0188, 0.0186)
PV_post_exact(data,10)
```

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PV_post_mood_nm	Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-
	immediate), valued at the rate X , with the method of Mood et al. using
	some negative moments of the distribution.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood *et al.* using some negative moments of the distribution.

Usage

PV_post_mood_nm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Mood, A. M.; Graybill, F. A. and Boes, D. C. (1974). *Introduction to the Theory of Statistics* (3rd Ed.). New York: McGraw Hill.

Rice, J. A. (1995). *Mathematical Statistics and Data Analysis* (2nd Ed.). California: Ed. Duxbury Press.

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_post_mood_nm(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
PV_post_mood_nm(data)
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_post_mood_nm(data)</pre>
```

PV_post_mood_pmCompute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-
immediate), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood et al. using
some positive moments of the distribution.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the end of every year (annuity-immediate), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood *et al.* using some positive moments of the distribution.

Usage

PV_post_mood_pm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Mood, A. M.; Graybill, F. A. and Boes, D. C. (1974). *Introduction to the Theory of Statistics* (3rd Ed.). New York: McGraw Hill.

Rice, J. A. (1995). *Mathematical Statistics and Data Analysis* (2nd Ed.). California: Ed. Duxbury Press.

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

PV_post_mood_pm(data)

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_post_mood_pm(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)</pre>
```

PV_post_triang_3

```
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_post_mood_pm(data)
```

 $PV_post_triang_3$ Compute the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the function triangular_moments_3 for the moments greater than -2 (in absolute value).

Description

Compute the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the function triangular_moments_3 for the moments greater than -2 (in absolute value).

Usage

PV_post_triang_3(data, years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates expressed as percentages.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85, 1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86) PV_pre_triang_3(data,10) PV_post_triang_dis

Compute the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U (which are obtained from the definition of negative moment of a continuous random variable).

Description

Compute the present value of an annuity-immediate considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U (which are obtained from the definition of negative moment of a continuous random variable).

Usage

PV_post_triang_dis(data, years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates expressed as percentages.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
PV_post_triang_dis(data,10)
```

PV_pre_artan	Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each, made at the beginning of every year (annuity- due), valued at the rate X , using the tetraparametric function ap-
	proach.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each, made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the tetraparametric function approach.

PV_pre_cubic

Usage

PV_pre_artan(data, years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,0.128,
0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_pre_artan(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)</pre>
```

```
PV_pre_artan(data)
```

PV_pre_cubic	Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-
	due), valued at the rate X , using the cubic discount method.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, using the cubic discount method.

Usage

PV_pre_cubic(data, years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_pre_cubic(data)

#example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
PV_pre_cubic(data)

# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_pre_cubic(data)</pre>
```

PV_pre_exact	Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-
	central moments of negative orders.

Description

Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-central moments of negative orders.

Usage

```
PV_pre_exact(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

PV_pre_mood_nm

Examples

```
# example 1
data=c(0.0177, 0.0185, 0.0185, 0.0184, 0.0184, 0.0183, 0.0185, 0.0185, 0.0188,
0.0185, 0.0180, 0.0184, 0.0191, 0.0185, 0.0184, 0.0185, 0.0186, 0.0185, 0.0188, 0.0186)
PV_pre_exact(data,10)
```

PV_pre_mood_nm	Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with
	payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-
	due), valued at the rate X , with the method of Mood et al. using some
	negative moments of the distribution.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an *n*-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood *et al.* using some negative moments of the distribution.

Usage

```
PV_pre_mood_nm(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_pre_mood_nm(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.03,sd=0.01)
PV_pre_mood_nm(data)
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,
1.84,1.95,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,
</pre>
```

```
1.84,1.85,1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_pre_mood_nm(data)
```

PV_pre_mood_pm Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuitydue), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood et al. using some positive moments of the distribution.

Description

Compute the present expected value of an n-payment annuity, with payments of 1 unit each made at the beginning of every year (annuity-due), valued at the rate X, with the method of Mood *et al.* using some positive moments of the distribution.

Usage

PV_pre_mood_pm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Source

Cruz Rambaud, S.; Maturo, F. and Sánchez Pérez A. M. (2017): "Expected present and final value of an annuity when some non-central moments of the capitalization factor are unknown: Theory and an application using R". In Š. Hošková-Mayerová, *et al.* (Eds.), *Mathematical-Statistical Models and Qualitative Theories for Economic and Social Sciences* (pp. 233-248). Springer, Cham. doi:10.1007/978-3-319-54819-7_16.

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(0.298,0.255,0.212,0.180,0.165,0.163,0.167,0.161,0.154,
0.128,0.079,0.059,0.042,-0.008,-0.012,-0.002)
PV_pre_mood_pm(data)
```

example 2
data<-rnorm(n=30,m=0.3,sd=0.01)
PV_pre_mood_pm(data)</pre>

```
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
PV_pre_mood_pm(data)
```

Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-
central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by
using the function \$triangular_moments_3\$ for the moments greater
than -2 (in absolute value).

Description

Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the function $triangular_moments_3$ for the moments greater than -2 (in absolute value).

Usage

PV_pre_triang_3(data, years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates expressed as percentages.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
PV_pre_triang_3(data,10)
```

PV_pre_triang_dis	Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-
	central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by
	using the moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random
	variable "capitalization factor" U (which are obtained from the defi-
	nition of negative moment of a continuous random variable)

Description

Compute the present value of an annuity-due considering only non-central moments of negative orders. The calculation is performed by using the moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U (which are obtained from the definition of negative moment of a continuous random variable)

Usage

PV_pre_triang_dis(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates expressed as percentages.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85, 1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86) PV_pre_triang_dis(data,10)

triangular_moments_3 Compute the negatives moments (different from orders 1 and 2) of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X.

Description

Compute the negatives moments (different from orders 1 and 2) of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X.

Usage

```
triangular_moments_3(data,order)
```

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
order	The order of moment that should be computed.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
#example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
triangular_moments_3(data,3)
triangular_moments_3(data,4)
# example 2 - first 10 negative moments of fitted triangular distribution
#(an example from normal distributed simulated data)
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.75,sd=0.2)
triangular_parameters(data)
first10negmoments=rep(NA,10) #except first and second
for (i in 3:10) first10negmoments[i]=triangular_moments_3(data,i)
first10negmoments</pre>
```

triangular_moments_3_U

Compute the negatives moments (different from orders 1 and 2) of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U.

Description

Compute the negatives moments (different from orders 1 and 2) of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U.

Usage

```
triangular_moments_3_U(data,order)
```

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
order	The order of moment that should be computed.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
#example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
triangular_moments_3_U(data,3)
```

```
triangular_moments_3_U(data,4)
# example 2 - first 10 negative moments of fitted triangular distribution
#(an example from normal distributed simulated data)
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.75,sd=0.2)
triangular_parameters(data)
first10negmoments=rep(NA,10) #except first and second
for (i in 3:10) first10negmoments[i]=triangular_moments_3_U(data,i)
first10negmoments</pre>
```

triangular_moments_dis

Compute the negative moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X according to the definition (as integral).

Description

Compute the negative moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X according to the definition (as integral).

Usage

triangular_moments_dis(data,order)

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates as percentage.
order	The order of moment of the triangular distribution

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
# example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
triangular_moments_dis(data,1)
triangular_moments_dis(data,2)
triangular_moments_dis(data,3)
triangular_moments_dis(data,4)
# example 2 - first 10 negative moments of fitted triangular distribution
#(an example from normal distributed simulated data)
```

```
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.75,sd=0.2)</pre>
```

```
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```

```
triangular_parameters(data)
first10negmoments=rep(NA,10)
for (i in 1:10) first10negmoments[i]=triangular_moments_dis(data,i)
first10negmoments
```

triangular_moments_dis_U

Compute the negative moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U according to the definition (as integral).

Description

Compute the negative moments of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U according to the definition (as integral).

Usage

```
triangular_moments_dis_U(data,order)
```

Arguments

data	A vector of interest rates as percentage.
order	The order of moment of the triangular distribution

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
# example 1
data=c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
triangular_moments_dis_U(data,1)
triangular_moments_dis_U(data,2)
triangular_moments_dis_U(data,3)
triangular_moments_dis_U(data,4)
# example 2 - first 10 negative moments of fitted triangular distribution
#(an example from normal distributed simulated data)
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.75,sd=0.2)
triangular_parameters(data)
first10negmoments=rep(NA,10)
for (i in 1:10) first10negmoments[i]=triangular_moments_dis_U(data,i)
first10negmoments
```

triangular_parameters Compute the parameters and plot the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X.

Description

Compute the parameters and plot the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable X.

Usage

triangular_parameters(data)

Arguments

data A vector of interest rates.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
# example 1
data=c(0.00,-0.05,-0.05,-0.06,-0.06,0.02,-0.06,-0.05,-0.04,-0.05,
-0.03,-0.06,0.04,-0.05,-0.08,-0.05,-0.12,-0.03,-0.05,-0.04,-0.06)
triangular_parameters(data)
# example 2
data<-rnorm(n=200,m=0.75,sd=0.2)
triangular_parameters(data)
# example 3
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)</pre>
```

```
triangular_parameters(data)
```

triangular_parameters_U

Return the parameters of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U.

Description

Return the parameters of the fitted triangular distribution of the random variable "capitalization factor" U.

Usage

triangular_parameters_U(data)

Arguments

data A vec

A vector of interest rates expressed as percentage.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
triangular_parameters_U(data)
```

variance_drv	Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity using "dis-
	crete random variable" approach.

Description

Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity using "discrete random variable" approach.

Usage

```
variance_drv(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
variance_drv(data)
```

variance_post_mood_nm Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-immediate using the Mood et al. approximation and some non-central moments of negative order.

Description

Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-immediate using the Mood *et al.* approximation and some non-central moments of negative order.

Usage

variance_post_mood_nm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
variance_post_mood_nm(data)
```

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variance_post_mood_pm Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-immediate using the Mood et al. approximation and some non-central moments of positive order.

Description

Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-immediate using the Mood *et al.* approximation and some non-central moments of positive order.

Usage

variance_post_mood_pm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
variance_post_mood_pm(data)
```

<pre>variance_pre_mood_nm</pre>	Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-due using the
	Mood et al. approximation and some non-central moments of negative
	order.

Description

Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-due using the Mood *et al.* approximation and some non-central moments of negative order.

Usage

variance_pre_mood_nm(data,years)

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

Examples

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
variance_pre_mood_nm(data)
```

<pre>variance_pre_mood_pm</pre>	Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-due using the
	Mood et al. approximation and some non-central moments of positive
	order.

Description

Compute the variance of the present value of an annuity-due using the Mood *et al.* approximation and some non-central moments of positive order.

Usage

```
variance_pre_mood_pm(data,years)
```

Arguments

data	A vector X of interest rates.
years	The number of years of the income. Default is 10 years.

Author(s)

Salvador Cruz Rambaud, Fabrizio Maturo, Ana María Sánchez Pérez

```
# example 1
data = c(1.77,1.85,1.85,1.84,1.84,1.83,1.85,1.85,1.88,1.85,1.80,1.84,1.91,1.85,1.84,1.85,
1.86,1.85,1.88,1.86)
data=data/100
variance_pre_mood_pm(data)
```

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